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(54) Title: INTRON FUSION CONSTRUCT AND METHOD OF USING FOR SELECTING HIGH-EXPRESSING PRODUCTION CELL LINES

(57) Abstract: This invention relates to a DNA construct, methods of selecting for high-expressing host cells, a method of producing a protein of interest in high yields and a method of producing eukaryotic cells having multiple copies of a sequence encoding a protein of interest. In one method, stable clones capable of producing a high level of a product of interest are generated from one step of a direct selection immediately after transfection.

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INTRON FUSION CONSTRUCT AND METHOD OF USING FOR SELECTING HIGH-
EXPRESSING PRODUCTION CELL LINES

This application claims priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(e) from U.S. provisional application serial no. 60/426,095, filed November 14, 2002, which is herein incorporated by reference.

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

Field of the Invention

This invention relates to a DNA construct, a method of selecting for high-expressing host cells, a method of producing a protein of interest in high yields and a method of producing eukaryotic cells having multiple copies of a sequence encoding a protein of interest.

Description of Background and Related Art

The discovery of methods for introducing DNA into living host cells in a functional form has provided the key to understanding many fundamental biological processes, and has made possible the production of important proteins and other molecules in commercially useful quantities.

Despite the general success of such gene transfer methods, several common problems exist that may limit the efficiency with which a gene encoding a desired protein can be introduced into and expressed in a host cell. One problem is knowing when the gene has been successfully transferred into recipient cells. A second problem is distinguishing between those cells that contain the gene and those that have survived the transfer procedures but do not contain the gene. A third problem is identifying and isolating those cells that contain the gene and that are expressing high levels of the protein encoded by the gene.

In general, the known methods for introducing genes into eukaryotic cells tend to be highly inefficient. Of the cells in a given culture, only a small proportion take up and express exogenously added DNA, and an even smaller proportion stably maintain that DNA.

Identification of those cells that have incorporated a product gene encoding a desired protein typically is achieved by introducing into the same cells another gene, commonly referred to

as a selectable gene, that encodes a selectable marker. A selectable marker is a protein that is necessary for the growth or survival of a host cell under the particular culture conditions chosen, such as an enzyme that confers resistance to an antibiotic or other drug, or an enzyme that compensates for a metabolic or catabolic defect in the host cell. For example, selectable genes commonly used with eukaryotic cells include the genes for aminoglycoside phosphotransferase (APH), hygromycin phosphotransferase (hgy), dihydrofolate reductase (DHFR), thymidine kinase (tk), neomycin resistance, puromycin resistance, glutamine synthetase, and asparagine synthetase.

The method of identifying a host cell that has incorporated one gene on the basis of expression by the host cell of a second incorporated gene encoding a selectable marker is referred to as cotransfection (or cotransfection). In that method, a gene encoding a desired polypeptide and a selection gene typically are introduced into the host cell simultaneously. In this case of simultaneous cotransfection, the gene encoding the desired polypeptide and the selectable gene may be present on a single DNA molecule or on separate DNA molecules prior to being introduced into the host cells. Wigler *et al.*, Cell, 16:777 (1979). Cells that have incorporated the gene encoding the desired polypeptide then are identified or isolated by culturing the cells under conditions that preferentially allow for the growth or survival of those cells that synthesize the selectable marker encoded by the selectable gene.

The level of expression of a gene introduced into a eukaryotic host cell depends on multiple factors, including gene copy number, efficiency of transcription, messenger RNA (mRNA) processing, stability, and translation efficiency. Accordingly, high level expression of a desired polypeptide typically will involve optimizing one or more of those factors.

For example, the level of protein production may be increased by covalently joining the coding sequence of the gene to a "strong" promoter or enhancer that will give high levels of transcription. Promoters and enhancers are nucleotide sequences that interact specifically with proteins in a host cell that are involved in transcription. Kriegler, Meth. Enzymol., 185:512 (1990); Maniatis *et al.*, Science, 236:1237 (1987). Promoters are located upstream of the coding sequence of a gene and facilitate transcription of the gene by RNA polymerase. Among the eukaryotic promoters that have been identified as strong promoters for high-level expression are the SV40 early promoter, adenovirus major late promoter, mouse metallothionein-I promoter, Rous sarcoma virus long terminal repeat, and human cytomegalovirus immediate early promoter (CMV).

Enhancers stimulate transcription from a linked promoter. Unlike promoters, enhancers are active when placed downstream from the transcription initiation site or at considerable distances from the promoter, although in practice enhancers may overlap physically and functionally with promoters. For example, all of the strong promoters listed above also contain strong enhancers. Bendig, Genetic Engineering, 7:91 (Academic Press, 1988).

The level of protein production also may be increased by increasing the gene copy number in the host cell. One method for obtaining high gene copy number is to directly introduce into the host cell multiple copies of the gene, for example, by using a large molar excess of the product gene relative to the selectable gene during cotransfection. Kaufman, Meth. Enzymol., 185:537 (1990). With this method, however, only a small proportion of the cotransfected cells will contain the product gene at high copy number. Furthermore, because no generally applicable, convenient method exists for distinguishing such cells from the majority of cells that contain fewer copies of the product gene, laborious and time-consuming screening methods typically are required to identify the desired high-copy number transfectants.

Another method for obtaining high gene copy number involves cloning the gene in a vector that is capable of replicating autonomously in the host cell. Examples of such vectors include mammalian expression vectors derived from Epstein-Barr virus or bovine papilloma virus, and yeast 2-micron plasmid vectors. Stephens & Hentschel, Biochem. J., 248:1 (1987); Yates *et al.*, Nature, 313:812 (1985); Beggs, Genetic Engineering, 2:175 (Academic Press, 1981).

Yet another method for obtaining high gene copy number involves gene amplification in the host cell. Gene amplification occurs naturally in eukaryotic cells at a relatively low frequency. Schimke, J. Biol. Chem., 263:5989 (1988). However, gene amplification also may be induced, or at least selected for, by exposing host cells to appropriate selective pressure. For example, in many cases it is possible to introduce a product gene together with an amplifiable gene into a host cell and subsequently select for amplification of the marker gene by exposing the cotransfected cells to sequentially increasing concentrations of a selective agent. Typically the product gene will be coamplified with the marker gene under such conditions.

The most widely used amplifiable gene for that purpose is a DHFR gene, which encodes a dihydrofolate reductase enzyme. The selection conditions used in conjunction with a DHFR gene are the absence of glycine, hypoxanthine and thymidine (GHT) with or without the presence of methotrexate (Mtx). A host cell is cotransfected with a product gene encoding a desired protein

and a DHFR gene, and transfectants are identified by first culturing the cells in GHT -free culture medium that may contains Mtx. A suitable host cell when a wild-type DHFR gene is used is the Chinese Hamster Ovary (CHO) cell line deficient in DHFR activity, prepared and propagated as described by Urlaub & Chasin, Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA, 77:4216 (1980). The transfected cells then are exposed to successively higher amounts of Mtx. This leads to the synthesis of multiple copies of the DHFR gene, and concomitantly, multiple copies of the product gene. Schimke, J. Biol. Chem., 263:5989 (1988); Axel *et al.*, U.S. Patent No. 4,399,216; Axel *et al.*, U.S. Patent No. 4,634,665. Other references directed to co-transfection of a gene together with a genetic marker that allows for selection and subsequent amplification include Kaufman in Genetic Engineering, ed. J. Setlow (Plenum Press, New York), Vol. 9 (1987); Kaufman and Sharp, J. Mol. Biol., 159:601 (1982); Ringold *et al.*, J. Mol. Appl. Genet., 1:165-175 (1981); Kaufman *et al.*, Mol. Cell Biol., 5:1750-1759 (1985); Kaetzel and Nilson, J. Biol. Chem., 263:6244-6251 (1988); Hung *et al.*, Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA, 83:261-264 (1986); Kaufman *et al.*, EMBO J., 6:87-93 (1987); Johnston and Kucey, Science, 242:1551-1554 (1988); Urlaub *et al.*, Cell, 33:405-412 (1983).

To extend the DHFR amplification method to other cell types, a mutant DHFR gene that encodes a protein with reduced sensitivity to methotrexate may be used in conjunction with host cells that contain normal numbers of an endogenous wild-type DHFR gene. Simonsen and Levinson, Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA, 80:2495 (1983); Wigler *et al.*, Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA, 77:3567-3570 (1980); Haber and Schimke, Somatic Cell Genetics, 8:499-508 (1982).

Alternatively, host cells may be co-transfected with the product gene, a DHFR gene, and a dominant selectable gene, such as a neo^r gene. Kim and Wold, Cell, 42:129 (1985); Capon *et al.*, U.S. Pat. No. 4,965,199. Transfectants are identified by first culturing the cells in culture medium containing neomycin (or the related drug G418), and the transfectants so identified then are selected for amplification of the DHFR gene and the product gene by exposure to successively increasing amounts of Mtx.

As will be appreciated from this discussion, the selection of recombinant host cells that express high levels of a desired protein generally is a multi-step process. In the first step, initial transfectants are selected that have incorporated the product gene and the selectable gene. In subsequent steps, the initial transfectants are subject to further selection for high-level expression of the selectable gene and then random screening for high-level expression of the product gene. To identify cells expressing high levels of the desired protein, typically one must screen large numbers

of transfectants. The majority of transfectants produce less than maximal levels of the desired protein. Further, Mtx resistance in DHFR transformants is at least partially conferred by varying degrees of gene amplification. Schimke, Cell, 37:705-713 (1984). The inadequacies of co-expression of the non-selected gene have been reported by Wold *et al.*, Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA, 76:5684-5688 (1979). Instability of the amplified DNA is reported by Kaufman and Schimke, Mol. Cell Biol., 1:1069-1076 (1981); Haber and Schimke, Cell, 26:355-362 (1981); and Fedespiel *et al.*, J. Biol. Chem., 259:9127-9140 (1984).

Several methods have been described for directly selecting such recombinant host cells in a single step. One strategy involves co-transfected host cells with a product gene and a DHFR gene, and selecting those cells that express high levels of DHFR by directly culturing in medium containing a high concentration of Mtx. Many of the cells selected in that manner also express the co-transfected product gene at high levels Page and Sydenham, Bio/Technology, 9:64 (1991). This method for single-step selection suffers from certain drawbacks that limit its usefulness. High-expressing cells obtained by direct culturing in medium containing a high level of a selection agent may have poor growth and stability characteristics, thus limiting their usefulness for long-term production processes Page and Snyderman, Bio/Technology, 9:64 (1991). Single-step selection for high-level resistance to Mtx may produce cells with an altered, Mtx-resistant DHFR enzyme, or cells that have altered Mtx transport properties, rather than cells containing amplified genes. Haber *et al.*, J. Biol. Chem., 256:9501 (1981); Assaraf and Schimke, Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA, 84:7154 (1987).

Another method involves the use of polycistronic mRNA expression vectors containing a product gene at the 5' end of the transcribed region and a selectable gene at the 3' end. Because translation of the selectable gene at the 3' end of the polycistronic mRNA is inefficient, such vectors exhibit preferential translation of the product gene and require high levels of polycistronic mRNA to survive selection. Kaufman, Meth. Enzymol., 185:487 (1990); Kaufman, Meth. Enzymol., 185:537 (1990); Kaufman *et al.*, EMBO J., 6:187 (1987). Accordingly, cells expressing high levels of the desired protein product may be obtained in a single step by culturing the initial transfectants in medium containing a selection agent appropriate for use with the particular selectable gene. However, the utility of these vectors is variable because of the unpredictable influence of the upstream product reading frame on selectable marker translation and because the upstream reading frame sometimes becomes deleted during methotrexate amplification (Kaufman

et al., J. Mol. Biol., 159:601-621 (1982); Levinson, Methods in Enzymology, San Diego: Academic Press, Inc. (1990)). Later vectors incorporated an internal translation initiation site derived from members of the picornavirus family which is positioned between the product gene and the selectable gene (Pelletier *et al.*, Nature, 334:320 (1988); Jang *et al.*, J. Virol., 63:1651 (1989)).

A third method for single-step selection involves use of a DNA construct with a selectable gene containing an intron within which is located a gene encoding the protein of interest. See U.S. Patent No. 5,043,270 and Abrams *et al.*, J. Biol. Chem., 264(24): 14016-14021 (1989). In yet another single-step selection method, host cells are co-transfected with an intron-modified selectable gene and a gene encoding the protein of interest. See WO 92/17566, published October 15, 1992. The intron-modified gene is prepared by inserting into the transcribed region of a selectable gene an intron of such length that the intron is correctly spliced from the corresponding mRNA precursor at low efficiency, so that the amount of selectable marker produced from the intron-modified selectable gene is substantially less than that produced from the starting selectable gene. These vectors help to insure the integrity of the integrated DNA construct, but transcriptional linkage is not achieved as selectable gene and the protein gene are driven by separate promoters.

Other mammalian expression vectors that have single transcription units have been described. Retroviral vectors have been constructed (Cepko *et al.*, Cell, 37:1053-1062 (1984)) in which a cDNA is inserted between the endogenous Moloney murine leukemia virus (M-MuLV) splice donor and splice acceptor sites which are followed by a neomycin resistance gene. This vector has been used to express a variety of gene products following retroviral infection of several cell types.

A method for selecting recombinant host cells expressing high levels of a desired protein was previously described by the applicants in Lucas *et al.*, Nucleic Acid Research, 24, No. 9: 1774-1779 and U.S. Patent No. 5,561,053. That method utilizes eukaryotic host cells harboring a DNA construct comprising a selectable gene (preferably an amplifiable gene) and a product gene provided 3' to the selectable gene. The selectable gene is positioned within an intron defined by a splice donor site and a splice acceptor site and the selectable gene and product gene are under the transcriptional control of a single transcriptional regulatory region. The splice donor site is generally an efficient splice donor site and thereby regulates expression of the product gene using the transcriptional regulatory region. The transfected cells are cultured so as to express the gene encoding the product in a selective medium which may contain an amplifying agent for sufficient

time to allow cells having multiple copies of the product gene, or cells with a single (or multiple) copy of the gene in a chromosomal loci with high transcriptional activity to be identified.

Other fusion expression constructs have been developed. For example, a fusion of green fluorescent protein with the Zeocin-resistance marker construct has been created. Bennet, R.P. *et al.*, Biotechniques, 24(3):478-82, 1998 March. Such constructs were used to allow visual screening and drug selection of transfected eukaryotic cells.

In another example, human prothrombin was overexpressed in transformed eukaryotic cells using a dominant bifunctional selection and amplification marker. Herlitschka, Sabine E. *et al.*, Protein Expression and Purification, 8, 358-364, 1996 July. In this reference the marker consisted of the murine wild-type dihydrofolate reductase cDNA and the *E. coli* hygromycin phosphotransferase gene fused in frame. The gene of interest is connected, upstream, by the EMCV untranslated region to the fusion marker gene, forming a dicistronic transcription unit.

With the state of the art in mind, it is one object of the present invention to increase the level of homogeneity with regard to expression levels of stable clones transfected with a product gene of interest, by expressing fused selectable markers (*i.e.* DHFR and puromycin) and a protein of interest from a single promoter.

It is another object to provide a method for selecting stable, recombinant host cells that express high levels of a desired protein product, which method is rapid and convenient to perform, and reduces the numbers of transfected cells which need to be screened. Furthermore, it is an object to allow high levels of single and multiple unit polypeptides to be rapidly generated from clones or pools of stable host cell transfectants.

It is an additional object to provide expression vectors which bias for active integration events (*i.e.* have an increased tendency to generate transformants wherein the DNA construct is inserted into a region of the genome of the host cell which results in high level expression of the product gene) and can accommodate a variety of product genes without the need for modification.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

Accordingly, the present invention is directed to a DNA construct (DNA molecule) comprising a 5' transcriptional initiation site and a 3' transcriptional termination site, two selectable genes that have been fused into one open reading frame (preferably amplifiable genes) and a product gene provided 3' to the fused selectable genes, a transcriptional regulatory region

regulating transcription of both the fused selectable genes and the product gene, the fused selectable genes positioned within an intron defined by a splice donor site and a splice acceptor site. The splice donor site preferably comprises an effective splice donor sequence as herein defined and thereby regulates expression of the product gene using the transcriptional regulatory region.

In another embodiment, the invention provides a method for producing a product of interest comprising culturing a eukaryotic cell which has been transfected with the DNA construct described above, so as to express the product gene and recovering the product.

In a further embodiment, the invention provides a method for producing eukaryotic cells having multiple copies of the product gene comprising transfecting eukaryotic cells with the DNA construct described above (where the selectable fused genes are amplifiable genes), growing the cells in a selective medium comprising an amplifying agent(s) for a sufficient time for amplification to occur, and selecting cells having multiple copies of the product gene. After transfection of the host cells, most of the transfectants fail to exhibit the selectable phenotype characteristic of the protein encoded by either of the selectable genes, but surprisingly a small proportion of the transfectants do exhibit one or both of the selectable phenotype, and among those transfectants, the majority are found to express high levels of the desired product encoded by the product gene. Thus, the invention provides an improved method for the selection of recombinant host cells expressing high levels of a desired product, which method is useful with a wide variety of eukaryotic host cells and avoids the problems inherent in, and improves upon, existing cell selection technology.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

Figure 1 illustrates schematically the construction of the pSV.IPD. The gene for the protein of interest would be inserted at the polylinker site.

Figures 2-1 to 2-4 depict the nucleotide sequence of the pSV.IPUR plasmid used in constructing pSV.IPD (SEQ ID NO 1).

Figures 3-1 to 3-4 depict the nucleotide sequence of the pSV.ID plasmid used in constructing pSV.IPD (SEQ ID NO 2).

Figures 4-1 to 4-4 depict the nucleotide sequence of the pSV.IPD (SEQ ID NO 3).

Figure 5 illustrates schematically the plasmid, pSV.ID.VEGF, used as a control in Example 1.

Figure 6 illustrates schematically the plasmid, pSV.IPD.2C4, used in Example 1 (SEQ ID NO 4).

Figures 7-1 to 7-8 depict the nucleotide sequence of the pSV.IPD.2C4 plasmid used in Example 1.

Figure 8 depicts a FACS analysis of transiently transfected CHO cells with a GTP plasmid in 250ml spinner transfection. FACS analysis was performed 24 hours after transfection.

Figure 9 depicts the expression level of clones from traditional 10nM MTX selection. Cells were transfected with commercial transfection reagent and directly selected in 10 nM MTX. Individual clones were grown in a 96-well plate. Product accumulated for 6 days prior to ELISA.

Figures 10-1 and 10-2 depict the expression level of clones from 25 and 50 nM MTX direct selections, respectively, of SV40-based constructs derived from spinner transfection. The assay was performed the same as in Figure 9.

Figure 11 depicts the expression level of clones from 25 nM MTX direct selection of CMV-based construct derived from spinner transfection. The assay was performed the same as in Figure 9.

Figure 12 depicts the titer evaluation in Miniferm. Samples were collected every day and submitted to an HPLC protein A assay for titer.

Figure 13-1 to 13-7 depict the nucleotide sequence of the pCMV.IPD.Heterologous polypeptide (HP) plasmid used in Example 3.

Figure 14-1 to 14-8 depicts the nucleotide sequence of the pSV40.IPD.HP plasmid used in Example 3.

Figure 15 illustrates schematically the plasmid, pCMV.IPD.HP, used in Example 3.

Figure 16 illustrates a time line and titer comparison between a traditional selection and direct selection method described in Example 3. Equivalent titers are indicated horizontally across the illustration. For example, the titers for a 200/300nM SV40-plasmid traditional selection, 100nM SV40-plasmid direct selection and 25nm CMV-plasmid direct selection are roughly equivalent.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PREFERRED EMBODIMENT

Definitions:

The "DNA construct" disclosed herein comprises a non-naturally occurring DNA molecule or chemical analog which can either be provided as an isolate or integrated in another DNA molecule *e.g.* in an expression vector or the chromosome of an eukaryotic host cell.

The term "selectable gene" as used herein refers to a DNA that encodes a selectable marker necessary for the growth or survival of a host cell under the particular cell culture conditions chosen. Accordingly, a host cell that is transformed with a selectable gene will be capable of growth or survival under certain cell culture conditions wherein a non-transfected host cell is not capable of growth or survival. Typically, a selectable gene will confer resistance to a drug or compensate for a metabolic or catabolic defect in the host cell. Examples of selectable genes are provided in the following table. See also Kaufman, Methods in Enzymology, 185: 537-566 (1990), for a review of these.

"Fused selectable genes" as used herein refers to a DNA that encodes at least two selectable markers in the same open reading frame and inserted into an intron sequence.

TABLE 1
Examples of Selectable Genes and their Selection Agents

Selection Agent	Selectable Gene
Puromycin	Puromycin-N-acetyltransferase
Methotrexate	Dihydrofolate reductase
Cadmium	Metallothionein
PALA	CAD
Xyl-A-or adenosine and 2'-deoxycoformycin	Adenosine deaminase
Adenine, azaserine, and coformycin	Adenylate deaminase
6-Azauridine, pyrazofuran	UMP Synthetase
Mycophenolic acid	IMP 5'-dehydrogenase
Mycophenolic acid with limiting xanthine	Xanthine-guanine phosphoribosyltransferase
Hypoxanthine, aminopterin, and thymidine (HAT)	Mutant HGPRTase or mutant thymidine kinase
5-Fluorodeoxyuridine	Thymidylate synthetase
Multiple drugs <i>e.g.</i> adriamycin, vincristine or colchicine	P-glycoprotein 170
Aphidicolin	Ribonucleotide reductase
Methionine sulfoximine	Glutamine synthetase

β -Aspartyl hydroxamate or Albizziiin	Asparagine synthetase
Canavanine	Arginosuccinate synthetase
α -Difluoromethylornithine	Ornithine decarboxylase
Compactin	HMG-CoA reductase
Tunicamycin	<i>N</i> -Acetylglucosaminyl transferase
Borrelidin	Threonyl-tRNA synthetase
Ouabain	$\text{Na}^+ \text{K}^+$ -ATPase

The preferred selectable genes are amplifiable genes. As used herein, the term "amplifiable gene" refers to a gene which is amplified (*i.e.* additional copies of the gene are generated which survive in intrachromosomal or extrachromosomal form) under certain conditions. The amplifiable gene(s) usually encodes an enzyme (*i.e.* an amplifiable marker) which is required for growth of eukaryotic cells under those conditions. For example, the gene may encode DHFR which is amplified when a host cell transformed therewith is grown in Mtx. According to Kaufman, the selectable genes in Table 1 above can also be considered amplifiable genes. An example of a selectable gene which is generally not considered to be an amplifiable gene is the neomycin resistance gene (*Cepko et al., supra*).

As used herein, "selective medium" refers to nutrient solution used for growing eukaryotic cells which have the selectable gene(s) and therefore is deficient in components supplied by the selectable gene or includes a "selection agent". Commercially available media based on formulations such as Ham's F10 (Sigma), Minimal Essential Medium ((MEM), Sigma), RPMI-1640 (Sigma), and Dulbecco's Modified Eagle's Medium ((DMEM), Sigma) are exemplary nutrient solutions. In addition, any of the media described in Ham and Wallace, Meth. Enz., 58:44 (1979), Barnes and Sato, Anal. Biochem., 102:255 (1980), U.S. Patent Nos. 4,767,704; 4,657,866; 4,927,762; or 4,560,655; WO 90/03430; WO 87/00195; U.S. Patent Re. 30,985; or U.S. Patent No. 5,122,469, the disclosures of all of which are incorporated herein by reference, may be used as culture media. Any of these media may be supplemented as necessary with hormones and/or other

growth factors (such as insulin, transferrin, or epidermal growth factor), salts (such as sodium chloride, calcium, magnesium, and phosphate), buffers (such as HEPES), nucleosides (such as adenosine and thymidine), antibiotics (such as GentamycinTM drug), trace elements (defined as inorganic compounds usually present at final concentrations in the micromolar range), and glucose or an equivalent energy source. Any other necessary supplements may also be included at appropriate concentrations that would be known to those skilled in the art. The preferred nutrient solution comprises fetal bovine serum.

The term "selection agent" refers to a substance that interferes with the growth or survival of a host cell possibly because the cell is deficient in a particular selectable gene. Examples of selection agents are presented in Table 1 above. The selection agent preferably comprises an "amplifying agent" which is defined for purposes herein as an agent for amplifying copies of the amplifiable gene or causing integration of multiple copies of the amplifiable gene into the genome, such as Mtx if the amplifiable gene is DHFR. See Table 1 for examples of amplifying agents.

As used herein, the terms "direct selection" or "direct culturing" means the first exposure to selective conditions either without MTX or GHT or with MTX, and production of a heterologous polypeptide in an amount of about 250mg/l, 400mg/l, 600mg/l or 800mg/l up to about 1g/l or more.

As used herein, the term "transcriptional initiation site" refers to the nucleic acid in the DNA construct corresponding to the first nucleic acid incorporated into the primary transcript, *i.e.*, the mRNA precursor, which site is generally provided at, or adjacent to, the 5' end of the DNA construct.

The term "transcriptional termination site" refers to a sequence of DNA, normally represented at the 3' end of the DNA construct, that causes RNA polymerase to terminate transcription.

As used herein, "transcriptional regulatory region" refers to a region of the DNA construct that regulates transcription of the selectable gene and the product gene. The transcriptional regulatory region normally refers to a promoter sequence (*i.e.* a region of DNA involved in binding of RNA polymerase to initiate transcription) which can be constitutive or inducible and, optionally, an enhancer (*i.e.* a *cis*-acting DNA element, usually from about 10-300 bp, that acts on a promoter to increase its transcription).

As used herein, "product gene" refers to DNA that encodes a desired protein or polypeptide product. Any product gene that is capable of expression in a host cell may be used, although the methods of the invention are particularly suited for obtaining high-level expression of a product gene that is not also a selectable or amplifiable gene. Accordingly, the protein or polypeptide encoded by a product gene typically will be one that is not necessary for the growth or survival of a host cell under the particular cell culture conditions chosen. For example, product genes suitably encode a peptide, or may encode a polypeptide sequence of amino acids for which the chain length is sufficient to produce higher levels of tertiary and/or quaternary structure.

Examples of bacterial polypeptides or proteins include, e.g., alkaline phosphatase and β -lactamase. Examples of mammalian polypeptides or proteins include molecules such as renin; a growth hormone, including human growth hormone, and bovine growth hormone; growth hormone releasing factor; parathyroid hormone; thyroid stimulating hormone; lipoproteins; alpha-1-antitrypsin; insulin A-chain; insulin B-chain; proinsulin; follicle stimulating hormone; calcitonin; luteinizing hormone; glucagon; clotting factors such as factor VIIIC, factor IX, tissue factor, and von Willebrands factor; anti-clotting factors such as Protein C; atrial natriuretic factor; lung surfactant; a plasminogen activator, such as urokinase or human urine or tissue-type plasminogen activator (t-PA); bombesin; thrombin; hemopoietic growth factor; tumor necrosis factor-alpha and -beta; enkephalinase; RANTES (regulated on activation normally T-cell expressed and secreted); human macrophage inflammatory protein (MIP-1-alpha); a serum albumin such as human serum albumin; mullerian-inhibiting substance; relaxin A-chain; relaxin B-chain; prorelaxin; mouse gonadotropin-associated peptide; a microbial protein, such as beta-lactamase; DNase; inhibin; activin; vascular endothelial growth factor (VEGF); receptors for hormones or growth factors; integrin; protein A or D; rheumatoid factors; a neurotrophic factor such as bone-derived neurotrophic factor (BDNF), neurotrophin-3, -4, -5, or -6 (NT-3, NT-4, NT-5, or NT-6), or a nerve growth factor such as NGF- β ; platelet-derived growth factor (PDGF); fibroblast growth factor such as aFGF and bFGF; epidermal growth factor (EGF); transforming growth factor (TGF) such as TGF-alpha and TGF-beta, including TGF- β 1, TGF- β 2, TGF- β 3, TGF- β 4, or TGF- β 5; insulin-like growth factor-I and -II (IGF-I and IGF-II); des(1-3)-IGF-I (brain IGF-I), insulin-like growth factor binding proteins; CD proteins such as CD-3, CD-4, CD-8, and CD-19; erythropoietin; osteoinductive factors; immunotoxins; a bone morphogenetic protein (BMP); an interferon such as interferon-alpha, -beta, and -gamma; colony stimulating factors (CSFs), e.g., M-CSF, GM-CSF,

and G-CSF; interleukins (ILs), *e.g.*, IL-1 to IL-10; superoxide dismutase; T-cell receptors; surface membrane proteins; decay accelerating factor; viral antigen such as, for example, a portion of the AIDS envelope; transport proteins; homing receptors; addressins; regulatory proteins; antibodies; chimeric proteins such as immunoadhesins and fragments of any of the above-listed polypeptides.

The product gene preferably does not consist of an anti-sense sequence for inhibiting the expression of a gene present in the host. Preferred proteins herein are therapeutic proteins such as TGF- β , TGF- α , PDGF, EGF, FGF, IGF-I, DNase, plasminogen activators such as t-PA, clotting factors such as tissue factor and factor VIII, hormones such as relaxin and insulin, cytokines such as IFN- γ , chimeric proteins such as TNF receptor IgG immunoadhesin (TNFr-IgG) or antibodies such as anti-IgE. An example of an antibody that can be produced with the pSV.IDP plasmid (Figure 4) is anti-HER2 Neu antibody, 2C4, as provided in Example 1, *supra*.

The term "intron" as used herein refers to a nucleotide sequence present within the transcribed region of a gene or within a messenger RNA precursor, which nucleotide sequence is capable of being excised, or spliced, from the messenger RNA precursor by a host cell prior to translation. Introns suitable for use in the present invention are suitably prepared by any of several methods that are well known in the art, such as purification from a naturally occurring nucleic acid or *de novo* synthesis. The introns present in many naturally occurring eukaryotic genes have been identified and characterized. Mount, Nuc. Acids Res., **10**:459 (1982). Artificial introns comprising functional splice sites also have been described. Winey *et al.*, Mol. Cell Biol., **9**:329 (1989); Gatermann *et al.*, Mol. Cell Biol., **9**:1526 (1989). Introns may be obtained from naturally occurring nucleic acids, for example, by digestion of a naturally occurring nucleic acid with a suitable restriction endonuclease, or by PCR cloning using primers complementary to sequences at the 5' and 3' ends of the intron. Alternatively, introns of defined sequence and length may be prepared synthetically using various methods in organic chemistry. Narang *et al.*, Meth. Enzymol., **68**:90 (1979); Caruthers *et al.*, Meth. Enzymol., **154**:287 (1985); Froehler *et al.*, Nuc. Acids Res., **14**:5399 (1986).

As used herein "splice donor site" or "SD" refers to the DNA sequence immediately surrounding the exon-intron boundary at the 5' end of the intron, where the "exon" comprises the nucleic acid 5' to the intron. Many splice donor sites have been characterized and Ohshima *et al.*, J. Mol. Biol., **195**:247-259 (1987) provides a review of these. An "efficient splice donor sequence" refers to a nucleic acid sequence encoding a splice donor site wherein the efficiency of splicing of

messenger RNA precursors having the splice donor sequence is between about 80 to 99% and preferably 90 to 95% as determined by quantitative PCR. Examples of efficient splice donor sequences include the wild type (WT) ras splice donor sequence and the GAC:GTAAGT sequence of Example 3. Other efficient splice donor sequences can be readily selected using the techniques for measuring the efficiency of splicing disclosed herein.

The terms "PCR" and "polymerase chain reaction" as used herein refer to the *in vitro* amplification method described in US Patent No. 4,683,195 (issued July 28, 1987). In general, the PCR method involves repeated cycles of primer extension synthesis, using two DNA primers capable of hybridizing preferentially to a template nucleic acid comprising the nucleotide sequence to be amplified. The PCR method can be used to clone specific DNA sequences from total genomic DNA, cDNA transcribed from cellular RNA, viral or plasmid DNAs. Wang & Mark, in PCR Protocols, pp.70-75 (Academic Press, 1990); Scharf, in PCR Protocols, pp. 84-98; Kawasaki & Wang, in PCR Technology, pp. 89-97 (Stockton Press, 1989). Reverse transcription-polymerase chain reaction (RT-PCR) can be used to analyze RNA samples containing mixtures of spliced and unspliced mRNA transcripts. Fluorescently tagged primers designed to span the intron are used to amplify both spliced and unspliced targets. The resultant amplification products are then separated by gel electrophoresis and quantitated by measuring the fluorescent emission of the appropriate band(s). A comparison is made to determine the amount of spliced and unspliced transcripts present in the RNA sample.

One preferred splice donor sequence is a "consensus splice donor sequence". The nucleotide sequences surrounding intron splice sites, which sequences are evolutionarily highly conserved, are referred to as "consensus splice donor sequences". In the mRNAs of higher eukaryotes, the 5' splice site occurs within the consensus sequence AG:GUAAGU (wherein the colon denotes the site of cleavage and ligation). In the mRNAs of yeast, the 5' splice site is bounded by the consensus sequence :GUAUGU. Padgett, *et al.*, Ann. Rev. Biochem., 55:1119 (1986).

The expression "splice acceptor site" or "SA" refers to the sequence immediately surrounding the intron-exon boundary at the 3' end of the intron, where the "exon" comprises the nucleic acid 3' to the intron. Many splice acceptor sites have been characterized and Ohshima *et al.*, J. Mol. Biol., 195:247-259 (1987) provides a review of these. The preferred splice acceptor site is an efficient splice acceptor site which refers to a nucleic acid sequence encoding a splice

acceptor site wherein the efficiency of splicing of messenger RNA precursors having the splice acceptor site is between about 80 to 99% and preferably 90 to 95% as determined by quantitative PCR. The splice acceptor site may comprise a consensus sequence. In the mRNAs of higher eukaryotes, the 3' splice acceptor site occurs within the consensus sequence (U/C)₁₁NCAG:G. In the mRNAs of yeast, the 3' acceptor splice site is bounded by the consensus sequence (C/U)AG:. Padgett, *et al.*, *supra*.

As used herein "culturing for sufficient time to allow amplification to occur" refers to the act of physically culturing the eukaryotic host cells which have been transformed with the DNA construct in cell culture media containing the amplifying agent, until the copy number of the amplifiable gene (and preferably also the copy number of the product gene) in the host cells has increased relative to the transformed cells prior to this culturing.

The term "expression" as used herein refers to transcription or translation occurring within a host cell. The level of expression of a product gene in a host cell may be determined on the basis of either the amount of corresponding mRNA that is present in the cell or the amount of the protein encoded by the product gene that is produced by the cell. For example, mRNA transcribed from a product gene is desirably quantitated by northern hybridization or quantitative real-time PCR. Sambrook, *et al.*, Molecular Cloning: A Laboratory Manual, pp. 7.3-7.57 (Cold Spring Harbor Laboratory Press, 1989). Protein encoded by a product gene can be quantitated either by assaying for the biological activity of the protein or by employing assays that are independent of such activity, such as western blotting or radioimmunoassay using antibodies that are capable of reacting with the protein. Sambrook, *et al.*, Molecular Cloning: A Laboratory Manual, pp. 18.1-18.88 (Cold Spring Harbor Laboratory Press, 1989).

Modes for Carrying Out the Invention

Methods and compositions are provided for enhancing the stability and/or copy number of a transcribed sequence in order to allow for elevated levels of a RNA sequence of interest. In general, the methods of the present invention involve transfecting a eukaryotic host cell with an expression vector comprising both a product gene encoding a desired polypeptide and fused selectable genes.

Selectable genes and product genes may be obtained from genomic DNA, cDNA transcribed from cellular RNA, or by *in vitro* synthesis. For example, libraries are screened with

probes (such as antibodies or oligonucleotides of about 20-80 bases) designed to identify the selectable gene or the product gene (or the protein(s) encoded thereby). Screening the cDNA or genomic library with the selected probe may be conducted using standard procedures as described in chapters 10-12 of Sambrook *et al.*, Molecular Cloning: A Laboratory Manual (New York: Cold Spring Harbor Laboratory Press, 1989). An alternative means to isolate the selectable gene or product gene is to use PCR methodology as described in section 14 of Sambrook *et al.*, *supra*.

A preferred method of practicing this invention is to use carefully selected oligonucleotide sequences to screen cDNA libraries from various tissues known to contain the selectable gene or product gene. The oligonucleotide sequences selected as probes should be of sufficient length and sufficiently unambiguous that false positives are minimized.

The oligonucleotide generally is labeled such that it can be detected upon hybridization to DNA in the library being screened. The preferred method of labeling is to use ³²P-labeled ATP with polynucleotide kinase, as is well known in the art, to radiolabel the oligonucleotide. However, other methods may be used to label the oligonucleotide, including, but not limited to, biotinylation or enzyme labeling.

Sometimes, the DNA encoding the fused selectable genes and product gene is preceded by DNA encoding a signal sequence having a specific cleavage site at the N-terminus of the mature protein or polypeptide. In general, the signal sequence may be a component of the expression vector, or it may be a part of the selectable gene or product gene that is inserted into the expression vector. If a heterologous signal sequence is used, it preferably is one that is recognized and processed (*i.e.*, cleaved by a signal peptidase) by the host cell. For yeast secretion the native signal sequence may be substituted by, *e.g.*, the yeast invertase leader, alpha factor leader (including *Saccharomyces* and *Kluyveromyces* α-factor leaders, the latter described in U.S. Pat. No. 5,010,182 issued 23 April 1991), or acid phosphatase leader, the *C. albicans* glucoamylase leader (EP 362,179 published 4 April 1990), or the signal described in WO 90/13646 published 15 November 1990. In mammalian cell expression the native signal sequence of the protein of interest is satisfactory, although other mammalian signal sequences may be suitable, such as signal sequences from secreted polypeptides of the same or related species, as well as viral secretory leaders, for example, the herpes simplex gD signal. The DNA for such precursor region is ligated in reading frame to the fused selectable genes or product gene.

As shown in Figure 1, the fused selectable genes are generally provided at the 5' end of the DNA construct and are followed by the product gene (which would be inserted into the linker site). Therefore, the full-length (non-spiced) message will contain, for example, the PURO-DHFR fusion as the first open reading frame and will therefore generate PURO-DHFR protein to allow selection of stable transfectants. The full length message is not expected to generate appreciable amounts of the protein of interest as the second AUG in a dicistronic message is an inefficient initiator of translation in mammalian cells (Kozak, J. Cell Biol., **115**: 887-903 (1991)).

The fused selectable genes are positioned within an intron. Introns are noncoding nucleotide sequences, normally present within many eukaryotic genes, which are removed from newly transcribed mRNA precursors in a multiple-step process collectively referred to as splicing.

A single mechanism is thought to be responsible for the splicing of mRNA precursors in mammalian, plant, and yeast cells. In general, the process of splicing requires that the 5' and 3' ends of the intron be correctly cleaved and the resulting ends of the mRNA be accurately joined, such that a mature mRNA having the proper reading frame for protein synthesis is produced. Analysis of a variety of naturally occurring and synthetically constructed mutant genes has shown that nucleotide changes at many of the positions within the consensus sequences at the 5' and 3' splice sites have the effect of reducing or abolishing the synthesis of mature mRNA. Sharp, Science, **235**:766 (1987); Padgett, *et al.*, Ann. Rev. Biochem., **55**:1119 (1986); Green, Ann. Rev. Genet., **20**:671 (1986). Mutational studies also have shown that RNA secondary structures involving splicing sites can affect the efficiency of splicing. Solnick, Cell, **43**:667 (1985); Konarska, *et al.*, Cell, **42**:165 (1985).

The length of the intron may also affect the efficiency of splicing. By making deletion mutations of different sizes within the large intron of the rabbit beta-globin gene, Wieringa, *et al.* determined that the minimum intron length necessary for correct splicing is about 69 nucleotides. Cell, **37**:915 (1984). Similar studies of the intron of the adenovirus E1A region have shown that an intron length of about 78 nucleotides allows correct splicing to occur, but at reduced efficiency. Increasing the length of the intron to 91 nucleotides restores normal splicing efficiency, whereas truncating the intron to 63 nucleotides abolishes correct splicing. Ulfendahl, *et al.*, Nuc. Acids Res., **13**:6299 (1985).

To be useful in the invention, the intron must have a length such that splicing of the intron from the mRNA is efficient. The preparation of introns of differing lengths is a routine matter,

involving methods well known in the art, such as *de novo* synthesis or *in vitro* deletion mutagenesis of an existing intron. Typically, the intron will have a length of at least about 150 nucleotides, since introns which are shorter than this tend to be spliced less efficiently. The upper limit for the length of the intron can be up to 30 kB or more. However, as a general proposition, the intron is generally less than about 10 kB in length.

The intron is modified to contain the fused selectable genes not normally present within the intron using any of the various known methods for modifying a nucleic acid *in vitro*. Typically, the fused selectable genes will be introduced into an intron by first cleaving the intron with a restriction endonuclease, and then covalently joining the resulting restriction fragments to the fused selectable genes in the correct orientation for host cell expression, for example by ligation with a DNA ligase enzyme.

The DNA construct is dicistronic, *i.e.* the fused selectable genes and product gene are both under the transcriptional control of a single transcriptional regulatory region. As mentioned above, the transcriptional regulatory region comprises a promoter. Suitable promoting sequences for use with yeast hosts include the promoters for 3-phosphoglycerate kinase (Hitzeman *et al.*, J. Biol. Chem., 255:2073 (1980)) or other glycolytic enzymes (Hess *et al.*, J. Adv. Enzyme Reg., 7:149 (1968); and Holland, Biochemistry, 17:4900 (1978)), such as enolase, glyceraldehyde-3-phosphate dehydrogenase, hexokinase, pyruvate decarboxylase, phosphofructokinase, glucose-6-phosphate isomerase, 3-phosphoglycerate mutase, pyruvate kinase, triosephosphate isomerase, phosphoglucose isomerase, and glucokinase.

Other yeast promoters, which are inducible promoters having the additional advantage of transcription controlled by growth conditions, are the promoter regions for alcohol dehydrogenase 2, isocytochrome C, acid phosphatase, degradative enzymes associated with nitrogen metabolism, metallothionein, glyceraldehyde-3-phosphate dehydrogenase, and enzymes responsible for maltose and galactose utilization. Suitable vectors and promoters for use in yeast expression are further described in Hitzeman *et al.*, EP 73,657A. Yeast enhancers also are advantageously used with yeast promoters.

Expression control sequences are known for eukaryotes. Virtually all eukaryotic genes have an AT-rich region located approximately 25 to 30 bases upstream from the site where transcription is initiated. Another sequence found 70 to 80 bases upstream from the start of transcription of many genes is a CXCAAT region where X may be any nucleotide.

Product gene transcription from vectors in mammalian host cells is controlled by promoters obtained from the genomes of viruses such as polyoma virus, fowlpox virus (UK 2,211,504 published 5 July 1989), adenovirus (such as Adenovirus 2), bovine papilloma virus, avian sarcoma virus, a retrovirus, hepatitis-B virus and most preferably Simian Virus 40 (SV40) or cytomegalovirus (CMV), from heterologous mammalian promoters, e.g. the actin promoter or an immunoglobulin promoter, from heat-shock promoters, and from the promoter normally associated with the product gene, provided such promoters are compatible with the host cell systems. Promoters endogenous to the host cell system, such as the CHO Elongation Factor 1 alpha promoter may also be used.

The early and late promoters of the SV40 virus are conveniently obtained as an SV40 restriction fragment that also contains the SV40 viral origin of replication. Fiers *et al.*, Nature, 273:113 (1978); Mulligan and Berg, Science, 209:1422-1427 (1980); Pavlakis *et al.*, Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA, 78:7398-7402 (1981). The immediate early promoter of the human cytomegalovirus (CMV) is conveniently obtained as a *Hind*III E restriction fragment. Greenaway *et al.*, Gene, 18:355-360 (1982). A system for expressing DNA in mammalian hosts using the bovine papilloma virus as a vector is disclosed in U.S. 4,419,446. A modification of this system is described in U.S. 4,601,978. See also Gray *et al.*, Nature, 295:503-508 (1982) on expressing cDNA encoding immune interferon in monkey cells; Reyes *et al.*, Nature, 297:598-601 (1982) on expression of human β -interferon cDNA in mouse cells under the control of a thymidine kinase promoter from herpes simplex virus, Canaani and Berg, Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA, 79:5166-5170 (1982) on expression of the human interferon β 1 gene in cultured mouse and rabbit cells, and Gorman *et al.*, Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA, 79:6777-6781 (1982) on expression of bacterial CAT sequences in CV-1 monkey kidney cells, chicken embryo fibroblasts, Chinese hamster ovary cells, HeLa cells, and mouse NIH-3T3 cells using the Rous sarcoma virus long terminal repeat as a promoter.

Preferably the transcriptional regulatory region in higher eukaryotes comprises an enhancer sequence. Enhancers are relatively orientation and position independent having been found 5' (Lainins *et al.*, Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA, 78:993 (1981)) and 3' (Lusky *et al.*, Mol. Cell Bio., 3:1108 (1983)) to the transcription unit, within an intron (Banerji *et al.*, Cell, 33:729 (1983)) as well as within the coding sequence itself (Osborne *et al.*, Mol. Cell Bio., 4:1293 (1984)). Many enhancer sequences are now known from mammalian genes (globin, elastase, albumin, α -

fetoprotein and insulin). Typically, however, one will use an enhancer from a eukaryotic cell virus. Examples include the SV40 enhancer on the late side of the replication origin (bp 100-270), the cytomegalovirus early promoter enhancer (CMV), the polyoma enhancer on the late side of the replication origin, and adenovirus enhancers. See also Yaniv, Nature, 297:17-18 (1982) on enhancing elements for activation of eukaryotic promoters. The enhancer may be spliced into the vector at a position 5' or 3' to the product gene, but is preferably located at a site 5' from the promoter.

The DNA construct of the present invention has a transcriptional initiation site following the transcriptional regulatory region and a transcriptional termination region following the product gene (see, e.g., Figure 1). These sequences are provided in the DNA construct using techniques which are well known in the art.

The DNA construct normally forms part of an expression vector which may have other components such as an origin of replication (*i.e.*, a nucleic acid sequence that enables the vector to replicate in one or more selected host cells) and, if desired, one or more additional selectable gene(s). Construction of suitable vectors containing the desired coding and control sequences employs standard ligation techniques. Isolated plasmids or DNA fragments are cleaved, tailored, and religated in the form desired to generate the plasmids required.

Generally, in cloning vectors the origin of replication is one that enables the vector to replicate independently of the host chromosomal DNA, and includes origins of replication or autonomously replicating sequences. Such sequences are well known. The 2 μ plasmid origin of replication is suitable for yeast, and various viral origins (SV40, polyoma, adenovirus, VSV or BPV) are useful for cloning vectors in mammalian cells. Generally, the origin of replication component is not needed for mammalian expression vectors (the SV40 origin may typically be used only because it contains the early promoter).

Most expression vectors are "shuttle" vectors, *i.e.*, they are capable of replication in at least one class of organisms but can be transfected into another organism for expression. For example, a vector is cloned in *E. coli* and then the same vector is transfected into yeast or mammalian cells for expression even though it is not capable of replicating independently of the host cell chromosome.

For analysis to confirm correct sequences in plasmids constructed, plasmids from the transformants are prepared, analyzed by restriction, and/or sequenced by the method of Messing *et*

al., Nucleic Acids Res., 9:309 (1981) or by the method of Maxam *et al.*, Methods in Enzymology, 65:499 (1980).

The expression vector having the DNA construct prepared as discussed above is transformed into a eukaryotic host cell. Suitable host cells for cloning or expressing the vectors herein are yeast or higher eukaryote cells.

Eukaryotic microbes such as filamentous fungi or yeast are suitable hosts for vectors containing the product gene. *Saccharomyces cerevisiae*, or common baker's yeast, is the most commonly used among lower eukaryotic host microorganisms. However, a number of other genera, species, and strains are commonly available and useful herein, such as *S. pombe* (Beach and Nurse, Nature, 290:140 (1981)), *Kluyveromyces lactis* (Louvencourt *et al.*, J. Bacteriol., 737 (1983)), *kyarrowia* (EP 402,226), *Pichia pastoris* (EP 183,070), *Trichoderma reesia* (EP 244,234), *Neurospora crassa* (Case *et al.*, Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA, 76:5259-5263 (1979)), and *Aspergillus* hosts such as *A. nidulans* (Ballance *et al.*, Biochem. Biophys. Res. Commun., 112:284-289 (1983); Tilburn *et al.*, Gene, 26:205-221 (1983); Yelton *et al.*, Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA, 81:1470-1474 (1984)) and *A. niger* (Kelly and Hynes, EMBO J., 4:475-479 (1985)).

Suitable host cells for the expression of the product gene are derived from multicellular organisms. Such host cells are capable of complex processing and glycosylation activities. In principle, any higher eukaryotic cell culture is workable, whether from vertebrate or invertebrate culture. Examples of invertebrate cells include plant and insect cells. Numerous baculoviral strains and variants and corresponding permissive insect host cells from hosts such as *Spodoptera frugiperda* (caterpillar), *Aedes aegypti* (mosquito), *Aedes albopictus* (mosquito), *Drosophila melanogaster* (fruitfly), and *Bombyx mori* host cells have been identified. See, e.g., Luckow *et al.*, Bio/Technology, 6:47-55 (1988); Miller *et al.*, in Genetic Engineering, Setlow, J.K. *et al.*, eds., Vol. 8 (Plenum Publishing, 1986), pp. 277-279; and Maeda *et al.*, Nature, 315:592-594 (1985). A variety of such viral strains are publicly available, e.g., the L-1 variant of *Autographa californica* NPV and the Bm-5 strain of *Bombyx mori* NPV, and such viruses may be used as the virus herein according to the present invention, particularly for transfection of *Spodoptera frugiperda* cells.

Plant cell cultures of cotton, corn, potato, soybean, petunia, tomato, and tobacco can be utilized as hosts. Typically, plant cells are transfected by incubation with certain strains of the bacterium *Agrobacterium tumefaciens*, which has been previously manipulated to contain the product gene. During incubation of the plant cell culture with *A. tumefaciens*, the product gene is

transferred to the plant cell host such that it is transfected, and will, under appropriate conditions, express the product gene. In addition, regulatory and signal sequences compatible with plant cells are available, such as the nopaline synthase promoter and polyadenylation signal sequences. Depicker *et al.*, J. Mol. Appl. Gen., 1:561 (1982). In addition, DNA segments isolated from the upstream region of the T-DNA 780 gene are capable of activating or increasing transcription levels of plant-expressible genes in recombinant DNA-containing plant tissue. EP 321,196 published 21 June 1989.

However, interest has been greatest in vertebrate cells, and propagation of vertebrate cells in culture (tissue culture) has become a routine procedure in recent years (Tissue Culture, Academic Press, Kruse and Patterson, editors (1973)). Examples of useful mammalian host cell lines are monkey kidney CV1 line transformed by SV40 (COS-7, ATCC CRL 1651); human embryonic kidney line (293 or 293 cells subcloned for growth in suspension culture, Graham *et al.*, J. Gen Virol., 36:59 (1977)); baby hamster kidney cells (BHK, ATCC CCL 10); Chinese hamster ovary cells/-DHFR (CHO, Urlaub and Chasin, Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA, 77:4216 (1980)); dp12. CHO cells (EP 307,247 published 15 March 1989); mouse sertoli cells (TM4, Mather, Biol. Reprod., 23:243-251 (1980)); monkey kidney cells (CV1 ATCC CCL 70); African green monkey kidney cells (VERO-76, ATCC CRL-1587); human cervical carcinoma cells (HELA, ATCC CCL 2); canine kidney cells (MDCK, ATCC CCL 34); buffalo rat liver cells (BRL 3A, ATCC CRL 1442); human lung cells (W138, ATCC CCL 75); human liver cells (Hep G2, HB 8065); mouse mammary tumor (MMT 060562, ATCC CCL51); TRI cells (Mather *et al.*, Annals N.Y. Acad. Sci., 383:44-68 (1982)); MRC 5 cells; FS4 cells; and a human hepatoma line (Hep G2).

Host cells are transformed with the above-described expression or cloning vectors of this invention and cultured in conventional nutrient media modified as appropriate for inducing promoters, selecting transformants, or amplifying the genes encoding the desired sequences.

Infection with *Agrobacterium tumefaciens* is used for transformation of certain plant cells, as described by Shaw *et al.*, Gene, 23:315 (1983) and WO 89/05859 published 29 June 1989. For mammalian cells without such cell walls, the calcium phosphate precipitation method of Graham and van der Eb, Virology, 52:456-457 (1978) may be used. General aspects of mammalian cell host system transformations have been described by Axel in U.S. 4,399,216 issued 16 August 1983. Transformations into yeast are typically carried out according to the method of Van Solingen *et al.*, J. Bact., 130:946 (1977) and Hsiao *et al.*, Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. (USA), 76:3829

(1979). However, other methods for introducing DNA into cells such as by nuclear injection or by protoplast fusion may also be used.

In preferred embodiments the DNA is introduced into the host cells using electroporation, lipofection or polyfection techniques. In a particularly preferred embodiment, the transfection is performed in a spinner vessel as illustrated by Example 3 or in some other form of suspension culture. Transfection performed in a spinner vessel is also referred to as "spinner transfection". Culturing the cells in suspension allows them to reach a cell density of at least about 5×10^5 /ml and more preferably at least about 1.5×10^6 /ml prior to transfection. See Andreason, J. Tiss. Cult. Meth., 15:56-62 (1993), for a review of electroporation techniques useful for practicing the claimed invention. It was discovered that these techniques for introducing the DNA construct into the host cells are preferable over calcium phosphate precipitation techniques insofar as the latter could cause the DNA to break up and form concatemers.

The mammalian host cells used to express the product gene herein may be cultured in a variety of media as discussed in the definitions section above. The media is formulated to provide selective nutrient conditions or a selection agent to select transformed host cells which have taken up the DNA construct (either as an intra- or extra-chromosomal element). To achieve selection of the transformed eukaryotic cells, the host cells may be grown in cell culture plates and individual colonies expressing one or both of the selectable genes (and thus the product gene) can be isolated and grown in growth medium under defined conditions. The host cells are then analyzed for transcription and/or transformation as discussed below. The culture conditions, such as temperature, pH, and the like, are those previously used with the host cell selected for expression, and will be apparent to the ordinarily skilled artisan.

Gene amplification and/or expression may be measured in a sample directly, for example, by conventional Southern blotting, Northern blotting to quantitate the transcription of mRNA (Thomas, Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA, 77:5201-5205 (1980)), dot blotting (DNA or mRNA analysis), or *in situ* hybridization, using an appropriately labeled probe, based on the sequences provided herein. Various labels may be employed, most commonly radioisotopes, particularly ^{32}P . However, other techniques may also be employed, such as using biotin-modified nucleotides for introduction into a polynucleotide. The biotin then serves as the site for binding to avidin or antibodies, which may be labeled with a wide variety of labels, such as radionuclides, fluorescence, enzymes, or the like. Alternatively, antibodies may be employed that can recognize specific

duplexes, including DNA duplexes, RNA duplexes, and DNA-RNA hybrid duplexes or DNA-protein duplexes. The antibodies in turn may be labeled and the assay may be carried out where the duplex is bound to a surface, so that upon the formation of duplex on the surface, the presence of antibody bound to the duplex can be detected.

Gene expression, alternatively, may be measured by immunological methods, such as immunohistochemical staining of tissue sections and assay of cell culture or body fluids, to quantitate directly the expression of gene product. With immunohistochemical staining techniques, a cell sample is prepared, typically by dehydration and fixation, followed by reaction with labeled antibodies specific for the gene product coupled, where the labels are usually visually detectable, such as enzymatic labels, fluorescent labels, luminescent labels, and the like. A particularly sensitive staining technique suitable for use in the present invention is described by Hsu *et al.*, Am. J. Clin. Path., 75:734-738 (1980).

In the preferred embodiment protein expression is measured using ELISA as described in Example 1 herein.

The product of interest preferably is recovered from the culture medium as a secreted polypeptide, although it also may be recovered from host cell lysates when directly expressed without a secretory signal. When the product gene is expressed in a recombinant cell other than one of human origin, the product of interest is completely free of proteins or polypeptides of human origin. However, it is necessary to purify the product of interest from recombinant cell proteins or polypeptides to obtain preparations that are substantially homogeneous as to the product of interest. As a first step, the culture medium or lysate is centrifuged to remove particulate cell debris. The product of interest thereafter is purified from contaminant soluble proteins and polypeptides, for example, by fractionation on immunoaffinity or ion-exchange columns; ethanol precipitation; reverse phase HPLC; chromatography on silica or on a cation exchange resin such as DEAE; chromatofocusing; SDS-PAGE; ammonium sulfate precipitation; gel electrophoresis using, for example, Sephadex G-75; chromatography on plasminogen columns to bind the product of interest and protein A Sepharose columns to remove contaminants such as IgG.

The following examples are offered by way of illustration only and are not intended to limit the invention in any manner. All patent and literature references cited herein are expressly incorporated by reference.

EXAMPLE 1**2C4 production using the fusion construct expression vector**

Vectors related to those described by Lucas et al (Lucas BK, Giere LM, DeMarco RA, Shen A, Chisholm V and Crowley C. High-level production of recombinant proteins in CHO cells using a dicistronic DHFR intron expression vector. (1996) Nucleic Acids Res. 24(9), 1774-1779.), which contain an intron between the SV40 promoter and enhancer and the cDNA that encodes the polypeptide of interest, were constructed. The intron is bordered on its 3' and 5' ends, respectively, by a splice donor site derived from cytomegalovirus immediate early gene (CMVIE), and a splice acceptor site from an IgG heavy chain variable region (V_H) gene (Eaton *et al.*, *Biochem.*, 25:8343 (1986)). The splice sites selected provide slightly inefficient splicing such that only about 90% of the transcripts produced are intron free. Previous studies have demonstrated that when a selectable marker such as DHFR is integrated within this intron, as in the plasmid pSV.ID, marker gene transcription proceeds from any unspliced transcripts, providing a highly efficient means of maintaining linkage between the expression of the marker gene and the cDNA of interest as well as enhanced product expression relative to expression of the marker gene.

Vectors containing a murine puromycin/DHFR fusion sequence in the intron following the SV40 promoter elements were constructed by linearizing a pSV.IPUR plasmid, which contained the puromycin resistance gene in an intron following the SV40 promoter/enhancer (pSV.IPUR, Figures 1 and 2), with Hpa I immediately following the end of the puromycin ORF. A 564 bp PCR fragment containing the entire coding region for the murine DHFR gene was subsequently ligated into this linearized vector 3' of the puromycin resistance gene. The stop codon TAG between the puromycin resistance gene and the DHFR gene was deleted by site-directed mutagenesis resulting in a pSV.I plasmid containing a Puro/DHFR fusion gene within the intron of the expression cassette (pSV.IPD, Figures 1 and 4).

The cDNA of the Heavy chain (HC) and light chain (LC) sequences of an anti-HER2 Neu antibody, 2C4, were inserted into pSV.IPD as shown in Figure 6. The sequence of the resulting pSV.IPD.2C4 vector is shown in Figure 7. Data collected using the pSV.IPD.2C4 vector are shown in Table 2.

Additionally, a vector containing only a murine DHFR sequence within the intron (pSV.ID) was prepared. The DNA sequence for the pSV.ID vector is shown in Figure 3. The preparation of such vectors is disclosed in U.S. Patent No. 5,561,053, which is herein incorporated by reference. Into that vector, the HC and LC sequences of monoclonal antibodies to VEGF were inserted. The sequence of the resulting pSV.ID.VEGF vector is shown in Figure 5.

Plasmid DNA's that contained either the Puro/DHFR fusion sequences in the intron or murine DHFR alone preceding cDNA sequences for HC and LC of 2C4 and anti-VEGF, respectively were introduced into CHO DHFR minus cells by lipofection. Briefly, for transfection, 4 million CHO DUX-B11 (DHFR minus) were seeded in 10 cm plates the day before transfection. On the day of transfection, 4 ug DNA was mixed with 300 ul of serum free medium and 25 ul of polyfect from Qiagen. The mixture was incubated at room temperature for 5 to 10 minutes and added to the cells. Cells were fed with fresh glycine, hypoxanthine and thymidine-free (GHT-free) medium and twenty-four hours later, were trypsinized and selected in fresh GHT- free medium with 0 – 5 nM of methotrexate (MTX) in order to select for stable DHFR+ clones. Approximately 300 – 400 individual clones were selected in this first round of screening for measurement of protein expression levels. Clones from each vector which expressed the highest levels of antibody were then re-exposed to higher levels of methotrexate to affect a second round of gene amplification and selection. The screening process was repeated on all available clones, the highest of which were exposed to a third round of amplification. The methotrexate concentrations used during amplification using the pSV.ID-derived vector was 50 to 1000 nM in the 2nd round and 200 to 1000 nM in the 3rd round. These concentrations are typically required to achieve growth-limiting toxicity, which is required to achieve sufficient selective pressure for gene amplification. Concentrations required to reach this same degree of toxicity using the pSV.ID-derived vectors were remarkably lower.

The level of antibody expression was determined by seeding cells in 1 ml of serum-free F12:DMEM-based media supplemented with protein hydrolysate and amino acids in 24 well dishes at 3 X 10⁶ cells/ml or in 100 ul of similar media in individual wells of a 96 well plate. Growth media was collected after 3-4 days and titers were assayed by an ELISA directed towards the intact IgG molecule. In experiments where cells were not seeded at equal cell densities, a fluorescent measure of viable cell number was performed on each well in order to normalize expression data. An Intact IgG ELISA was performed on microtiter plates which used a capture

antisera directed to framework Fab residues common in both antibodies. Media samples were added to the wells followed by washing and a horseradish peroxidase labeled second antibody directed towards common framework Fc residues was used for detection.

Table 2 presents expression level distributions of clones isolated during each round of screening of anti VEGF clones, which resulted from transfection with the plasmid containing only the DHFR sequence in the intron (pSV.ID.aVEGF), and 2C4 clones that were created using the Puro/DHFR fusion sequence in the same intron (pSV.IPD.2C4). The distribution of expression levels seen in the case of anti VEGF is typical of the performance of the vector containing only the murine DHFR gene in the intron (pSV.ID). All isolates identified in the first and second rounds of screening have relatively low expression levels. In the initial selection round, no clones with expression above 5 were isolated. At least three rounds of amplification are required to identify clones capable of specific productivity greater than 50. The 2C4 clones were screened after the first exposure to methotrexate (0-2.5 nM) and the most productive of these were exposed to a second round of amplification in 10-25 nM MTX. Cells surviving this amplification were pooled and exposed to 3rd round amplification prior to selection for further screening. In contrast to the pSV.ID vector, using the pSV.IPD vector, clones with an expression level of up to 25 were identified even in the first round of screening. Clones with an expression level greater than 25 represented 95% of the population after their third round of amplification and screening.

The data from Example 1 indicates that use of the Puro/DHFR fusion protein as the selectable marker allows for faster, more efficient isolation of highly productive CHO clones using significantly lower levels of methotrexate. The data suggests that exposure to low concentrations and stepwise increments in methotrexate allow for the efficient initial selection of highly expressing clones and subsequent gene amplification. Exposure to excessively high concentrations of methotrexate or large incremental increases in exposure often does not yield increases in gene expression since cells rapidly acquire methotrexate resistance through non-gene amplification mechanisms. Importantly, the data also shows that the Puro/DHFR fusion protein provides an unexpectedly impaired activity of the DHFR gene product or an enhanced sensitivity to methotrexate, which results in a highly stringent initial selection step, and allows efficient gene amplification at concentrations of methotrexate not frequently associated with the acquisition of drug resistance through alternative mechanisms. The ability to select cells which have incorporated the plasmid either in the presence of puromycin or methotrexate, prior to initiating exposure to

methotrexate also provides a means of transferring this efficient system to DHFR (positive) host cells.

For Example 1 the structure of the expressed antibody has been extensively characterized. The proteins generated from the pSV.IPD are indistinguishable from the antibody produced by the pSV.ID vector, with no apparent increase of free heavy or light chain expressed by the pool.

TABLE 2. PERCENTAGES OF pSV.IPD.2C4 CLONES ISOLATED AT VARIOUS EXPRESSION LEVELS AFTER MTX EXPOSURE¹

Expression Level ²	pSV.ID.aVEGF 1st Rd	pSV.IPD.2C4 1st Rd	pSV.ID.aVEGF 3rd Rd	pSV.IPD.2C4 3rd Rd
<1	71	16	0	0
1-5	29	67	0	0
5-10	0	14	2	3
10-25	0	3	15	4
25-50	0	0	35	21
50-100	0	0	46	61
100-150	0	0	2	3

¹MTX concentration for Control SD vector = 0-10 nM 1st round, 50 –1000 nM 2nd round, 200-1000 nM, 3rd round. SD- Puro/DHFR vector = 2.5 nM 1st round, 25 nM 2nd round, 100 nM 3rd round.

² Expression levels are in mg/ml or (mg/ml)/Fluorescent Unit

This example demonstrate the general applicability of the Puro/DHFR fusion sequence for selection of highly productive recombinant cell lines following minimal exposure to MTX.

EXAMPLE 2

Recombinant protein production using a pSV.I construct containing DHFR and a fusion gene other than Puro

Constructs can also be produced that contain a fusion sequence of an alternative selectable marker and DHFR within an intron region as described in Example 1. For instance

starting with the vector pSVID, the coding sequences for the neomycin resistance gene (Neo), hygromycin resistance gene (Hygro), glutamine synthase (GS), thymidine kinase (TK) or zeocin (Zeo) could be inserted in frame with the start site of the murine DHFR sequence contained within the intron. The stop codon of this inserted gene would then be removed using site directed mutagenesis according to example 1. Depending upon the phenotype of the host cell selected, cells incorporating the plasmid could then be selected using either GHT-free or MTX containing media as described in examples 1-3 or using an appropriate quantity of the alternative selective agent. Gene expression by the resulting clones could then be amplified in the presence of increased levels of methotrexate.

EXAMPLE 3

Direct Selection with plasmids SV.IPD.HP and CMV.IPD.HP after spinner transfection

DP12 CHO cells were grown in growth medium with 5% FBS (fetal bovine serum) and 1X GHT (glycine, hypoxanthine and thymidine). The process typically took about 4 days. On day 1, cells were seeded at 4×10^5 /ml in 400 ml growth medium in a 500 ml spinner vessel and grown for 2 days at 37°C . On day 3, the exponentially grown cells were seeded at 1.5×10^6 cells/ml in a 250 ml spinner vessel containing 200 ml of growth medium plus 5% FBS and 1X GHT. The cells were grown for 1 to 2 hours at 37°C before transfection. During that time, serum-free growth medium and 1X GHT was warmed to 37°C . 400 μg plasmid construct DNA and 1 ml of Lipofectamine 2000[®] (Qiagen) were separately diluted into 25 ml of warm serum-free medium in 50 ml Falcon tubes. The solutions in the tubes were combined and incubated at room temperature for 30 minutes. The cells were then transfected with plasmid constructs pSV.IPD.HP and pCMV.IPD.HP, which constructs are illustrated in Figures 13 and 14, respectively. At the end of incubation, the cells were transfected by adding all 50 ml of the mixture of diluted plasmid construct and Lipofectamine 2000[®] to the 250 ml spinner vessel containing cells in serum-free medium, and the cells continued to grow at 37°C for about 24 hours. On day 4, 250 ml of transfected cells were centrifuged at 1000 rpm for 5 minutes to collect the pellet. The transfection efficiency was monitored by transfecting cells with a GFP plasmid followed by FACS analysis 24 hours after transfection. The transfection efficiency with this protocol was typically approximately 55 to 70 % in CHO cells as shown in Figure 8.

After the transfection, cells were centrifuged to collect the pellet. The pellet was then resuspended in growth medium containing methotrexate (MTX) ranging from 10 to 100 nM for either SV40 or CMV based constructs. Approximately 100 clones survived the direct selection. Cell growth medium was changed every 3 to 4 days. At approximately 2 weeks after transfection, individual clones were picked and grown in 96-well plates in growth medium containing MTX. Heterologous polypeptide expression levels were evaluated by ELISA. Figures 10-1, 10-2, and 11 show the results from 25 nM and 50 nM MTX selection. Figure 9 shows heterologous polypeptide expression levels of clones from a traditional 10 nM MTX selection where the cells were not transfected in a spinner flask.

It took about 1 week for cells to grow confluent in a 96-well plate. When they were confluent, the growth medium was removed and commercially available enriched cell culture medium (which includes 1x GHT but no MTX) was added into each well. On the day after adding the commercially available enriched cell culture medium, the plate was incubated at 33 °C for 5-6 days before performing an ELISA assay to quantitate the amount of humanized monoclonal antibody produced by the cells. ELISA was typically performed with serial dilutions of the commercially available enriched cell culture medium. Results from a humanized monoclonal antibody production were shown in Figures 9, 10-1, 10-2 and 11.

The four clones producing the greatest amount over 100 µg/ml of intact IgG based on direct selection at 25 nM MTX using a CMV-based construct were scaled up from a 96-well plate to a 6-well plate and then to a 10 cm plate. Cells were seeded at 3×10^5 /ml in 200 ml volume in a 250 ml spinner vessel in serum-free growth medium with 2 µg/ml human insulin and 1X Trace Elements (TE). Cells were initially passaged at either two- or three-day intervals with medium exchange. Then they were passaged at either three- or four-day intervals for about 6 weeks before bioreactor evaluation. At each passage time, cell viability and count number were monitored. To determine the cell growth after serum-free adaptation, a spinner vessel growth experiment was performed. Cells were seeded at 3×10^5 cells/ml into 400 ml of growth medium with 2 µg/ml recombinant human insulin and 1X TE in a 500 ml spinner vessel on day 1. On each day, packed cell volume (PCV) was monitored until day 5. PCVs reached between 0.4 % to 0.6% by day 4. Two serum-free adapted clones from 25 nM MTX selection with CMV-based construct were evaluated in bioreactors. Two liter bioreactors with commercially available

enriched cell culture medium were run for a total of 14 days. The data from the titer evaluation is shown in Figure 12.

An ELISA assay of clones surviving the direct selection shows that the best clones coming out of the method described in this example produce as much product of interest as highly amplified clones from a traditional method. See Figure 16. Evaluations of 2 clones from the direct selection shows that those clones produce about 1g/L of a product of interest in a bioreactor process. Since those clones were generated from one step of a direct selection immediately after transfection, it only takes about 5 to 6 weeks to generate a stable cell line producing 1g/L of a product of interest in a bioreactor leading to significant timeline reduction, about 3 months, which is critical for efficiency of product development.

The foregoing written specification is considered to be sufficient to enable one skilled in the art to practice the invention. The present invention is not to be limited in scope by the examples presented herein, since the exemplified embodiments are intended as illustrations of certain aspects of the invention and any functionally equivalent embodiments are within the scope of this invention. The examples presented herein are not intended as limiting the scope of the claims to the specific illustrations. Indeed, various modifications of the invention, in addition to those shown and described herein and which fall within the scope of the appended claims, may become apparent to those skilled in the art from the foregoing description.

CLAIMS

What is claimed is:

1. A method of producing a host cell capable of producing a product of interest, comprising:
 - transfected a host cell culture with a DNA construct comprising a transcriptional regulatory region, a fused selectable gene sequence and a gene encoding a product of interest;
 - directly culturing the transfected host cells in a selective medium;
 - allowing the host cells to grow in the selective medium for a sufficient time to allow amplification of gene encoding the product of interest to occur; and
 - selecting a host cell clone that is capable of producing at least about 250mg/l of the product of interest.
2. A method of claim 1 wherein the selective medium contains at least about 25nM methotrexate.
3. A method of claim 1 wherein the selective medium contains at least about 50nM methotrexate.
4. A method of claim 1 wherein the host cell is a CHO cell.
5. A method of claim 1 wherein the product of interest is a protein selected from the group consisting of an antibody, enzyme, hormone, lipoprotein, clotting factor, anti-clotting factor, cytokine, viral antigen, chimeric protein, transport protein, regulatory protein, homing receptor, and addressin; or a fragment of said protein.
6. A method of claim 1 wherein said product of interest is a humanized antibody.
7. A host cell produced according to the method of claim 1.

8. A method of producing a product of interest, comprising culturing a host cell produced according to the method of claim 1 under conditions suitable to cause expression of the product of interest in an amount at least about 250mg/l.
9. A method of claim 1 wherein the DNA construct comprises, in order 5' to 3':
 - a) a transcriptional regulatory region capable of regulating transcription of both the selectable gene and the product gene;
 - b) a transcriptional initiation site;
 - c) a fused selectable gene sequence positioned within an intron defined by a 5' splice donor site comprising a splice donor sequence such that the efficiency of splicing messenger RNA having said splice donor sequence is between about 80% and 99% as determined by PCR, and a 3' splice acceptor site;
 - d) a product gene encoding a product of interest; and
 - e) a transcriptional termination site.
10. The method of claim 9 further comprising recovering the product of interest from the culture.
11. A method of claim 9 wherein the transcriptional regulatory region capable of regulating transcription of both the selectable gene and the product gene is driven by a SV40 promoter.
12. A method of claim 9 wherein the transcriptional regulatory region capable of regulating transcription of both the selectable gene and the product gene is driven by a CMV promoter.

13. A cell culture composition comprising a host cell according to claim 9 and at least about 250mg/l of the product of interest.

14. A method of producing a host cell capable of producing at least about 250mg/ml of a product of interest comprising transfecting a host cell with a DNA construct comprising in order from 5' to 3':

a) a transcriptional regulatory region capable of regulating transcription of both the selectable gene and the product gene;

b) a transcriptional initiation site;

c) a fused selectable gene sequence positioned within an intron defined by a 5' splice donor site comprising a splice donor sequence such that the efficiency of splicing messenger RNA having said splice donor sequence is between about 80% and 99% as determined by PCR, and a 3' splice acceptor site;

d) a product gene encoding a product of interest; and

e) a transcriptional termination site;

wherein the transfection is performed in suspension culture.

15. A method of claim 14, wherein the DNA construct is introduced into the host cells by lipofection.

16. A method of claim 14 wherein said transfection is performed in a spinner vessel.

17. The method of claim 14 wherein the suspension culture has cell density of at least about 5×10^5 /ml at the time of transfection.

18. The method of claim 14 wherein the suspension culture has a cell density of at least about 1.5×10^5 /ml at the time of transfection
19. A method of claim 15 wherein the product of interest is selected from the group consisting of an antibody, enzyme, hormone, lipoprotein, clotting factor, anti-clotting factor, cytokine, viral antigen, chimeric protein, transport protein, regulatory protein, homing receptor, and addressin and a fragment of any of said product of interest.
20. A method of rapidly selecting a host cell producing a product of interest, comprising:
 - transfected a host cell culture with a DNA construct comprising a transcriptional regulatory region, a fused selectable gene sequence and a gene encoding a product of interest;
 - directly culturing the transfected host cells in a selective medium; and
 - allowing the host cells to grow in the selective medium for a sufficient time to allow amplification of gene encoding the product of interest to occur.

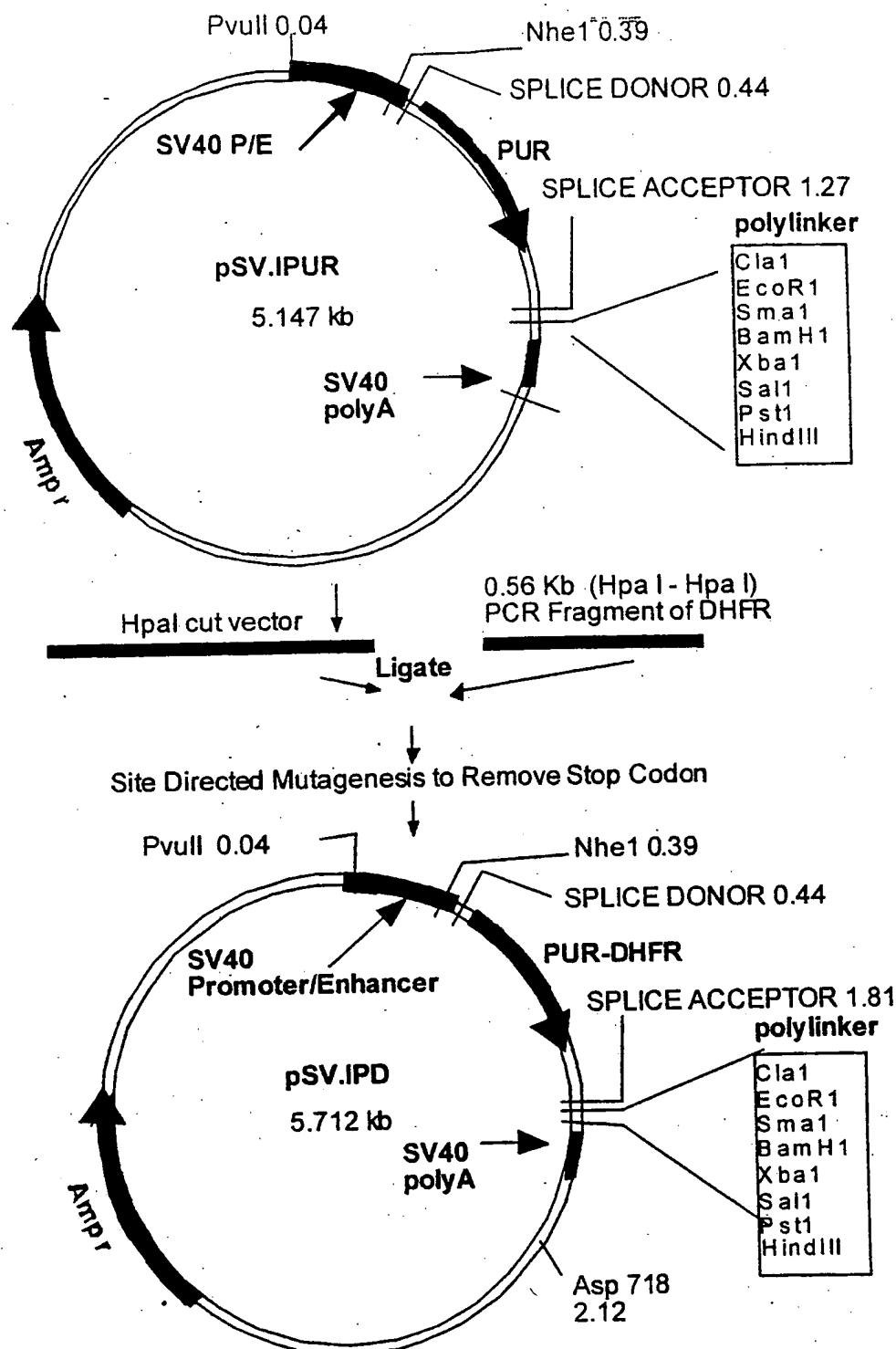


Figure 1. Construction of pSV.IPD Plasmid

Figure 2
PSV.IPUR
length: 5147 (circular)

Figure 2-1

1401 CATCACACAT TTGACACATA AACGTTTTC TCACTGCAT TCTAGTGTGCT ACTCATCAA GTCATCCTTAC AGGCTGGAA TGTGTCGAA CGATTCGUA
GTAGTGTTA AACTGTTTAT TTGCTAAAAA AAGTGAGCTA AGATCACAC CAAACAGCTT TGTGAGCTTA CATAAGATAG TACAGACCTA UCTAGCCCTT

1501 TAATTCGGC GCAGCACCATT GGCGTGAAT AACCTGTGAA AGAGGACATT GTTGTGGTAC CPTCTGAGC GGAAAGAACCC AGCAGTGAA TGTTGTCGAA
AATTAAGCG CGTGTGGTA CGGGTACTTA TTGGGACTTT TGTGAGCTT CCAATCCCTG GAAGACTCCG CCTTCTCTGG TCGCACCTT ACACACCTC
AATCCACAC CPTCTAGGG TCCTAGGGC CGTGTGGT CTCGGGGT CTCGGTCTT CTCAGCTTC GTACGTAGC TPAATAGTC GTCAGTCAAGG
GTCAGTCAAGG CTCAGCTTCG CCGTATGGCT GACTAATTTT TGTGAGCTT GCAGAGGGCG AGGGCCGCTC GGCCTCTGAG CTATTCCAGA ASTAGTGAGG AUGCTTGTG
GTTAAAGGC GGGTACCGA CTGATTTAA AAAATAATAA CGTCAGCTGC TCGCTCGGC TCGGGGGAG CGCGAGACTC GATAGGTCT TCACTACTC
TCGAGACTC TCACTACTC GTCAGTCAAGG CTCAGCTTCG CCGTATGGCT GACTAATTTT TGTGAGCTT GCAGAGGGCG AGGGCCGCTC GGCCTCTGAG
CTATTCCAGA ASTAGTGAGG AUGCTTGTG GTCAGTCAAGG CTCAGCTTCG CCGTATGGCT GACTAATTTCA CACCUCCAYAC
1701 CAGCAGGGAG AAGTAGGCAA AGCATGGCAT TCATTTAGTC AGCAACCATTA GTCAGGGCCC TAACTCCGCC CATCCGCC CTAACCTCCGC
CTTCGGTCCCTC TTCTAGCTT TCGTAGCTAG AGTTATTCAG TCGTTGGTAT CAGGGCGGG ATTGAGGGCGG GATAGGGGGG GATTCAGGGCG
AAATGTTGCA GCAGCTGACCC TTTCGGGACC GCAATGGTT
1801 CCATTCTCG CCCATGGCT GACTAATTTT TGTGAGCTT GCAGAGGGCG AGGGCCGCTC GGCCTCTGAG CTATTCCAGA ASTAGTGAGG AUGCTTGTG
GTTAAAGGC GGGTACCGA CTGATTTAA AAAATAATAA CGTCAGCTGC TCGCTCGGC TCGGGGGAG CGCGAGACTC GATAGGTCT TCACTACTC
TCGAGACTC TCACTACTC GTCAGTCAAGG CTCAGCTTCG CCGTATGGCT GACTAATTTT TGTGAGCTT GCAGAGGGCG AGGGCCGCTC GGCCTCTGAG
CTATTCCAGA ASTAGTGAGG AUGCTTGTG GTCAGTCAAGG CTCAGCTTCG CCGTATGGCT GACTAATTTCA CACCUCCAYAC
1901 GGAGGCCCTAG GCTTTGCGAA AAAGCTGTTA CTCAGGGCGG CGCCTCTTAAATT AAGGGCCGCC ATTTAACCTC TCGAGGTAAAC RGCTGTTGCAAC
CTTCGGGATC CGAAACAGCTT TTTCGAACTAAT GGAGCTCGCC GGCGAAATTAA TTTCGGGGGG TAAATTAGG ACCTTCATTG TCGACCGTGT ACCGGCAACA
2001 TTTCAGCTGTT CGTGTACTGGG AAAACCCCTGG CGTTACCCAA CTTRATGCGC TTGAGCPACA TCCCCCTTC GCGAGCTGGC GTRATAGCGA AGAGGCGG
AAATGTTGCA GCAGCTGACCC TTTCGGGACC GCAATGGTT
2101 ACCGATGCC CTCAGCAACA CTTCGGTAGC CTGAATGGCG AATGGGGCCCT GATGGGGTAT TTTCCTTA CGCCTCTGAG CGGTATTCTCA CACCUCCAYAC
TGGCTAGCGG GAGGGTGT CAACCCATCG GACTTACCGC TTACCGGGA CTACGCCATA AAAGAGGGAT GCGTAGACAC GCCATAAAAGT GTGGGTATU
2201 GTCAGGCAA CCTAGTGTAG CGCCCTGTAG CGGGCATTAA AGCGCGCGGG GTGTGGGGT TAGCGGAGC GTCACGCTA CACTGGCAG CUCCTTAAGC
CAGTTCTGTT GGTATCATGC GCGGAGACATC CGCCGGTAAAT CGACCCACCA ATTCGGCGGC CACTGGCGTAT GTGACGCTGC
2301 CGCGCTCTT TCGCTTCTT CCTCTCTT CTCGCCACGT TCGCCGGCTT TCCCGTAAAC GCTCTAAATC GGGGGCTCCC TTTCGGGTTT CGATTTTACT
GGCGGAGAA AGGGAAAGGA GGGAGGAAAGA AGGGCGGAA AGGGCGGAGT CGAGATTTAG CCCCCGAGGG AAATCCCAAG GCTAAATTCAC
2401 CTTTACGGCA CCTCGACCC AAAAAGCTG ATTTGGGTGA TGGTTCAGT AGTGGGGCAT CGCCCTGATA GACGGTTTTT CGCCCTTGA
GAAATGGCCCT GGAGCTGGGG TTTCACCTG AGAACAGGT TTGACCTTGT TGTGAGTTGG GATAGAGCCC GATAAGAAA CTAATAATTC CCTPARACGG
2501 CACSTCTCTT AATGGGGAC TCTTGTCTCA AACCTGAAACA ACACCTAACCC CTATCTGGG CTATTCTTT GATTATATAG GGATTTGGCC GATTTCCGCC
GTGCAAGAA TTTCACCTG AGAACAGGT TTGACCTTGT TGTGAGTTGG GATAGAGCCC GATAAGAAA CTAATAATTC CCTPARACGG
2601 TATTGGTAA AATATGAGCT GATTTAACAA AAATTAAGC CGAATTAAATA AGCTTAAATA CGTTTACAA TTTTATGGT CACTCTCTGTA
ATPACCAATT TTTCATGCA CTAAATGTT GCTTAAATT GCTTAAATT TGTCAATTAAAT TAAATACCC GTCAGACTCA TGTGAGCTA
2701 CTGATGCCGC ATAGTTAACG CAACTCCGGT ATCGCTACGT GACTGGGTCA TGGCTGGCC CCGACACCCG CCAACACCCG CTGAGGCC
GACTACGGGC TATCAATTG CGTGGGGCA TGGGGATGCC
2801 TGTCTGCTC CGCGATCCGC TTACAGACAA GCTGTGACCC TCTCCGGAG CTGGCTGTGTT CAGAGGTCTT CACCGTCTACG ACCGAAAGC
ACAGACGGAG CGCGTGGGG AATCTCTGTT CGACACTGGC AGAGGCCCTC GACGTACCA GTCTCCAAA GTGGCAAGTAG TGCTTCTGG CUCCTCGTCA
2901 ATTCCTGAG ACGBAAGGGC CTCGTGATAC GCCTTATTCTT ATAGGTTAAAT GTCATGATAA TAATGGCTT TTAAGGCCCA CGTUGACCTA
TAAGACTC TGTCTCCGC GAGRACTATG CGGATTTAAATA TATCCGATTA CAGTACTT ATTACCAAG AATCTGAGT CGACGTTAA AGCTTCTGG
3001 TGTGCGCGGA ACCCCTATT GTTATTCTT CAAATAACAT TCAAATATGTT ATCCGCTCAT GAGACATAA CCCTGATAAA TCTCTCAATA AUATTCGAA

Figure 2-2

Figure 2-3

4801 GTTATCCCTT GATTCTGTGG ATAACCGTAT TACCGCCTT GAGTGAGCTG ATACCGCTCG CCGCAGCCGA ACGACCGAGC GGAGCCAGTC AGTGAGCCAG
CAATAGGGAA CTAAAGACCC TATGGCATA ATGGGGAAA CTCACTCGAC TATGGCGAGC TGCTGGCTGC TTCACTCGCTCAG
4901 GAAGGGAAAG AGGGCCCAAT ACGCAAAACG CCTCTCCCCG CGCGTTGGCC GATTCAATTAA TCCAGCTGGC ACGACAGGTT TCCCGACTGG AAAGCUCGCA
CTTCGCCCTTC TCGCGGGGTA TGCGTTGGC GGAGGGGGC GCGCAACCCG CTAAGTAAAT AGGTGACCC TGCTGTCCAA AGGGCTGACC TTTCUGCCCGT
5001 GTGAGGCGAA CGCAATTAAAT GTGAGTTACC TCACTCATTA GGCAACCCAG GCTTTACACT TTATGCTTCC GGCTCGTATG TTGTGTTGGAA TTGTGTTGG
CACTCGCGTT GCCTTAATTAA CACTCAATGG AGTGAGTAAT CGTGGGGTC CGAAATGTGA AATACGAAGG CCGAGCATAC AACACACCTT AACACTCUCC
TATTGTTAAA GTGTGTCCCTT TGTCGATACT GGTACTAATG CTTAATT

>Length: 5147

Figure 2-4

Figure 3
PSV. ID
length: 5171 (circular)

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1 TTGCGAGCTCG CCCGAGATTG ATTATGGCT AGAGCTGATC GACAGCTGAG CAGTGTGT CAAATGGCT GTGGAAAGTC CCCAGGTCTCC CGAACGGTCA AAGAGGTCA
AAGCTGAGC GGGCTGTRAC TAATACTGA TCTCGAGCT CGTCAGACG CTTCAGACCA GTCATTCGA CACCTTCAG GGGCCGAGG GGTGTCGCT
101 GAACTATGCA AAGCATGCT CTCAAATTGAGT CAGAAACAGG GTGTTGAAAG CCCCAAGGGT CCCCAGGGT CAGAACTATG CAAGCAATGC ATTCCTTATTA
CTTCATAGT TTGCTAGTA GAGTTAATCA GTGTTGTCGTC GGGGTCCGA GGGGTGGTC GTCCTATAC GTTCTGAGC TAGACTTAAAT
201 GTCAGCAACC ATAGTCCCGC CCTCTAATTC GCCTCATCCCG CCCCTAACTC CGCCCAATCT CGCCCAATCT CGCTACTAAAT TTITTTTAAAT
CAGTGTTGG TATCAGGGC GGGATTGGG CGGGTAGGC GGGGTCAAG GGGGTAGA GGGGTAGA GGCGGGGTAC CGACTGTGTTA AAAAATAAA

301 TATGCAAGG CCGAGGCCGC CTCGGCCCTCT GAGCTATCC AGAAGCTTA GTCAGCTTA TAGAGCTAT AGGCCCCCCC CTGGCTCTA GAGAGATAATA
ATACGCTCC GGCTCGCGC ACGTAACTT QCCGCTAAGG GGACGGGTA CTCGATAGG TCTCTATCAC TCCTCCGAAA AAACCTCGG ATTCGAAAC GTTTCGAT CGAAATAGGCC
^ splice donor

401 CGGGGACGG TGCAATGGAA CGGGGATTC CCGGGCCAG AGTCACGTA GTCAGCTTA TAGAGCTAT AGGCCCCCCC CTGGCTCTA GAGAGATAATA
401 CGGGGACGG TGCAATGGAA CGGGGATTC CCGGGCCAG AGTCACGTA GTCAGCTTA TAGAGCTAT AGGCCCCCCC CTGGCTCTA GAGAGATAATA
GGCCCTTGCC ACGTAACTT QCCGCTAAGG GGACGGGTA CTCGATAGG TCTCTATCAC TCCTCCATTC ATTCGAGATA CTAAATCCCA TCTTGTGCA
^ splice donor

501 AGCCATGGAT TTATCCCCG GTGCCATCAT GTTGTGACCA TTGACTGCA TGTGCGCGGT GTGCCRAAT ATGGGATTTG GCAAGAACGAG AGACI "TAU" "U"
TGGATTCCTA AAATGGGG CTCGGTAGA CCAGCTGGT BACTGAGCT AGCGGGCA CAGGGTTTA TACCCCAAC CGTTCTTCCC "TCCTGGAT" "GGG
^ DHER ATG
601 TGCCCTCGC TCGGGACGC GTCAAGTAC TCCCRAGAA TGACCAAC CTCCTCAGTG GAAGGTRAC AGAATCTGGT GAATTAATGGT AUJAAACCC
ACGGGGGGC AGTCCTGCG CAGTCATCG AGGTTCCTT ACTGGTGTG GAGAGTCAC CTTCATTTG TCTTGTGCA CTAAATCCCA TCTTGTGCA
701 GGTTCCTCAT TTCTGGAGG ATTCGACCTT TTAGGACAG AAATTAATAATA GTTCTCAGTA GAGAACTCAA AGAACCCA CGAGGAGTC ATTTCTGAG
CCAAGGGTA AGGACTCTTC TTAGCTGAA ATTCCTGTC TTATTTAT CARAGCTAT CTCCTGAGT TCTTGTGGT GTCCTCTGAG TAAAGAGACU
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901 GCCATGAACT AACAGGCCA CCTAGACTC TTGTGACCA GGTCATGCA GGATTTGAA AGTGACAGT TTTCTCAGA ARTGTTGGT GUGGAATAATA
CGGTTACTAG TTGGTCCGGT GGATCTGAG AAACACTGTT CCTAGTACGT CCTTAACCT TCACCTGCA AAAAGGGTCT TTAACTAAAC CCCTTTATAAT
1001 AACCTCTCCC AGAAATCCA GGCCTCTCT CTGAGGTCCA GGAGGRAAA GGCATCAAST ATTAAGTTGA AGTCATCGAG AAGAAAGACI AACAGGAGA
TTGGGAGGG TTCTTCTGGT CGCAGGGAGA GACTCCGGT CCTCTCTTTT CCGTAGTTCA TATTAAACT TCAGATGCTC "TCCTCTGAA" "TCCTCTGAA" "END DHER
1101 TGCTTCAAG TTCTCTGCTC CCTCTCTAAA GCTATGCTT TTATATAGAC CATTGGACI TTGGCTGGCTT TAGACCCCT TUGCTTCGTT AACAUAGGGCA
ACGRAGTTTC AAGAGACG GGGAGGATT CGATACGTA AAATATTCTG GTACCTGAA AACGACGAA ATCTGGGGA ACCGAGCAA TCTTGCGCC
1201 TACATTTAT ACATACCTT ATGATATA CTCATAGTT TAGTGACAC TAYGAAATTA CATCCACTT GCCTTCTCT CLACAGATG UATTTAAT
ATGTTAATA TTGTTGGAA TACATAGTT GTGTTCTTA ATTCCTGNG APTCTCTGNG ATTCCTGNG ATTCCTGNG ATTCCTGNG ATTCCTGNG
1301 CAACCTGACCC TCGGGTCTAT CGATGAAATT CCCGGGGAT CCTCTAGATG CGACCTGGAG AAGCTTGGCC GCUAVGCCCC AACUTCTTTA TIGAAGCTTA
GTTGAGCTGG AGCCAGATA CCTAACTTA GGGGCCCTTA GGAGATCTCA GCTGGACGTC "TTGAACCGS CGGTACGGG "TTGAACNAAT" AACUTGCAAT
1401 TAATGGTTAC AAATAAGCA ATAGCATAC AAATTCAAA TTTTTACTT GCTTCTAGT TTGTTCTACTT GCTTCTACTT TTGTTCTACTT GCTTCTACTT

```

Figure 3-1

Figure 3-2

3201 CTCACCCAGA AACGCTGGT AATGTAAGA TCACTTGGGT GCACGCTGG GTTACATGA ACTGGATCTC AACAGGGGAA AGATCCT'GA
GAGTGGGTCT TTGCAACC TTTCATTTCTC AGTCRACCA CGTGCTCACCC CAATGTAATG TGACCTAGG TTGCGGCCAT TCTAGGAAC'

3301 GAGTTTCGC CCCGAGAAC GTTCCCAAT GATGAGCACT TTAAAGTTC 'TGCTATGGG CGGGTATT TCCCCTGATG ACGLGGGCA AGAGAACATC
CTCAAARAGG GGGCTCTG CAATAAGGTA CTACTCGTGA AAATTCAGG AGCATACCC GGCCTAAAT AGGGCACTAC TGGGCCCGT TCTCGTGA

3401 GGTCGGCGCA TACACTATTC TCGAAATGRC TTGGTTGAGT ACTCACCAGT CACAGRAAG CA'CTTACGG ATGGCATGAC AGTAAGAGA 'TTATCAGT'U
CCAGGGCTGT ATGTAATAG AGTCTTACTG ACCAACTCA TGAGTGGTCA GTGTCCTTTC GTAGATGCC TACCGTACTG TCATTCCTT AATACGTAC

3501 CTGCCATTAAC CATGAGTGAT AACACTGCGG CCACTTACT TCTACAACG ATCGGAGGAC CGAAGGGACT AACCGCTTTT TNSACAACAA TGGGGATCA
GACGGTATTG GTRACTACTA TTGTCGGCC GFTGTAATGA AGACTGTTGC TAGGCTCTTG GCTTCCTGCA TIGGGAAA AACGTGTTGT ACCCCCTAGI'

3601 TGTAACTCGC CTTGATGGT GGGAACCGGA GCTGAATGAA GCRATACCA ACCGACAGG TGACACAG ATGCAAGG CAATGGCAAC AACGTTGCU
ACATTAGCG GAACATGAA CCTTGGGCT CGACTTACTT CGGTATGGTT TGCTGTCGC ACTGTCGTCG TACGGTGTGCTG GTTACCGTTG TTGCAACGCG

3701 AACTATTA CTGGGGRACT ACTTACTTA GCTTCCCCGGC ACAAATTAAT AGACTGGATG GAGGGGATA AAGTGGAGG ACCAT'CTU CGCTGGGCC
TTTGATAATT GACCGCTGAA TGAATGAGAT CGAGGGGCC

3801 TTCCGGCTGG CTGGTTATT GCTGATAATACT CGTGGAGCCG GACTATGGAT GAGGAAATA GACAGATGCC TGAGATAGGT GCCTCACTGA TIAAGCATTG
GCATCAATAG ATGTCGTCG CCTCACTGAA TTGTTACCA CTGCTTATG ACTCTPACCA CGGAGGACT ATTGTAAAC CATTGAC CATTGAC

3901 CGTAGTATC TACGAGCGG GGAGTCGGC AACTATGGAT GAGGAAATA GACAGATGCC TGAGCTGGG TCTCGGGATA TCATTCGAG ACTGTAAC
AGGGGACCC GACCAATAA CGACTTAPTA GACCTCGGCC

4001 GACCAAGTTT ACTCAPATAT ACTTGTATT GATTTAAC 'TCAATTATA ATTAAAAGG ATCTAGTGA AGATCCTTT TGATAA'CTC ATGACAAAA
CTGGTTCAA TGAGTATAA TGAATCTTA CTAATTTG ACTAATAAT TAATTTCC TAGTCCACT TCTAGGAAA ACTATTAGAG TACTGGJ'IT

4101 TCCCCTAACG TGRGTTTCG TTICACTAGAG CGTCAGAAC CGTAGAAAG ATCAAAAGG ATCTGTTAGG TTCTCTGAG TCCTTTTTT CTGGCGTAA 'TC'GCTGCTT
AGGGGATTCG ACTCAAAAGC ARGGTGACTC GCACTCGGG GCACTCTTC TAGTTCCCA GAAGACTCT AGGAAAAA GACGGCATI' AGGGACGAA

4201 GCAACAAAA AACACCCCGC TACAGCGGT GCTTGTGTG CGTCAGAAC CGTCAGAAC CGCTGTTG AGAARAAGG TTCCATGAC CGAAGTCCTC 'TC'GCTGCTT

4301 CCAATACTG TCTTCTAGT GTAGCCCTAG TTAGGCCAAC ACTTCAGAAC TCACTTGGT GAGCATCTG CGGCCATGTA TGAGTCTG
GGTTTGAC AGGAATCA CATGGCATC ATTCGGTGG TCAAGTCTG TCAAGAGCA TAGTTACGG ATAAGGCCA CGGGTGGG TGAAACGGGG GH'ICG'IGAC
GAGGAGGTC ACCGGTATTG AGCACAGAAAT GCCCCAACCT GAGTTCTGT ATCAATGGC TATTCGGGT CGCCAGCCG ACTTGGCCC CAAGCAGT

4401 ACAGCCAGC TTGGAGCGAA AACCTCGCTT GCTGGATGTC GCTTGAATCTC ATGGATGTC CACTCGTAACT TGAGGATTG AGAAGGCC
TGTGGGGTGG AGCTTACG TACCTACGC TGAGGATTG AGAAGGCC ACGCTTCCG AAGGGGAAA GGGGGACG

4501 TATCGGTAA GCGGGAGGT CGGAAAGGA GAGCGCGAGA GGGAGCTTC AGGGGAAAC GCGTGGTATC TTATAGTCC TGTGGGT'TT GCGCAGT'U
ATAGGCATT CGCCCTCCA GCCTTCTCT CGTCGTTCT CGCTCGAGG TCCCCPTTGC CGGACCATAG AAATATCAGG ACAGCCAAA GCGGTGGGA

4601 GACTTGAGG TCGATTTTG TGATGTTGT CAGGGGGCG GAGCCTATGG AAAACCGCA GCACCGGGC CTTTACGG TTCCCTGCTT CUGCCCTG'U
CTRACTCGC AGCTTAAAC ACTTACAGCA GTTCCCCGGC CTGGTAAAC GAAATA'GCC CGPTGCGCC

4701 TTTTGCTCAC ATGTTCTTC CTGGTTATC CCTGTTACTC STGGAATACCG CTTGATGAGTAACT GAGGCGGAG CTTTACGG
AAACGAGTG TACAGAAAAG GAGCGTAAAG GAGCGTAAAG GAGCGTAAAG GAGCGTAAAG GAGCGTAAAG GAGCGTAAAG GAGCGTAAAG

4801 TTTTGCTCAC ATGTTCTTC CTGGTTATC CCTGTTACTC STGGAATACCG CTTGATGAGTAACT GAGGCGGAG CTTTACGG
AAACGAGTG TACAGAAAAG GAGCGTAAAG GAGCGTAAAG GAGCGTAAAG GAGCGTAAAG GAGCGTAAAG GAGCGTAAAG GAGCGTAAAG

4901 GAGGGAGCG AGTCAGTGTAG CGAGGAGCGG GAAGAGCGCC CTTAGCCAA ACCGCTCTC CCGGGCTT GCGCGATTC 'TTAA'CCAGC 'TC'GACJ'U

Figure 3-3

CTCGCGTGGC TGTGTCACTC GCTCCCTTCGC CTTCTGGCG GTATGGGT TGGGGAGAG GGGCGCAA CGGGCTAAGT AATTAGGTUG ACCGTTGCⁿC
5001 GGTGTTGGGA CTGGAAAGGG GGTAGTGAGC GCAAGGCAAT TATGTTGACT TACCTGACT ATTAGGACCC CCAAGGCTTA CACTTATGC TⁿTGGGGCⁿC
CCAAAGGGCT GACCTTCGC CGCTCAGTCG CGTTCGTTA ATTACATCA ATGGAGTGAG TAATCCGTTG GTGCCGAAT GTGAAATACG AACGCCGAG
5101 TATGTTGGT GGTATTGCA GCGGATAACA ATTACACACA GGAAACAGCT ATGACCATGTA TTACGAATTAA A
ATACAACACA CCTTRACACT CGCCATTGT TAACTGTGT CCTTGTGA TACTGGTACT ATGCTTAAT T
>length: 5171

Figure 3-4

Figure 4
psv.IPD
length: 5712 (circular)

Figure 4-1

CCCTAAACT TCACTGCCA AAAGGGTCT TTAACAAAC CCCTTTATAAT TIGGAGGGG TCTTATGGGT CGCGAGGAGA GACTCAGGG CTC'CT'CT''CT''CT
 1601 GGATCAAGT ATBAGTTGA AGTCTAGG AAGAACACT AACGTTAATC GCTCCCTCC TARAGCTATG CATTTTATA AGACCAGGG ACT'CT'CT'CT
 CGTAGTTCATA TATTCAACT TCACTGCCA TTCTCTTCGA TTECAATGCA CGAGGGGG ATTGGATAC GTAAATATC TCTGGTACCC TGAAAAGAC
 "End DFR"

1701 GCTTAGATC CCCTGGCTT CGTTAGAACG CAGCTACAT TAACTATA CCTTATGAT CATAACATA CGATTAGT GACACTATAG AIAACATCCA
 CGAAATCTAG GGGRACOGRA CAAACTTGC GTCTAGTGA ATTATGATAT GGAATACATA GTATGTATG TCTGTATATC TAT'CTGTATG
 1801 CTTGCCCTTT CTCTCCACG STGTCCACTC CCAGGTCCZA CTGCACTCG GTTPATCGA TTGAAATTCC CGGGGATCTC CTAAGCTCGA CCTGCAAGA
 GAAAGGAAAGAGTCGAGCAGCAAGATGAGT AACATRAGG GGCCTCTAGA GATCTAGCT GATCTAGCT GAGCTCAGT GGACGCTC
 1901 CTTCGANGC CGCCATGCCG CAACCTGTT ATTCGAGCTT AATAGCATCA CAATTCTAC AARTAAGCA TTTT'TTCAC
 GAGGGTACCG GGCTTACCGG TTTACCAAT GTTACCTG TATTCGACTT GTTAAACTG TTATTCGT AAAAABAG'G
 2001 TCTATCTAG TTGTGGTTG TCCAACTCTC TCAATGTC TATATGTC ACCCTACATG AACATGTCG ACCCTACATG AACCTGGCT
 ACTTAAGATC AACACCAAAC AGGTGTTGAGT AGTACATGAGT AACATGTCG ACCCTACATG AACATGTCG ACCCTACATG AACCTGGCT
 2101 CTGAAAGGGG AACTTGTTA GTTACCTCTT GAACTGGCTT GAGGGGAAA GAACCGAGCTG TGGATGTTG TCACTGGTGG
 GACTTTCTCC TTGACCAAT CTCATGGAAA CTTCGCGCTT CTTCGCGACAC ACCCTACACA CACTCAATC CACACCTTC AGGGGCGGA GGGGTGTC
 2201 CAGAAAGTATC AATAGCTGC ATTCATATAA GTCAGGACCC AGGTGGAA AGTCCCCAGS CTCCTTACAA GCAAGAAGTA 'GCAAGGCT
 GTCCTCATAC GTTGTGTTAG TAGTGTATAT CAGTCGTTGG TCCACACCTT TCACTGGTGG AGGGGGTGT CGCTCTCAT ACGTTCGTA CGTAGAGT'A
 2301 TAGTCAGAA CCATAGTCCC GGCCTCAACT CGGCCCATCC CGGCCCTAAC TCGGCCCTT TCGGCCCTT
 ATCAGTCGTT GTATCAGGG CGGGGATGA GGGGGTAGG GGGGGATGG AGGGGGGTAA AGGGGGGTAA AGGGGGGTAA AGGGGGGTAA
 2401 TTATGCGA GGCCTGGCC GGCCTGGCCG CTGAGTTAT CGAGAGTAG TGAGGAGGT TTITGGGG CCTAGCTTT TCCAAAAGC "U"Y"ACCTG
 AAATACGTCT CGGCTCCCG CGAGGCCGA GACTCTCGAA GTCCTCGAA ARARACCTC GGATCGAA ACGTTCGTA CGTAGAGT
 2501 AGCGCCGGT TAATTAAGGC GGCCTGGCTT ATTCCTGCA GTCAGCTTAC AACGTTGTA CTGGAAAAC CCYGGCTTA
 TOGCGGGCGA ATTATTCG CGGGTAAAT TTAGGAGTC CATTGCGAA CGGGGGGG CAGCAAAATC TTGCGCACT GACCCCTTTCG GGACCCAAAT
 2601 CCCACTTAA TCGCCTTGA GRCATCCC CCTGGTAAAT AGGGAAACT CCTGTAGGGG GGAAGGGTCA GGGCCTTCC
 GGGTGAATT AGGGAAACT CCTGTAGGGG GGAAGGGTCA GGGCCTTCC GGGGNGGT AGGGGAAGG GTGGTCAAG CATCGACCT
 2701 TGGCGATGG CGCGTGTATC GCTATTTCT CTTAGCGCT
 ACCGCTTACG GCGCGTACG CTTTAAAGGCGTAA GAGCGCCAT AAGGTGGC GTATSGAGTT TCTTGTGTT
 GAGCGCCG GAGCGCCG GTAGCGCTT CAGCGCTTACG CTCCTTCTG ACCCCAAAAA ACTGGGCG
 2801 CATTAGGC GGGGGGTG GTGGTACG GAGGGTGTAC CGCTACACTT GCGGCCCGC TAGGCCCGC TCCCTTCCTT CTC'CT'CT'CT
 GTATTGCGC CCCCCCACG CRCCATGCG CGTCCACTG GCGATGTAAGA CGGTGGGGG ATCGGGGGG AGGAAGGGAA AGAAAGGG
 2901 CACCTTCGGC GCTTTCCC GTCAAGCTT AATGGGGG CTCCCTTGTAG GGTTCGATTTAGTCTTCTTCTT
 GTGGAGGCS CGGAGGGG CAGGGAGGG TTAGGCGAA TCAAGGCTAA ATCAGGAAT CCAAGGCTAA ATCAGGAAT CAGGGGG
 3001 GTGTAGTGTG CAGCTAGTGG GCCTCGCC TGATAGCGS TTPTTCGCCC TTGAGCTTGTG GAGTCCAGT TCTTTATAG
 CCACCTACCA GTGCTACCC CGTAGCGGGG ACTPATCTGC AAAAGGGG AAACCTCAGC CTCAGGTGA AGAAATATC
 3101 GAAACACCT CAAACCTATC TGGGTATT CTTTGATT ATAGGGATT TGGCTTGTG CCGGCTTGTG
 CTGGTGTGAGGGGTTAG AGGGGATAG GAGCTTAA TATTCCTTA AGGGGTTAA CAATTCTTA CTGGACTTAA TCTGAGCTTAA
 3201 TAACCGCAT TTAACAAA TATAACGTT TACATTAA TGGTGCACCTC TCAGTACAAT CTCGCTGATG
 ATTCGGCTTA AAATTCGTTT ATAAATGCGA ATGTTAAAT ACCACGTGAG AGTACGTAA GACGAGACTA CGGCCTPATCA CGGCCTPATCA CGGCCTPATCA CGGCCTPATCA

Figure 4-2

3301	TACGTGACTT GGCGCCGAC ACCCGCCGAC CGGCCCTGAC GGGCTTGCT GCCTCCGGCA TCCGCTTACA GACAAGCTGT ATGCACTTC CCGATACGA
3401	GACCGCTCGA GGGAGCTGA TAGTGCTAGAG GTTGCTAGAG TCATCAGCA AACCGCGAG GCAGATTCT TGAAAGCAGA AGGGCCCTCT GATAGCCCTA CTGGCAAGG CCTCTGACGT ACAGACTTC CAAAGTGGC AGTAGTGCT AGTAGTGCT CGTCATAAGA ACTCTGCT TCCGGACCA CTATGGGAT
3501	TTTTATAGG TTAATGCTAT GATRATATG GTTCTTGA CGTCAGGG CACTTCTGG GGAATGTCG GCGAACCCG TATTGTTTAA TTTTTCTTAA AAAAATATCC AATTACAGTA CTATTATAC CAAAGATCT GCAGTCACCC GTGAAAAGCC CCTTACAGC CGCTTGGGG ATTAAACAAAT AAAAAGATTTT
3601	TACATTCAA TATGTCCTGG CTCATGAGAC ATTAAACCTG ATTAACTGCTT CAATATATTG GAAAGGAA CAGATGACT ATTCAACATT TTGGTGTGGC ATGTAAGTTT ATCATAGGC GAGTACTCTG TTATGGAC TAATTAGAA GTTATTATAA CTTTCTCTT CTICATACAGA CGGACATGCC
3701	CCTTATCCC TTTTTCGGG CATTTCCTT TCCTGTTTT GCTCACCGAG AAACGCTGGT GAAAGTAAAGA GATGCTGAAG ATCAGTTCGG TGCACAGAGT'L GCAATANGG AAAARGCC
3801	GTTACATG HACTGGATCT CAACGGGT AGAGCTCTG AGAGTTTG CCGCGAGA CGTTTCCCA TGTAGGAC TTTAAAGT CTUCTATGTC CGATGTCAGA GTTGTGCCA TTCTAGGAAC TCTCAAAAGC GGGCTCTT GCAAAGGTT ACTPCTGTT AAATTCRA GAGGATCAC
3901	GGCGGTTATT ATCCCGTGTAT GACGGGGGGG AAGAGCAACT CGESTGCGCCG ATACACTATT CTCAGATGA CTGAGTGGAG TACTCACRG TCACAGAAA CGGCCATATA TAGGGCACTA CTGGGGCG CTCCTGTTGA GCCAGGGG TATGTATAA GACTCTTACT GRACAAACT ATGAGTGTCTC AGTGTCTTTT
4001	GATCTTAAG CATGGCATGA CAGTAAAGA ATTATGCGT GCTGCCATAA CTCATGTTGA TAACATGTTA CGAGCTACT GTGACTTCG CGCACTTC TTCTGACAC GATCGGGGAA CCTCTGATG CTCACCTGACT GTCACTCTC TAATAGCTCA CGAGGTATTG CGTACTCTG CGTGTGATG AAGACTGTT CTAGCCCTCT
4101	CCGARGGGC TAACTGGTTT TTGCAACAC ATGGGGGATC ATGTAACCTCG CCTGTATCTG TGGAACCCG AGCTGAATGA AGCACTACCA AACGACTAA CGCTTCTCG ATTGGCAA AACCTGGTAA AACCTGGTAA AGCTCTGGC TCGACTACTG CGACTTGAAC TACACTGATG TTGTATGGT TTGTGTCTCG
4201	GTGCAACAC GATGCCAGCA GCAATGGCAAA CAACCTGCG CAACATATA ACAGGGAC TACTTACTCT AGCTCCGG CAACATTTAA TAGACTGATAT CGTGTGCTGT CTACGCTGCTG CGTACGCTGT CGTACGCTGT ATGAAATGAGA TCGAGGGCC GTGTTAATT ATCTGACCTA
4301	GGAGGGGGAT AAAGTGTGAG GACCACCTCT GGCCTGGGGC CTTCGGGCGS GCGGGTTTAT TCTGTATAAA TCTGAGGCCG GTGAGGCTGG GTCYCGGAGC CCTCCGGCTA TTTCAGCTC CTGGTGAAGA CGCAAGGGAC CGACAAATA AGGACTATT AGACCTGGC CACTGGCACC CAGAGGCCA
4401	ATCATTCGAG CACTGGGGC AGATGTGAG CCCTCCGTTA TCGTAGTAT CTCACAGGG CGGAGTGGG CAACTATGGA TGAACAAAT AGACAGATCG TGTGTGACTC GTTGTGTTTA TCTGTCTAGC
4501	CTGAGTAGG TGCCTACTG ATTAGCATT GTTACTGTC AGACCAAGT TACTTATGAT TCTATTTAA CTTCATTTTT AAATTAAGG GTCATGTTTCTG GTCATGTTTCTG GTCATGTTTCTG GTCATGTTTCTG
4601	GATCTGGTT AGATGCTTT TTGTATCTC TACGACCAA ATTCCCTTAC GCGAGTTTC GTTCCACTGA GGTAGAGACC CGTCAAGGCTCTGCTGG CCGTACAGAC GAACTGTAUC CTAGATCCAC TTCTAGCTC GTGACCCCCG GGGAGGGCAT AGCATCATTA GATGTGCTGC CCCTCATGTC GTTGTATACCT ACTGTCTTAA TTAAATTTTC
4701	TCTCTTGAG ATCCCTTTT TCTGGCGATA ATCTCTGCTT TGCAAAACAAA AAACCCGG CTACAGCGG TGGTTTGTGTT GCGGSGATCAA GAGCIPACCAA AGAGAAGCTC TAGGAAAAAA AGACCGCAT TAGGACCAA ACCTTTGGTT TTGGGGGC GATGGTGCC ACCAAACAA CCGGCTAGTT CTGATGTTT
4801	CTCTTTTCG GAGGTAACT GGTCTGAGA GAGGGCACTT ACCAATCTCT GTCCTTGTAG TGAGCCGTA GTCAGGCTAC ATCATGCCAT CTCGGGTT GTGAGGTTCT CGACATGCTC
4901	ACGGCTTACA TACCTGCTC TGCTPATCTT GTTACCGACTG GTTACCGACTG GTTACGTTA GTCGCTTCTT ACGGUTTG TGACTAAGACCC ATYAUUTTACKL' TGCGGTGTT ATGGGGAG
5001	GATAAAGGGC AGCGCTGGG CTGACGGGG GGTGCGTGGCA CAGAGCCGAG CITGGACCGAAG CAGACCTACCA CGGACGTTGAG AVACTTACAS CTCYACKLTTT

Figure 4-3

CTATTCGGC TCGGCAAGCC GACTTGGCCC CCBAGGCACGT GRTGCGGCC GAACTTCGGCT TGTCTGGATGT GGCTTGACTC TATGGATTC GCACTTGAA
 5101 GAGAAGGGC CRGCGTTCCC GAAGGGGAGA AGCGGGAGA AGATCCGGTA AGCGGGAGGG TCGGAACAGG AGAGCGACG AGGAGCGTC CAGGGGAA
 CTCCTTCGG GTGCGAAGGG CTTCCCGTCCTT TCGGCCCTTC CATAAGGCCAT TCGCGTCCC AGCCCTGGTCC TCTCGCGTGC TCCCTCGAG GTCCCCCTTCTT
 5201 CGCCCGGTAT CTTTATAGTC CTTGCGGGTT TGACTTGAGC GTGATTGTTT GTGATCTCG TCAGGGGGG GAGGCCTATG GAAAACGCC
 CGGACCAT AAGATATCG GAGAGCCCAA AGGGGTGGAG ACTGAACCG CAGCTAAAG CACTTGGAGC AGTCAAGGC AGTCTGGATAC CTTTGTGG
 5301 AGCAAGCGG CCTTTTAGC GTCTCTGGC TTPTGCTGC CTTTGCTCA CATGTTCTT CCTGGTTAT CCCCTGATC TGTTGATAAC CGYATTACCG
 TCGTTCGCC GGAARATGC CAAAGGCCG AATACGCCG GRABACGAGT GTACAGRAA GGACGCCATA GGACGCCATA ACACCTATG GCATAATGGC
 5401 CCTTGTAGTG AGCTGATACC GCTTCCGCCA CGCGAACGAC CGAGCGCAGC GAGTCAGTGA GCGAGGAAGC GGRAAGGGC CCAAATACGCA AACCGGCTCT
 GGAAATCAC TCGACGATGG CGAGCGGGGT CGGGTTTCG GCTGCGTGC CTCAGTCATC CGCTCCCTCG CCTCTCGGG GTTTATGCGT TTGGGGAGA
 5501 CCCCGGGGT TGGCGGATTC ATTAATCCRG CTGSCACCGAC AGGTTCGG AGCTGGAAGC GGGCAAGGAG GCGAACGCA TTAATGTGAG TTAATTCAC
 GGGGGCGCA ACCGGCTAAG TAATTAGGC TGACCTTGC TGCAAGGGC GACCGTGTG CCCGTRCTC GCGTGGCTT ATTACACTC ATGGAGTGA
 5601 CATTAGGCAC CCCAGGGTTT ACACTTATG CTTTGGC GATATTTGTG TGAATTGTG AGCGGATAAC AATTCAACAC TCGCCATTG TTAAGTGTG ATACTGGTAC
 GTAAATCGTG GGTCCGAA GTGAAATAC GAAAGGCCAG CATAAACAC ACCTTAACAC TCCCTTGTG TCCCTTGTG TCCCTTGTG TCCCTTGTG
 5701 ATTACGAAATT AA
 >length: 5712
 TAATGGCTAA TT

Figure 4-4

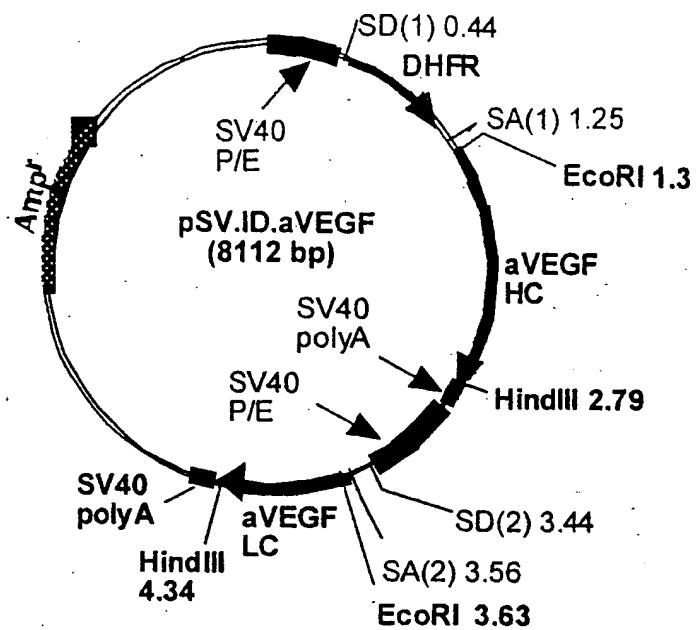


Figure 5, pSV.ID.aVEGF control plasmid

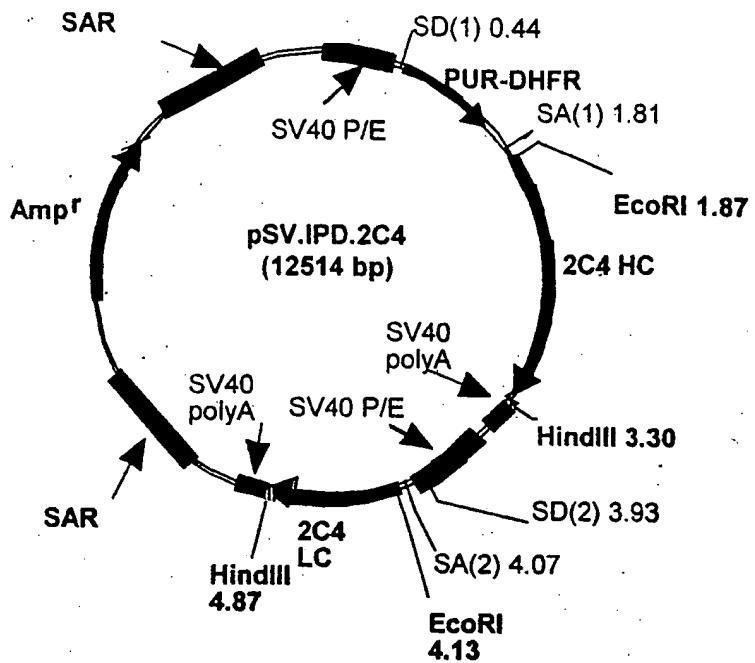


Figure 6. pSV.IPD.2C4

Figure 7
psv.IPD.2C4
length: 12514 (circular)

1 TTCGAGCTG CCCACATTC ATTATGACT AGAGTGGATC GRCAGCTGT GAATCTGTG CAGTAGGGT GTGGAAGTC CCAGGCCTCC CGAGCAGGA
AAGCTCGAGC 'GGGTGTAAC TAATACTGA TCTCGACTAG CTTACAGAAC CTTAACTCCA GTCACAGAAC CACCTTCAG GGTCGAGG GTCGTCCT
101 GBAAGTATCA AAGCATGCACT CTCATTAGT CAGCACCCAG GTGTTGAAAG TCCCAGSCT CCCAGCAGG CAGAGTATG CAAGCATGC ATCTCAATTA
CTTCATACGT TTGTCAGTA GAGTAAATCA GTCGTTGGTC CACACCTTC AGGGTGAGA GGGTGTGTC GTCTTCATAC GTTICGTAAG TAGAGT'AA
201 GTCAGCRACC ATPACTCCSC CCCCCTAACTCC GCCCATCCGG CCCCCAATTC CGCCCAACTCT CCCCAATCT CCGCCCATG GTCGACTAAAT TTGTTTTTTTT
CAGTCGTTGG TATCAGGGGG GGGGATTGAG CGGGTAAAG GCGGGTAAAG GCGGGTAAAG GCGGGTAAAG GCGGGTAAAG GCGGGTAAAG GCGGGTAAAG
301 TATGCCAGGG CGGAGGGCGC CTGGCCCTCT GAGCTTATCC AGAGTATG AGGAGCTTT TTTGGAGGCC TAGGCTTTG CAAAGGCTA GCTTATCCGG
ATATGCTTCC GGCCTCGGGC GAGGGGAGAAGA CTCGATAAGG TCCTTCATCA TCCTCGAAA AAACCTCGG ATCCGAAAC GTTPTCGAT CGAATAGCC
401 CCGGGAAGG TGATTTGAA CGGGGATTC CCGTCCAAAG AGTACGTTAA GTACGCTTA TAGAGGACT AGTCACCAT GACGAGTAC AGGCCACGG
GGCCCTGTGCA ACGTAACCTT GGCCTTAAGG GGCAGGGTTC TCACTGCAAT CATGGGGAT ATCTCGGTGA TCAGGTGTTA CAGCTCATG TTGGGGTSCC
501 TGGGCTCGC CACCCGGAC GAGCTCCGGC GGGCGTAAAG CACCCCTGCC GCGCGSTTCG CCGACTAACCC CGCACCGCC CACACGTTAG ACCCGGACCG
ACGGCGAGCG GTGGGGCTCG CTGCAAGGGG CCGGGCATCC GTGGGAGCGG GGGCGCAAGC GGCTGTGGGG GCGGTGGGG GTGGGGCATC TTGGGGCTUGC
601 CCACATCGAG CGGGTCAAGC ACTCTGAAA ACTCTTCCTC ACGGCGTTCG GGCTCGACAT CGGGAAAGGT TGGGGGRTG TGAGCGGTTCC CGCGAGCAAC
GGTCTAGTC GGCAGCTGGC TCACTGCTCT TGAAGGGAG TGGGGGGTGT TGGGGAGAT CGGGGGGCG ATGGGGGRTG TGAGCGGTTCC CGCGAGCAAC
701 GTCAGGACCA CGCCGGAGAG CGTCAAGAGC GGGGGGGGGTGT TGGGGAGAT CGGGGGGCG TACGGCTCA ACTCGCAAG GGCAGCGGG CGCGTCTG
CAGACGCTGGT GCGGCCCTC GCAGCTTCG CCGGGCAACA CCGGGCTCTA AGGGCGTCAAGA GGGGGGGGG AGGGGGGGGG TGGGGGGGG
801 AGATGAGG CCTCCGGGG CGGCACCGGC CAGAGGAGCC TGGGGCTTC TGGGGCTCC GCCCCACCC GAGGGCAGG CAGGGCAGG GTCGGGGCAG
TCPRACCTTC GGAGAACCGC GGCGTGGGG GGTTCCTGG GGCACCCAGG GAGGGCAGAG GGGGGGGGG GTCCCGTGGT GTCCCGTGGT CCAGACCCGG
901 CGCGTCTGTC CTCGGGGAG TGAGGGGGC CGAGCGGCC GCTCGCGCC CCCACCGGG GAGGGACCT CTCGAGGCC GCGGCAACC TCCCGTCTCA CGAGGGCG
GCGCGAGCAG GAGGGGGCT ACCTCGCCG GCGTCTCGCC GCGTCTCGCC GCGTCTCGCC GCGTCTCGCC GCGTCTCGCC GCGTCTCGCC
1001 CGCTTACCG TCAAGGGCA CGTCGAGTC CGAAGGAGCC GCGGAGCTG GTGCACTGCC CGCAAGGCC GTGCAACAT GTTGGACCA TTGAACCTGA
CGAAGGAGC AGTGGGGCT GCACTCGAGC GCGTCTCGCC GCGTCTCGCC GCGTCTCGCC GCGTCTCGCC GCGTCTCGCC GCGTCTCGCC
1101 TCGTCGCTGT GTCGAAAT ATGGGGATG CAGAACGG AGACCPACCC TGCCTCGCC TCAAGGAGCA GTCAGGACG CCAAGCTGGT AACCTGACCT
AGCAGGGCA CAGGGTTAAAC CGTCTCTGCC TCTGGATGGG AGGGGGGGC AGTGGGGCG AGTCTCTGCC CAGTCTGCC GAGTCTGCC
1201 CTCTTCAGTG GAAGGTAAC AGAATCTGGT GATTATGGGT AGGAAACCT CGTTCTCAT TCTGAAAG ATTCGACCTT TAAAGGACAG AATTAATA'A
GRGAAGTCAC CTTCATTG TCTAGACCA CTAATACCA TCCFTTGGG CCAAGGGTA AGGACTCTTC TTAGCTGGAA ATTCCTGRC TAAATTTA
1301 GTTCTAGTA GAGAACTORA AGAACACCA CGAGGAGCTC ATTTCCTGG CAAAGTTG CAGTAGCTT TAAGACTAT TGAACAAAC GAAATTGGCAAG
CAAGACTCAT CTCTGAGT TCTGGGGT GTCTCTGCC TAAAGAACG GTTTCACAAAC CTACTAGGA ATTCTGAATA ACTYGTGGC CTAAACGGTT
1401 GTRAAATGAGA CAGGGTGGG GCAAGTCTGT TTACCAAGGA GCCATGAATC ARCCAGGCC CCTTAAGGCC TTTGTGACAC TTTGTGACAA GGTCATAYA
CATTTCAATCT GTACCAACCG ATAGTCGGAG GCAAGTCTGT TTACCAAGGA GCCATGAATC ARCCAGGCC CCTTAAGGCC TTTGTGACAA GGTCATAYA
1501 GGAATTGAA AGTGACACGT TTTCCTCAGA ATTGATTTG GGGAAATA'A AACCCTCTCCC AGAATACCA GGGGTCTCT CTGAGGGTCCA CGAGGAAAAA

Figure 7-1

CCTAAACTT TCACTGTGCA AAAGGGTCT TTRACTAAC CCGTTATPAT TTGGAGGGGG TCCTATGGGT CCCGAGGAGA GACTCCAGGT CCTCCCTTTT¹¹

1601 GGCACTAAGT ATAAAGTGTG AGCTTAAGG ARGAAAGACT AACGTTAACT .GCTCCCTCC TAAAGCTATG CATTTTTATA AGACCATGGG ACTTTGCTG
CCGAGTTCA TATTCAAATC TCAAGATCTC TTCTTCTGA TTGCAATTGA CGAGGGAGG ATTTCGATAC GTRAAATAAT TCTGGTACCC TGAAAACGAC
^End DHFR

1701 GCTTAGATC CCCTGGCTT CGTTAGACG CAGCTACAT TAATACATAA CCTTATGAT CATAACATA CGATTAGGT GACACATAG RATAACATCC
CGAATCTAG GGGACCGAA GCAATCTGC GTCGATTT ATTATGTTT GGATACATA GTATGTAT GCTAATCCA CTGTGATATC TTATGTAAGG

1801 ACTTGCCTT TCTCTCCACA GTGTGCCACT CCCAGGTCCA ACTGGACCTC GTTCTATCG ATTGAATTC ACCATGGGT GGTCTATGAT GATCCCTTTT
TGAAACGAA AGAAGGTGT CACAGGTGA GGTTCCAGGT TGACGTGGAG CCGATAGTC TAATTAAGG TGGTACCCCA CGAATGATCA GTAGGAA

1901 CTAGTAGCA CTGGACTGG AGTACATCA GAAGTTCAGC TTGGGGAGTC CGGTCAAGG ACCACCTAG ACCGCCACCG GACCACTGC GTCCCCTGGAG TGAGCAACCTC
GATCATCGT GACGTGACC TCTCACTG ACCACCTAG ACCGCCATTC CGGACATTPAC ~Start 204 HCCoding
GRAGACCGAA GTGGAAGTGG CTGATATGGT ACCTGACCA GCACTGCGG GCGGATTC CGGTGGAGT GTTAATCCTA ACAGTGGCG
2001 CTCTGGCTT CACCTCACCA GACATACCA TGGACTGGGT CGGTCAAGGC CGGGTAAGG GCCTGGAATC GTTGGCAAGT GGTGGTCTA CAATTAAGGAT TTGTCACCGC
GGACCTCTT ATTTATGTC TCGTAACTG GGACCTCTCT TTCTACTTGA CTACTGGGT CAACTATATC CTGAGATGA ACAGCCTGGC ACTCCCTTT
GRAGATAGATA TTGCTGCGA AGTTCGGCA AAAGTGGAGC TCACAACTGT CTAGATTTT GTGTAATG GACCTCTACT TGTCGACGC AGACTCTCG
2101 ACTGCCGCTT ATTATGTC TCGTAACTG GGACCTCTCT TTCTACTTGA CTACTGGGT CAACTATATC CTGAGATGA ACAGCCTGGC ACTCCCTTT
TGACGGCGA TATAAACCG AGCATGGAC CCTGGAGAA AGATGAAACT GATGACCCA GTTCTCTGG ACCATGGCA GAGGGCGG AGGTGGTTC
2201 GCCCCATCGT CTTCCCCCTG GCAACCTCTT CCAAGAGCAC CTCIGGGGC ACAGGGCC TGGGTGCTT GTCAGGGAC TACTTCCCCG AACCGGGTGC
CGGTAGCCA GAAGGGAC CGTGGAGGA
2301 CCCTCTAGCA CCTGGGGCAC ACCCTGGGG CGCCACCAA GCCACCAAAC ACCRAGGGG ACRAAGAAGT TGAGCCCAA TCTTGTGACA
CCACGACCC TTGAGTGGC GGAGCTGGT GGGGGGGC TGAGGGGG ACCCTGGGG CGCCACCTAC TGATCTCACCG ACCGTCACCG TGTTCTCA
2401 GGTGCTGG AACTGAGCG CGCTGACCG ACCCTGGGG CGCCACCAA TGAACTCAA GCAAGGAGC TGGTGGTGG ACCGTCACCG TGTTCTCA
CCACGACCC TTGAGTGGC GGAGCTGGT GGGGGGGC TGAGGGGG ACCCTGGGG CGCCACCTAC TGATCTCACCG ACCGTCACCG TGTTCTCA
2501 CCCTCTAGCA CCTGGGGCAC CGAGACCTAC ATCTGAAAGG TGAACTCAA TGAACTCAA TGAACTCAA TGAGGAGT TGTTCTCA
GGGAGATGT CGAACCCCTG GETCTGGATG TAGACGTGTT ACTTAGTGTG TTGGTGGTGG ACCGTCACCG TGTTCTCA
2601 AACTCACAC ATGCCACCG TGGGGACCG CMGACTCTC TCTTCCTCC AAAACCGAG GAGACCCCTCA TGATCTCCCG
TTTGGTGTG TACGGTGGC AccGGTCTG GACTTGGAA CCCCCCTGGC AGTCAGAAGG AGAAGGGGG TTGGGGTTT CTGTTGGAGT ACTAGGGGC
2701 GACCCCTGAG GTCACTATGCG TGGGGTSGA CGTGGGCCAC GAGACCCCTG AGGICAAGTT CAACGCTAC GTGGACGGC TTGGGGTGC TAATCCAAAG
CTGGGACTC CGTGTAGGC ACCACCACT GCACTGGT CTCAGGGAC TCCAGTTCA GTGAGCATG CACCTGCACG ACTCCCTAGT ATTACGGTT
2801 ACAAAACCGC GGAGGAGCA GTACAACAGC AGTACCCGG TGGTCAGCTT CCACACCTC CTGGCACAGG ACTGGTGAAGG TACAAGTGC
TGTTCTGGCG CCCCCTCTGT CATGTGTCG TGATGGCCC ACCAGTCGA GGAGTGGAG GAGTCAGCTC TGAGGAGT TGTTCTAGT
2901 AGGRTCCAA CAAGACCTC CGAGCCCAA TGGAGAAC CATCTCCAA GCGAAAGGG AGCCCGAGA ACCACAGGT TACACCTGC CCCCATCTCC
TCCRAAGGGT GTTGGGGAG GTTGGGGGT AGCTCTTT GTAGAGGTT CGTTTCCCG TGTTCTC ATGTTGGACG GGGTAGGGC
3001 GGAGGAGATG ACCAGAACC AGGTCAAGCTT GACCTGCTG TGTTAGGCTT CGACATGCC CGAGTGGAGG TGTAGGGTGGG AGAGCAGATGG
CCTTCTCTAC TGGTCTGG TCACTGTGGA CTGAGCGAC CAGTTGGAGA AGTAGGGT GCGTAGGGG CACCTCACCC TCTCGTAACT CGTCGGGCTC
3101 AACACTACA AGCCACGCC TCCCGTGTG GACTCCGACG GCTCCCTCTT CCTCTACGG AACCTCAAGG TGGGAAGAG CAGGGGGCAG
TTGTTGATGT TCTGGTGGG AGGGACGAC CTGAGGGTGC CGAGGAGAA GAGATGTCG TTGAGGTGGC ACCTGTTCTC GTCCACCGTC GTCCCCCTTGC
3201 TCTPTCTATG CTCCGTGATG CATGGAGCTC TGCACACCCA CTACACGAG AAGAGCCCTCT CCCTGTCCTC GGTAAATGA GTGGACGCC
AGAAGAGAC GAGGAGTAC GAGGAGTAC GAGGAGGAG AGCTGGGGT GATGTCGGT TTCTGGAGA GGGACAGAGG CCCATTAACT CACCTGTGCC
GCATCTCAGC

Figure 7-2

3301 ACCTCAGRA GCTTCATGG CGGCCATGG CCRACTTGT TATIGRCGCT ACAAATTAAG CAATAAGTC ACAAAUTTC CAATAATAGC
TGGAGTCCT CGAAGTACCG GGGGTACCG ATAACGTCGA ATATTCACCA TGTTATTTG TTATCTAG TGTTAAAGT GTTTATTCG

3401 ATTPTTTCA CTGCACTCTA GTGTGGTT GTCAAACCT ATCATATGAT CTATCTATG CTGGATGGG ATTAAATCG GCGAGGACCG ATGGCCTGAA
TAAAAAAAGT GACGTAGAT CAAACCCAA CAGGTTGAG TAGTACATA GACCTAGCCC TTAAATAGC CGCGTCCTGG TAGCGGACT

3501 ATAACCTCTG AAAGGAAAC TTGGTATGGT ACCTTCTGAG GCGGAAGAA CCAGCTGGG AATGTTGTC AGTTGGGTG TGGAAAGTCC CAGGGCTCC
TATGGAGAC TTTCCTCTG AACCAATCCA TGGAAAGTC CGCCCTTCTT GGCGACRCC TTACACAG TCATCCAC ACCTTCTGG GGTTCGAGGG

3601 CAGCGGGCAG AAGTATGCAA AGCATGRTC TCAATTAGTC AGTTATCAG TCCTATGGT ACACCTTCA CCCAAGGCTG TGTGGAAAGT CCCAGGGG AGAAAGTATGC AAAGCATGCA
GTCGTCGTC TTCAATAGT TTGTACCTAG AGTTATCAG CCCATCCGG CCCTACTCCG CCCCAGTCC GGGTGTGGG GGGTGGGG
AGAGTTAATC AGTGTGGT ATCAGGGGG GGGTGTGGG GGGTGTGGG CCGGTTAAGG CGGTAGAG GACTGTATAA

3701 TCTCAATTAG TCAGCAACCA TAGTCCCCC CCTAACTCCG CCCATCCGG CCCTACTCCG GGGTGTGGG CCCATCTC CGCCCATGG CTGACTAATT
AGAGTTAATC AGTGTGGT ATCAGGGGG GGGTGTGGG CCGGTTAAGG CGGTAGAG GACTGTATAA

3801 TTTTTATTT ATGCGAAGGC CGAGGGCCC TCGCGCTCTG AGCTATCCA GAAGTAGTG AGGTTGGT TTGGAGACT AGGTTTGC AAAGAGCTAG
PARARATARA TACGTCTCCG GCTCGCAACCA AGCGGGAGAC TCGTAAAGT CTTCATCACT CCTCCGAAAA AACCTCTGA TCCGAAAAGC TTTCGATC

3901 CTTATCGGC CGGAAAGGGT GOATTGGAC GCGGATTCGC CGTGGCAAGA GTCAAGTAAAG TACCGCCTAT AGAGCTATA GGCCCAACCC CTGGCTTCG
GARTGGCCG GCCCTTGCCA CGTAACTCTG CGCCTAAGG GCACGGTTCT CAGTCATTC ATGGGGATA TCTCAGATAT CGCGTGGGG GACCGGAAGC

4001 TTAGACCGC GCTACATTAACCA TTGGATCG ATCCTACTGA CACTGACAT CACTTTCAC CACTTTCAC AGGTGCCCC TCCAGGTCC
AATCTTGCGC CGATGTAAAT TAGTATGG AAACCTPAGC TAGGATGACT GTGACTGTAG GTGAAAGAAA AAAAGAGGT TCCACAGSTG AGGTTCCAGG

4101 AACAGCACCT CGGTGGCGA AGCTAGCTG GGCTGCATCG ATTGAATTC ACCATGGGAT GGTCTATGTAT CATCTTTTT CTAGTACAA CTGAACTGG
TTGAGCTGGA GCGAAAGGCT TCGATGCAAC CGGACGTAGC TAATTAAGG TGGTACCTA CCAGTACATA GTAGGAAAAA GATCATGTT GACCTGACC
"Start LC coding"

4201 AGTACATTCA GATATCCAGA TGAACCCAGTC CGCGAGCTCC CTGTCGCGCT CTCGGGGGA TAGGGCTACCC ATCACCTGCA AGGCCAGTCA GGATGTCT
TCATGTAAGT CTATAGSTCT ACTGGGTGAG GGGCTCGAG GACAGGGGA GACCCCGCT ATCCCGTGG TAGGGACTGT TCCGGTAGT CCTAACACAGA

4301 ATTGGTGTG CCTGGATPCA AGAACARCCA GAAAAGTC GAAAGTACTG GATTAATCG GCTTCCTACCC GATACTGG AGTCCCTCTCCTG
TRACCAAGC GGACCATAGT TTGCTTGGT CCTTTCTGAG CTTATGAGC CTAATGAGC CGAGGTGGG CTATGTGACC TCAACTTGTG ACCTTGACCA
CTAGGCCAAG ACCCTGCTA RAGTGTAGCT GESTAGTCCTC AGRCGTGGT CTTCTGAAGC GTCAGTATR GACAGTTGT ATATATAAA TAGGAATGTC

4401 GATCCGCTTC TGGGAGGGAT TTCACTCTGA AGTACCTAT CCTCAAGAGG TCTGAGCTCG CAACCTTATA CTGTCACAA TATATATT ATTCCCTACAC
AGACACACA CGGACACTT ATTGAAGATA GGGTCTCTC GTTTCATG CTTCTCAC CTTACGGGG AGGTAGGCC ATTGGGGT CTCTCACACT

4501 GTTGTGACAG GGTACCRAGG TGGAGATCRA AGGAACTCTG GCTGCACCAT CTTCGCGCA TCTGTGAGGC AGTIGAAATC TGGAAACTGT
CRAACCTGTC CCATGGTCC ACCTCTAGT TTCTTGACAC CGAGGTGGT GACGAAAGTA GAAGGGGGT AGACPACTCG TCAACTTGTG ACCTTGACCA

4601 TCTGTGTGT GCGTGGTGAATACCTAT CCTCAAGAGG TCTGAGCTCG CAACCTTATA CTGTCACAA TAACTCCAG GAGGTGCTA
AGACACACA CGGACACTT ATTGAAGATA GGGTCTCTC GTTTCATG CTTCTCAC CTTACGGGG AGGTAGGCC ATTGGGGT CTCTCACACT

4701 CAGACAGGA CAGCAGGAC AGACCTACA GCTTCAGAG CACCTCTGAG CAGACTACGA GAAAACAAA GTCTAGGCT GCGAAGTC
GTCTGTCCT GTCTGTCCTG TCTGTGTGT CGGAGTGTG GTCAGTGTG CTCAGTGTG CTTCGTGTT CAGATCGGA CGCTTCAGTG

4801 CCATGAGGC CTGAGCTGC CGCTCAGAA GAGCTCAGAC AGGGAGAGT GTTACGGTCTC AGGGAGAGT GTCAGTGTG CTCAGTGTG
GGTAGTCCCG GACTGAGGC GGCAAGTGTG TCTGAGTGTG TCCCGCTCAGA CAGTGTGAGG CTACCGGGG TACCGGGTG AACAAATAAC GTCGAAATW

4901 TGGTACAAA TAAAGCAAA GCAATCACAA TTTCACAAAT AAAGCATT TTCTAGTGT GCTTGTCCA AACTCATCAA TGTATCTTA
ACCATGTTT ATTCTTCTAT CGTACGTTT AAAGTGTATA TTTCGTAAA AAGTGTACCT AAGTGTATA TTGTGTAGTT ACATAGATA

5001 CATGCTGGA TCGGGGATTA ATTGGGGCA GCAACCATGGC CTGAAATAAG TTAAACCTT GTGAAAGGG AACTTGGTTA GTTACGGACT AGTAGCAGG
GTCAGACACT AGCCCTTAAT TAAGCCCGT CGTGGTACCG GACTTTATTIC AAATTGGGA GACTTCTCC TTGAAACAAAT CCATGGCTGA TCACTGTC

Figure 7-3

5101 TCGCACCGCA CAGATCAAT ATTACAACT AGTCATCCTC CTTAGCAT AAAAGGTGA. AAATTACAT TTAAAATG ACCCATAGA CGATGTGAGA
AGCGGTGGT GTCAGTTA TRAATGTTA TCAGTAGTA GARATGTA TTTCACGT TTAAATGTA AAATTTAC TGTCATCTC GTTACATACT
5201 AAATATCTA CTGGAAATA AATCTAGGCA AAGAGTGC AGACTGTAC CCAGRAACT TACAATTT AAATGAGGG TTAGTGAGA TTAAATGAA
TTTATTTAGT GACCTTAT TTAGATCCGT TTCTTCAGGT TCTGAGATG GGTCCTTGA RTGTTAACAA TTACTCTCC ATTCATCTC AAATTACT
5301 TGAAGATCTA AATRACTA TAATTTGTA GAGAAATTAA TGATGTCATA AGTTAATGCA GAAACGGEA GRCATACAT ATTATGAAAC TAAAGACT
ACTTCAGAT TTATTTGAT ATTAAACAT CTCCTTAAT ACTTACAGAT TCAATTCAGT CTTGGCCCTCT CGTGTGATA TAATGACTG RTTTCGAA
5401 AAATTGGA AGCTTATCTC TTCTTCACA TAATTTGTA GTCAATATGT TCACCCCAA AAAGCTTT GTTACATG CAACCC'CAT TCAATGTA
TTATTAACAT TCCATATGA AGAAAGTGT ATTAAACAT CAGTATACA AGTGGGTTT TTTCGACAA CARTGAAAC GTTGGAGTAA AGTTTTCAT
5501 TATGAAAGC CCAAGACRA TAACAAAT ATTCTGTAG AACAAATGGT TCCACTAAAT ATCAAGATT AGACAAAGC ATGAGATG
ATATCTTCG GGTTCCTT ATTGTTTTA TAAGAACATC TTGTTTAC AGGTGATTA TAGTCTAA TCPCGTTCG TACTCTAC
5601 TGGGGATGAGA CAGTGGGCT GATAAATAG AGTAGAGCTC AGRAACAGAC CATTGATAT ATGTAAGTA CCTATGAAAA AAATATGGCA TTTCACATG
ACCCATCTC GTCACTCGA CTATTTC TCATCTCGAG TCCTTGTCG GCTAATCTA TAATCTACT GGATCTTT TTATACCGT AAATGTTAC
5701 GGAAATGAT GATCTTTTC TTCTTGTAGA AACAGGGAA ATATTTAT ATGTAALAA TAATTTAT ATCAATTAA TAAAGGAA CCCATATCTC ATTCCTTCTC
CCTTCTACTA CTGAAAG AACAAATCTT TTGTCCTCTT TATATAAA TAATTTAT ATTTCCTC GGTATACAG TAGTGTATG GTGTTTTT
5801 TTCCACTGAA TTATAGCTC AAATGGGAGA GGCBAARCTT TAATCTTTT AGAAATAT ATAGAGCT GGCATCATGAA CTTAGTGTAA GAGAAATT
AAGGCACCT AATTTCTGA TTACCTCTT CCGTTTGA ATTAGAAA TCTTTTATA TATCTCTGTA CGGTAGRACT GAGTCACAT CTCTTCTAA
5901 TCTTGTACT CAAAGCTCTA ACCACAAAGA AAGATGTTT AATTAGATG CATTGAAATTT AAAGCTTTT TTAAATTTA AAATCCATT AGAAAGTC
AGRAGACTGA GTTCAGGAT TTGTGTCTC TTCTAACAA TTATCTAAC GTACTTAA TTCTGATTA AAATTTTAT TTTCGGAA TTCTTTTCAG
6001 AGGCCATGAA ATGAGATGAA ATATTGCAAA CACCCAGTA AGAGAATG TAAATGAG ATTATAAAAA GAAGCTTAC BARTCAGTAA AATAAAAC
TCGGGTATCT TACTGTCTTT TTAAACCTT CTGGGGCTAT TTCTCTAAC ATTATAGTC TAATTTTTT TTCAAGATG TTAGTCTT TTITATTTG
6101 TAGACAAAA TTGGACAGA TGAAAGAA ACTCTAAATA ATCTTACAC ATGAAACT CAATCTGA AATCAGAA CTATCATGC ATATACACTA
ATCTGTTTT AAACCTCTCT ACCTCTCT TTGAGTTTAT TACTATGNG TACTCTG TGTTAGTCTC TTATGTCCTT GATGTAACG TATATGTTAT
6201 AATPGAGAA ATATTAAGG GCTTAGTAAC ATCTGTGGCA ATATTGATGG TATATACCT TGATATGATG TGATGAGAC AGTACTTAC CCCATGGCT
TTAATCTCTT TATATTTTC CGATTCTTG TAGACCGT TATAACTAGC ATATATGGAA ACTATACAC ACTACTCTG TCATGAAATG GGTATCCCGA
6301 TCCCTCCAA ACCCTACCC CAGTAAAT CATGAAAT ATCTTAAAC CTTATCTAA CCAGTACTCC TCAAAACTG CAAGGTCTC ATATACACTA
AGGGGGGT TTGGATGGG GTCATTTA GTACTGTTA TTGTTAATGG GATATGATT GGTCATGAGG AGTTTGACR GTTCCAGTAG
6401 AAAATTAAGA AAGCTGAG GAACCTCAA FCTAAAGG AACCAAGA GACATGAGA TTATATGAA TTGTCGATTC TGATGAGAT CCCGAAACAG
TTTTTATCTC TTTCAGACTC CTGGGTCTC CTGACTCTT AAATACATT ACACGTAAG ACTACTCTA GGTCCTGTC
6501 AAAAGGACA GTAGCTAAA AACTATGAA TTATTAATAA AGTTGAGCT TTAGTTTTT TTAAATGAA GTAGGTTAA CACGGAAAG TCATTTCT
TTTTCTGT CATGTTTTT TTGTTACTT TTAAACTGA AAATCAAAA ATTCTTCT CATTGAAATT GTGGGGTTIC AGTAAAGTA
6601 ATTTCTCTG BACTTATG ACAAGCTAT ATTAAATAA TTGTTAATG TAGTCGAA CATGGCAGA AACAGAGTA CAGGAGCTAT CTGTGTC
TAAAGAAC TTGTTACTA TTGTTAGATA TTATTTTA AAATTTAC ATCAGACCTT GTAACGGCTC TTGTCCTCAT GTCTGCGATA GACACGAC
6701 GCCTAATCTA CCAAGCTGA TTGTCGATA ATGAGATACA TCAACGGCTC TCCATGTTTT TTGTTCTCTT TTAAATGAA AACCTTTT
CGGATGATA GGTTGCGACT ACCAGATT TACTCTATG AGTTGCGAGG AGGTGCGAG AGTTGCGACT AACAAAGRA AAATTACT TTCAATATAA
6801 AGTTTCAGGT TCACTAGCAA ATGAGAGGA AGGTACATC AAGCTGAGGA AGTTCCTC TATCCAGT TTACTGAGG ATTCATCAT GAATGGGTU'

Figure 7-4

TCAAAGTCCA AGTATCGTT TAATCTCCCT TCCATGTAAG TTTCGACTCT TCAAAGGAG ATAAGGATCA ATAAGGATCA ATAGACTCTC TAACGTGATCA CTTACCCACA
 6901 TAAATTGTTG CAAATGCTT TTCTGTTCTT ATCATATAAG CCATGTTGATT TTCTCTTAA ACCTGTTTAT GGAAACAAATT AGCTTAATGG ATTTCACAAAC
 ATTAAACAA GTTAGGAAA AGAACACAGA TAGTATACT GGTAACACTA AAGAAGRAAT TGGACAACTA CCCTGTTTAA TGGAATTAAC TAARAGTTTG
 7001 GTTGAAACCC CCTTACATAT CTGCACTATA 'TTCTACTGG TTGCGGTGA TATTTTGA TACATCTTG GATTCCTTTT GCDATATTGTT TCTTGGAAAT
 CAACCTGGTG GCAATGATTA GACCTTATT AAACCCACAT ATAAARAACT ATGTAAGAC CTAGAAAAA CGTATTAAAC ACAACTTTA
 7101 GTTTGATCTC TTGTTCATGA GAGATATGG TCCTGTTGTT TTCTGTCATT TAATGTCATT TTCTGTTCC GGTATTAAAG TAATGCTGGC CTAGTGTGAT
 CAAACATAGA AACAGTACT CTCATAACC AGAACACAA AGAACACAA AGAACACAA AGAACACAA AGAACACAA
 7201 GATTAGGAA GTTTCCCCCT TGCCTTCTGTC TTCTGAGGTA CGCGCGCCGC CGGTGCTTTT ACAACGTTGTT GACTGGGARA ACCCTGGGT TACCGAAGCTT
 CTAATCCTT CTAAGGGGG AGAACAGACG AAGACTCCAT GGCGCGGGG GGCAAGRCAA TGTGCAAGCA CTGACCCCTT TGGAACCGCA ATGGGTGTA
 7301 AATCGCCCTTG CGGACATCC CCCCTTCGCC ATAGCGGTAA AGCGYGGTAA ATAGCGGAA GGCGCCGACCC GATGCGCCCTT CCCAAGCTG GCGAGCCCTG ATGGGGAAT
 TTAGCGGACG GTGCTGTAAG GGGAAAGCGS TCGAGCGCAT TATCGCTCTT CGGGGCTGG CTRAGCGGSA GGTGTTGTA CGCGTICGGAC TTACCGCTTA
 7401 GGCCTCTGAT GCGTATTTC CTCTTACGC ATCTGTTGCGG TATTCACAC CGCATAGTC AAAGCAACCA TAGTACGCC CCGTAGCGG GCATTAAGC
 CCGCGGACTA CGCCATAAA GAGGATGCG TAGCACGCC ATAAAGTGT GCGTATGCG TTTCGTTGG ATCATGCGG GGACATCGCC GCGTATTCG
 7501 GGGGGGGTGGTAC GCGCGGGTGG CCGCGGGCC CCTAGCGCC GCTCCCTTCC CTTCTCTCC TCTCTCTCC GCGACGTTGCG CCGTAGCGG
 CGCCGCCAAC ACCACCATG CGCCCTCGCAC TGGGGATGCG AACGGTCTGGG GGATCGGG CGAGGAAARGC GAAAGAAGAG CGGTGCAAGC
 7601 CGGGCTTCCC CGGTCAAGCT CTAPATCGGG GGCTCCCTTGGGTTTCCGAA TTCTAGCTTCT TAGGGCACCT CGACCCCAA RAACITGATTT TGGGTGATGG
 GGCGGAAGG GCGAGTGGAA GATTAGGCC CGCGGGAAA TCCCAGGCT AAATCAGAA ATGCGTGGA GCTGGGGTTT TTGAACTAA ACCCACTAAC
 7701 TTACCGTAGT GGGCCATGCC CCTGATGACG GGTTTTCCG CCTTGTACG TTGGAGTCTCAG ATCTGCTTAA AGTGGACTCT TGTCCTAAC
 AAGTGATCA CCGGTAGG GGEACTATCG ACCTCTGCA ACCTCTGTC ACCTCTGTC ACAGGTTTG ACCTCTGTTG
 7801 CTCAACCTA TCCTGGGCTA TTCTTGTAT TTAAGGGG TTGGGGCTAT TGTTAAAGG ATGAGCTGAT TTACAAAAA TTTCACCGA
 GRGTGGGAT AGAGCCCGAT AGAAGCTA AATTTCCCTT AAGGGCTA AAGGGCTA ACCAAATTTC TACTGACTA ATTTGTTTTT AATTTGGCT
 7901 ATTAAACAA AATTTAACG TTACATT TATGGTGCAC TCTCAGTACA ATCTGCTCTG ATGCCGCTATA GTTAAGGCCA CCGGACACC CGCCAAACALC
 TAAATGTT TTAAATGTC AATGTTAAA ATACCACTGAG AGAGTCATGT TAGACGAGAC TACGGGCTAT CAATCTGTC GGGCTGTGG GCGGTGTC
 8001 CGCTGAGCG CCCTGAGGG CTGCTCTGCT GCTTACAGAC AAGCTGTCAC CGTCCTGGG AGCTGCTGTG CTACAGAGGT TTACCGGTC
 GCGACTGGCC GGGACTGGCC GAAACAGACCGA GGGCGTAGG CGAATGCTG TTGACGACTG CGAGGGCCC TCGACGATCA CAGTCTCCAA AAGTGGCAGT
 8101 TCACCGAACC GGGCGAGAGA CGAAGGGGCC TCGTGTATGCC CCTATTATA TAGTTAATG TCATGATAAT ATGGTCTCT TAGACGTCA
 AGTGGCTTG CGCGCTCTCT GCGCTCCCG AGCCTATAC GGTTAAATTA ATCCATTAC AGTACTATA TTACRAAGA ATGCGACTG CACCGTGAAGA
 8201 TCGGGAAAT GTGGGGAA CCCCTATG TTTATTTTC TAAATACATT CAAATAGTA TCCGCTATG AGACATAAC CCTGATAAT GCTTCATAAA
 AGCCCTTA CACCGCCCTT GGGGATTA AATTAAGG ATTATGTA GTTATACAT AGGGAGTAC TCTGTTATG GCRATTTA CGAGTTTA
 8301 TATTGAAAAA GGAAGAGAT GAGTATCA CTCATAAGT GATACCTTTT GCGGCTTTT GCGGCTTTT GCGGCTTTT GCGGCTTTT GCGGCTTTT
 ATACCTTTT CCTCTCTATA CTCATAAGT GAAAGGAAATA AGGGAAAAAA CGCCGGAAA CGGAAGGACA AAAACGAGTG GCGCTTGTGCG
 8401 TGGTGAAGT AAAAGATGCT GAGATGCT TTGGTGCAG AGTGGTTAC ATCGRACTGG ATCTGACAG CGGTAGAGT TTCTGAGAGT
 ACCACCTCA TTCTCTAGCA CTTCTAGCA ACCCAGCTGC TAGCTCTAG TAGCTGACCT GAGTGTGTC GCGATCTAG GACTCTAA
 8501 AGAACCTTTT CCAATGATGA GCACTTTAA AGTCTGCTA TTGGGGGGG TATTATCCG TATTGACGCC GGGCAAGAGC AACATCGGNG
 TCTTGGAAAAA GGTACTACT CTCAGACGAT ATAATAGGGC ACACCGGCC ATAAGCAGAT TCAAGACGAT CGCTGATG
 TCTTGGCAAGG CCGGTTCTCG TTGAGGCCAGC CGCGTATG
 TCTTGGCAAGG ATAATAGGGC ATAACCTGG CGCGTATG

Figure 7-5

Figure 7-6

Figure 7-7

GACCTAAGA AAACGATTA TAAACCACT TTTACAAACA TAGAACAGA TAATCTCAT ACCAGACAA CAAGAACAA GACATTACA GTAAAGTC
12201 TCCGGTATT AGGTAATGC TGGCTAGTT GAATGATTA GGAAGTTA CCTCTGCTTC AGCTCTGCTGA AGCTCTGCTGA AGCGGAAGAG CGCCCAATAC GCAAACGCC
AGGCCATTA TTCCATTAC ACCGATCAA CTTACTAAAT CCTCTATAAG GGAGACGAG ACAGAAGCT TCGCTCTC GCGGTTATG CGTTGGCG
12301 TCTCCCGGG CGTGGCCGA TCTATTAATG CAGCTGGCAC GACAGGTTC CCGACTGGAA AGCGGCAGT GAGGGCAACG CAACTATGT GAGTTAGCT
AGGGGGGGC GCACCGGCT AGTAATTAC GTGCAAGCT GTGTCRAAG GGCTGACCTT TGCCCGTCA CTCCGTTGC GTAAATTACA CTCAATCGAG
12401 ACTCATAGG CACCCAGGC TTAACACTT ATGCTCCGG CTCGATGTT GTGCGGATT GTGAGGGAT AACATTCA AACAGGAAC AGCTATGRCA
TGAGTATTC CGGGGTCCS AATGTAAA
12501 TGATTAAGA TTA
ACTATGCTT AAT
>length: 12514

Figure 7-8

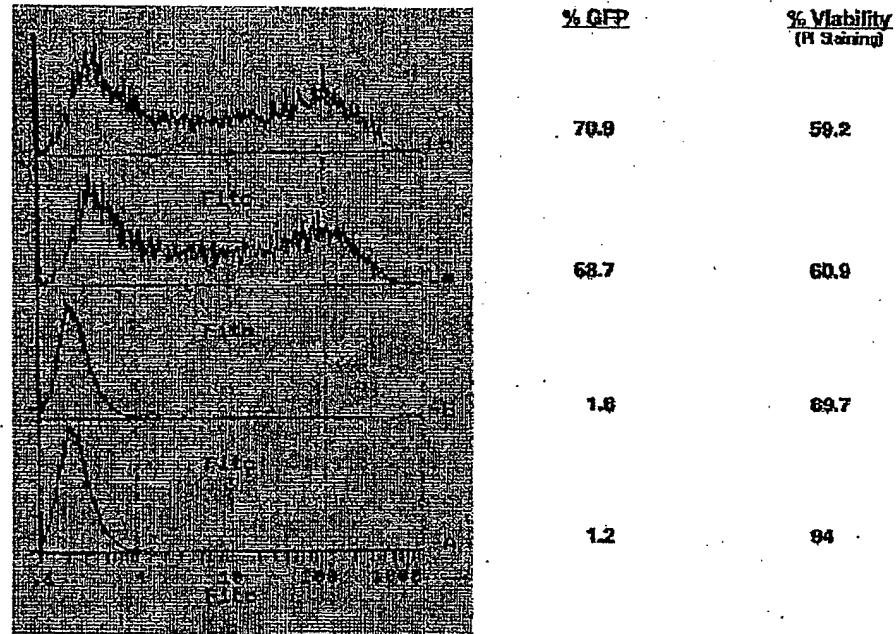


Figure 8. FACS analysis of transiently transfected CHO cells with a GFP plasmid in 250 ml spinner transfection.

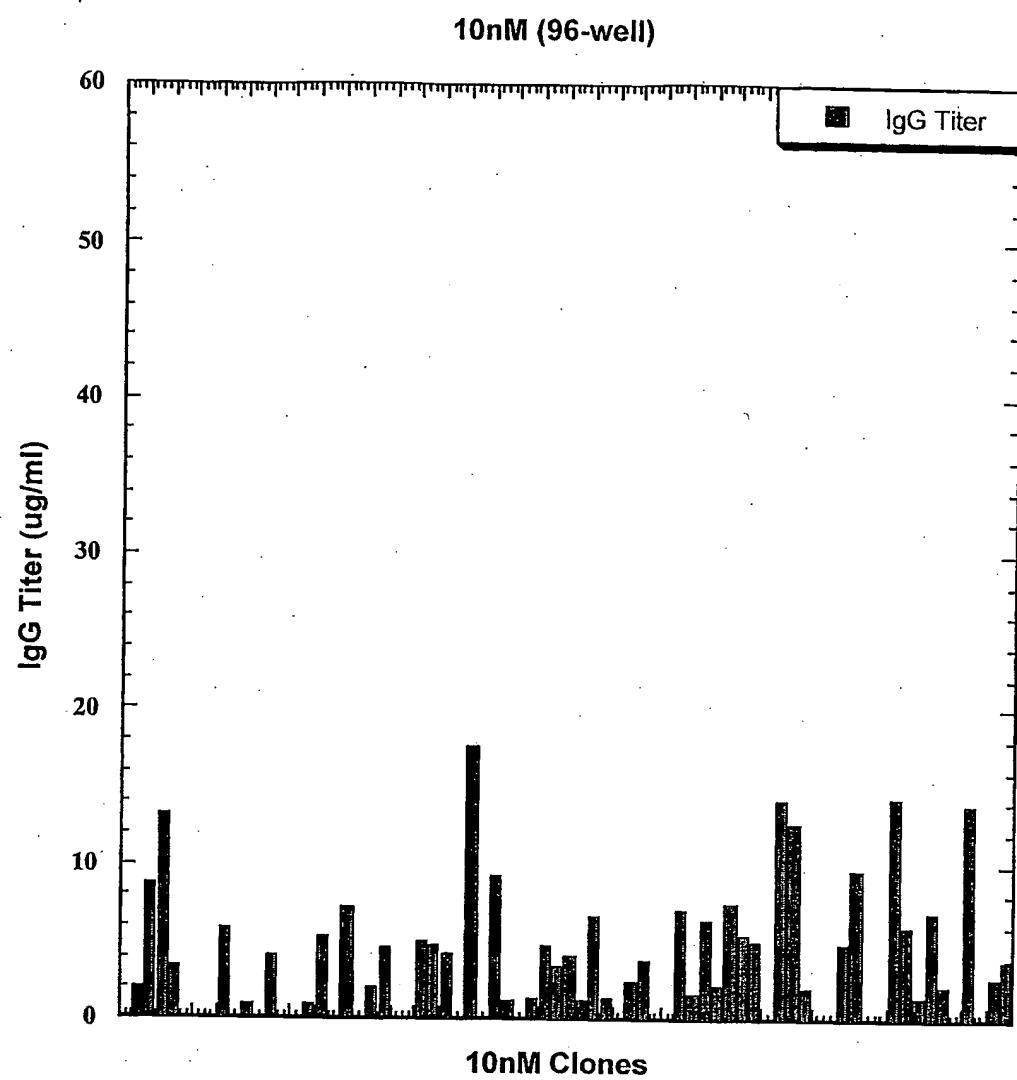


Figure 9. Expression level of clones from traditional 10 nM MTX selection.

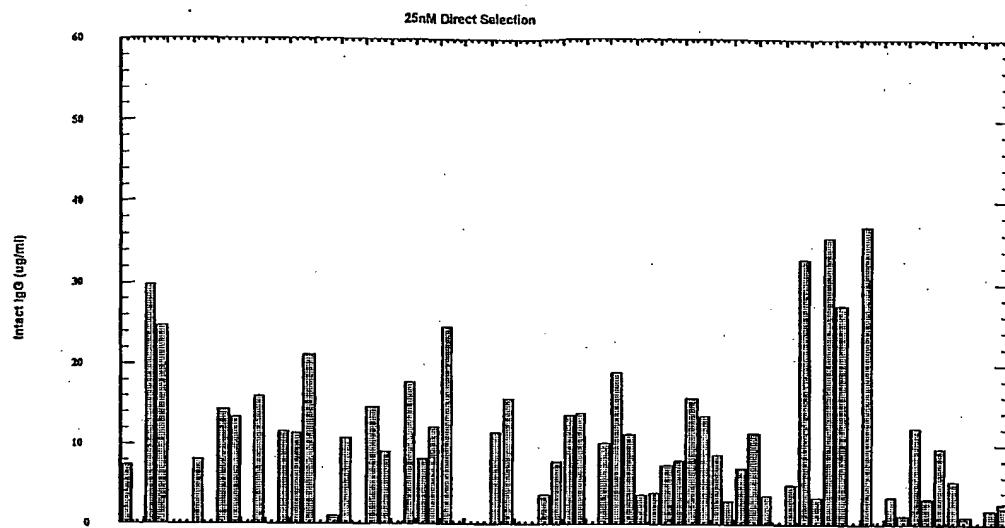


Figure 10-1

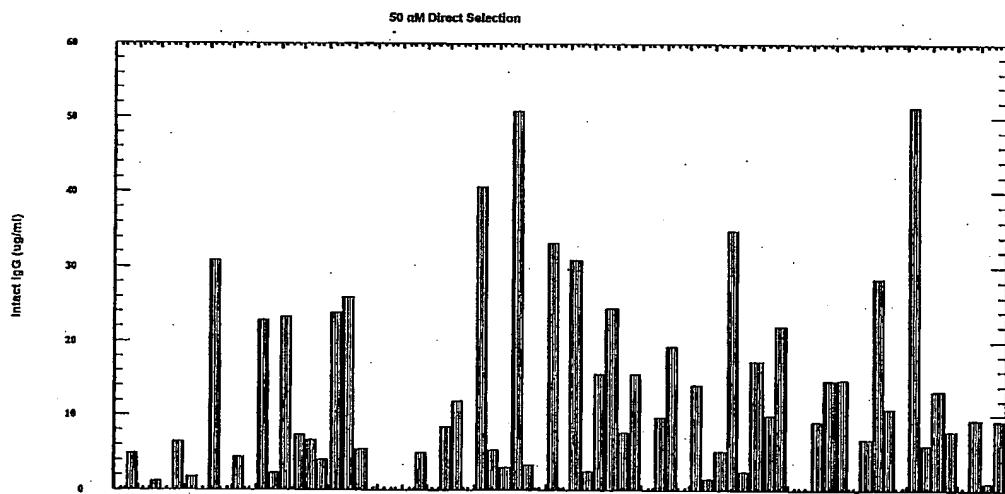


Figure 10-2

Figures 10.1 and 10.2. Expression level of clones from 25 and 50 nM MTX direct selections of SV40-based constructs derived from spinner transfection, respectively.

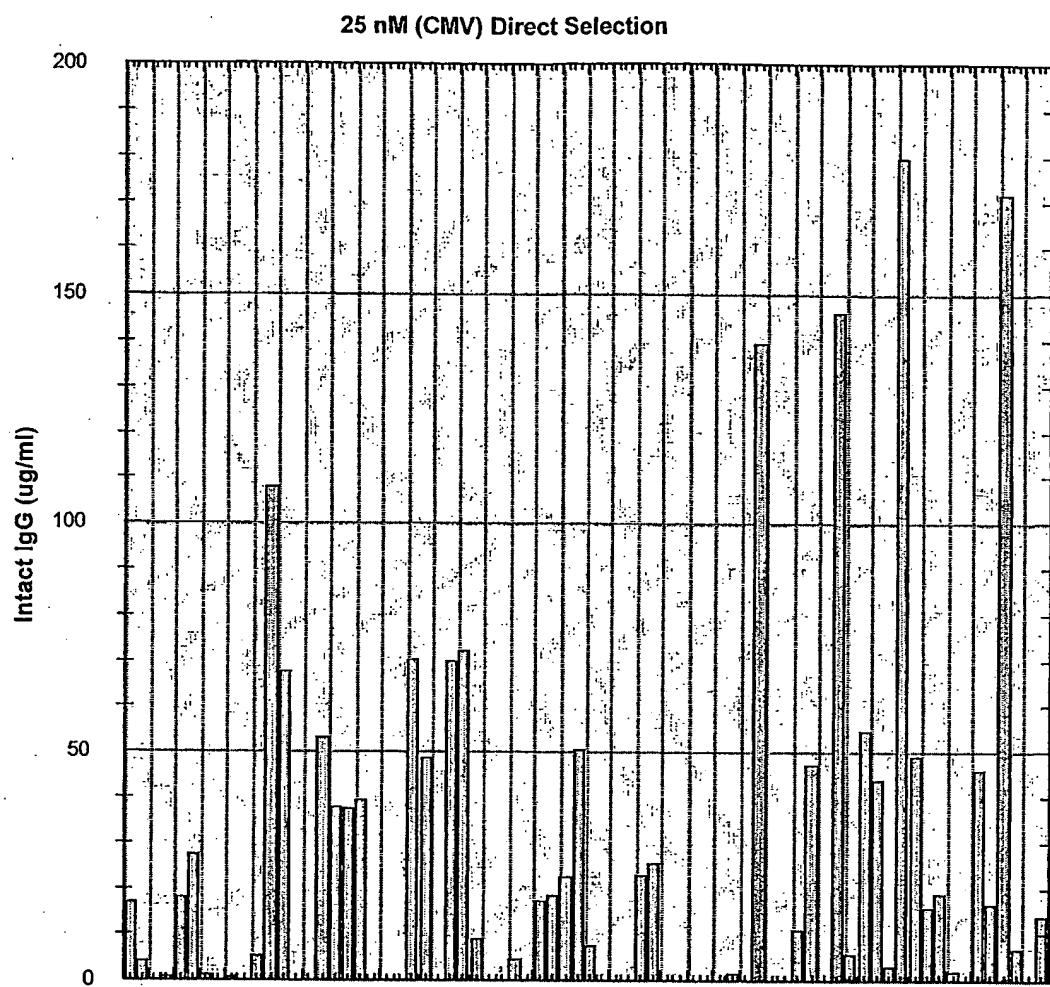


Figure 11. Expression level of clones from 25 nM MTX direct selection of CMV construct derived from spinner transfection.

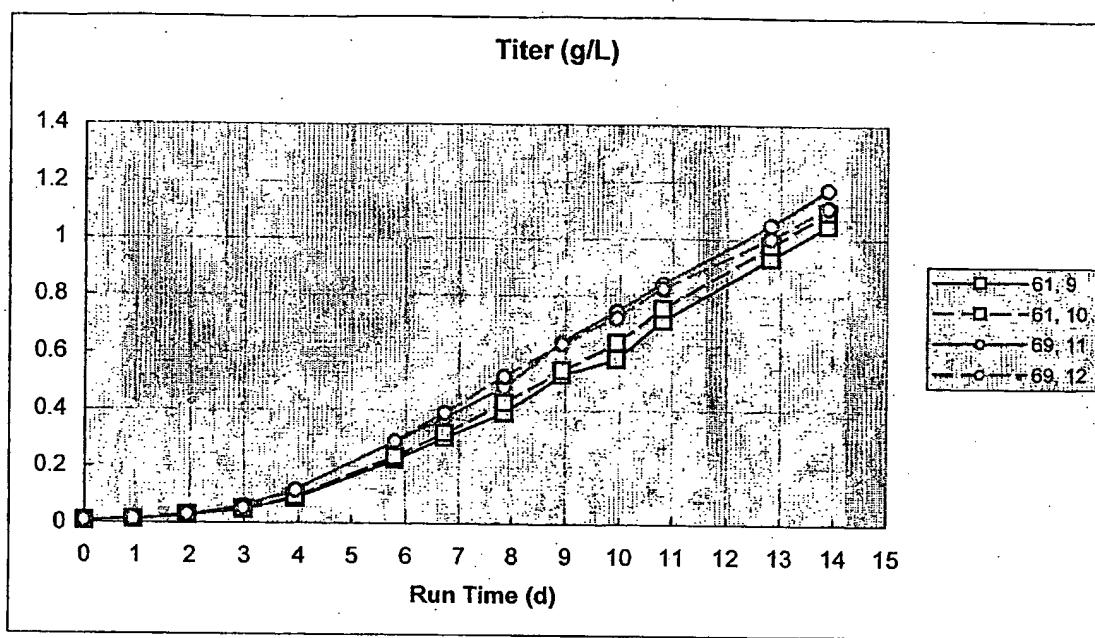


Figure 12. Titer Evaluation in Miniferm.

Figure 13. Plasmid pCMV.IPD.Heterologous Polypeptide

5	<400>
60	TTCGAGCTCG CCCGACATTG ATTATTGACT AGAGTCGATC ACCGGTAGTA ATCAAATTACG
120	GGGTCAATTAG TTCA TAGGCC ATATATGGAG TTCCGCGTAA CATAACTTAC GGTAAATGGC
180	CCGCCTGGCT GACCGCCCAA CGACCCCCGC CCATTGACGT CAATAATGAC GTATGTTCCC
240	ATAGTAACGC CAATAGGGAC TTTCCATTGA CGTCAATGGG TGGAGTATT ACGGTAAACT
300	GCCCCACTTGG CAGTACATCA AGTGTATCAT ATGCCAAGTA CGCCCCCTAT TGACGTCAAAT
360	GACGGTAAT GGCCCCGGCTG GCATTATGCC CAGTACATGA CCTTATGGGA CTTTCCTACT
420	TGGCAGTACA TCTACGTATT AGTCATCGCT ATTACCATGG TGATGCGGT TGCGACTAC
480	ATCAATGGC GTGGATAGCG GTTGAETCA CGGGGATTTC CAAGTCTCCA CCCCATGGAC
540	GTCATGGGATTTTG GCACCCAAAAT CAACGGGACT TTCCAAAATG TC GTAACAAC
600	TCCGCCCCAT TGACGCAAAT GGGGGTAGG CGTGTACGGG GGGAGGTCTA TATAAGCAGA
660	GCTCGTTTAG TGAACCGTCA GATGCCCTGG AGACGCCATC CACGGCTGTT TGACCTGGGC
720	CCGGCCGAGG CCGCCTGGC CTCTGAGCTA TTCCAGAAGT AGTGGAGGG CTTTTTGGA
780	GGCCTAGGCT TTGCAAAAAA GCTAGCTTAT CGGGCGGG ACGGGCATT GGAACGGGA
840	TTCCCCGTGC CAAGAGTGAC GTAAGTACCG CCTATAGAGC GACTAGTCCA CATGACCAGA
900	GTACAAGCCC ACGGTGGGCC TCGGCCACCCG CGACGACGTC CGGGGGCCG TACGGCACCT

960 CGCGGCCGCG TTGGCCGACT ACCCGCCAC GCGCCACACC GTAGACCCGG ACCGCCACAT
 1020 CGAGGGGTCA ACCGAGTGC AAGAACTCTT CCTCACGGC GTCGGGCTCG ACATCGGCAA
 1080 GGTGTTGGTC GCGGACGACG GCGCGGGGT .GGCGGTCTGG ACCAGCCGG AGAGCGTCCGA
 1140 AGCGGGGGCG GTGTTGCCG AGATGGCC CCGCATGGCC GAGTTGAGCG GTTCCCCGGCT
 1200 GGCGCGCAG CAACAGATGG AAGGCCTCCTT GGGGCCAC CGGCCCAAGG AGCCCGCCGTG
 1260 GTTCTGGCC ACCGTCGGCG TCTGCCGA CCACCCGGC AAGGGTCTGG GCAGGCCGCGT
 1320 CGTGCTCCCC GGAGTGGAGG CGGCAGGG CGCCGGGGTGC CGGCCTTC TGAGACCTCTC
 1380 CGGGCCCGC AACCTCCCT TCTACGAGCG GCTCGGCTTC ACCGTCACCG CCGACGTCGA
 1440 GGTGCCCGAA GGACCGCGCA CCTGGTGCAT GACCCGCAAG CCCGGTGCAC ATGGTTCG
 1500 ACCATTGAAC TGCATCGTCG CCGTCCCAC AAATATGGGG ATTGCAAGA ACGGAGACCT
 1560 ACCCTGGCCT CCGCTCAGGA ACGGTCAA GTACTTCCAA AGAATGACCA CAACCTCTTC
 1620 AGTGGAAAGGT AAACAGAATC TGGTATTGTTT GGGTAGAAA ACCTGGTCT CCATTCCCTGA
 1680 GAAGAATCGA CCTTAAAGG ACAGAATAA TATAGTTCTC AGTAGAGAAC TCAAAGAAC
 1740 ACCACGAGGA GCTCATTTT TTGCAAAAG TTGGATGAT GCCTTAAGAC TTATTGAACA
 1800 ACCGGAATTG GCAAGTAAAG TAGACATGGT TTGGATAGTC GGAGGAGTT CTGTTTACCA
 1860 GGAAGCCATG AATCAACCAAG GCCACCTCAG ACTCTTTGGT ACAAGGATCA TCAGGAAATT
 1920 TGAAGTGCAC CGTTTTCC CAGAAATTGA TTGGGGAAA TATAACCTC TCCCAAGATA
 1980 CCGAGGGTCA CTCTCTGAGG TCCAGGGAGGA AAAAGGCATC AAGTATAAGT TTGAAGTCTA

Figure 13.2

2040 CGAGAAGAAA GACTAACGTT AACTGCTCCC CTCCTAAAGC TATGCATT TATAAGACCA
 2100 TGAGACTTIT GCTGGCTTA GATCCCTTG GCTTCGTAG AACGCAGCTA CAATTAATAAC
 2160 ATAAACCTTAT GTATCATACA CATACGATT AGGTGACACT ATAGAATAAC ATCCACTTTG
 2220 CCTTTCTCTC CACAGGGTGT CACTCCCAGG TCCAACTGCA CCTCGGTCT ATCGATTGAA

--Insert Sequence of Interest--

CGA TGGCGCCAT GGGCCAACCTI GTTTATTGCA GCTTATAATG
 GTACAAATA AAGCAATAGC ATCACAAATT TCACAAATAA AGCATTTTT TCACTGCATT
 CTAGTTGTGG TTTGTCCAAA CTCATCAATG TATCTTATCA TGTCTGGATC GGGAAATTAAAT
 TCGGGCAGC ACCATGGCCT GAAAATAACCT CTGAAAAGAGG AACTTGGTTA GGTACCTATT
 AATAGTAATC AATTACGGGG TCATTAGTTC ATAGCCATA TATGGAGTTTC CGCGTTACAT
 AACTTAGGTT AAATGGCCCC CGTGGCTGAC CGCCCCAACGA CCCCGCCCCA TTGACGTCAA
 TAATGACGTA TGTTCCTATA GTAACGCCA TAGGACTTT CCATTGACGT CAATGGGTGG
 AGTATTATACG GTAAACTGCC CACTTGGCAG TACATCAAGT GTATCATATG CCAAGTACGCC
 CCCCTATTGA CGTCAATGAC GGTTAAATGGC CCGCCTGGCA TTATGCCAG TACATGACCT
 TATGGGACTT TCCTACTTGG CAGTACATCT ACGTATTAGT CATCGCTATT ACCATGGTGA
 TGGGGTTTG GCAGTACATC AATGGGGTGT GATAGGGTT TGACTCACGG GGATTCCAA
 GTCTCCACCC CATTGACGTC AATGGGAGTT TGTGTTGGCA CCAAATCAA CGGGACTTTTC
 CAAAATGTCG TAACAACCTCC GCCCCATTGA CGCAAATGGG CGGTAGGCCT GTACGGTGGG

Figure 13.3

AGGTCTATAT AAGCAGGAGCT CGTTTAGTGA ACCGGTCAGAT CGCCCTGGAGA CGCCATCCAC
GCTGTTTGAA CCTGGCTAGCT TATCGGGCCG GGAAACGGTGC ATTGGAACGC GATTCCCCG
TGCCAAGAGT CAGGTAAGTA CGGCCTATAG AGTCTATAAG CCCACCCCT TGCTTCGT
AGAACGGGC TACAATTAAAT ACATAAACCTT TTGGATCGAT CCTACTGACA CTGACATCCA
CTTTTCTTT TTCTCCACAG GTGCCACTC CCAGGTCCAA CTGACACCTCG GTTCGGAAAG
CTCGCTTGGG CTGCAATCGAT TGAATTCCAC C --Insert Sequence of Interest--
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GTGTGGTT GTCCAAACTC ATCAATGTAT CTTATCATGT CTGGATCGGG ATTAATTGG
GGCGAGCACC ATGGCCTGAA ATAAGTTAA ACCCTCTGAA AGAGGAACCTT GTTAAAGCTAC
CGACTAGTCT TTTGCAAAA GCTGTTACCT CGAGGGCCCG CTTAATTAAG GCGGCCATT
TAATATCCTGC AGGTAACAGC TTGGCACTGG CCGTCGTTTT ACAACGTCGT GACTGGGAAA
ACCCCTGGGT TACCCAACTT AATGCCCTTG CAGCACATCC CCCTTTCGCC AGCTGGCGTA
ATAGCGAAGA GGCCCACCC GATGCCCTT CCCAACAGTT GCGOAGCCTG AATGGCGAAT
GGCGCCTGAT GCGGTATTTT CTCCCTTACGC ATCTGTGCGG TATTTCACAC CGCATACGTC
AAAGCAACCA TAGTACGGC CCTGTAGGG CGCATTAGC GCGGGGGTG TGGGGTTAC
GGCGAGCGTG ACCGCTACAC TTGCCAGGGC CCTAGGGCC GCTCCTTTCG CTTTCTTCCC
TTCCTTCTC GCCACAGTTCG CCGGCTTCC CGTCAAGCT CTAAATGGG GGCTCCCTTT

Figure 13.4

AGGGTTCCGA TTAGTGTCT TACGGCACCT CGACCCCCAA AACTGATT TGGGTGATGG
TTACAGTAGT GGGCCATCGC CCTGATAGAC GGTTTTTCGC CCTTGTACGT TGGAGTCCAC
GTTCTTTAAT AGTGGACTCT TGTTCACAAAC TGGAACACA CTCACCCCTA TCTCGGGCTA
TTCCTTTGAT TTATAAGGGA TTTCGCCGAT TTTCGCCAT ATGGTAAAAA ATGAGCTGAT
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TCICAGTACA ATCTGCTCTG ATGCCGCATA GTTAAGCCAG CCCGACACC GCCCCGACAC
CCGCCAACAC CCGCTGACGC GCCCTGACGG GCTTGTCTGC TCCCGGCATC CGCTTACAGA
CAAGCTGTGA CCGTCTCGG GAGCTGCATG TGTCAAGAGGT TTTCACCGTC ATCACCGAAA
CGGGCGAGAG ACGAAAGGGC CTCGTGATAC GCCTTATTTT ATAGGTTAAT GTCATGATAA
TAATGGTTTC TTAGACGTCA GGTGGACTT TTTCAGGGAAA TGTGCCGGGA ACCCCTATT
GTTTATTTT CTAAATACAT TCAAATATGT ATCCGCTCAT GAGACAATAA CCCTGATAAA
TGCTTCATAA ATATGAAAAA AGGAAGAGTA TGAGTATICA ACATTCCGT GTGCCCTTA
TTCCCTTTTGCGGCATT TGCCCTCCCTG TTTTGCICA CCCAGAAACG CTGGTGAAAG
TAAAGATGC TGAAGATCAG TTGGGTGCAC GAGTGGGTTA CATCGAACTG GATCTCAACA
GGGTAAGAT CCTTGAGAGT TTTCGCCCG AGAACGTTT TCCAATGATG AGCACTTTA
AAGTTCTGCT ATGGGGCC GTATATCCC GTATTGACCC GAGGCAAGAG CAACTCGGTG
GCCGCATACA CTATTCTCAG AATGACTTGG TGAGTACTC ACCAGTCACA GAAAAGCATIC
TTACGGATGG CATGACAGTA AGAGAATTAT GCAGTGTGC CATAACCATG AGTGATAACA

Figure 13.5

CTGGGCCAA CTTACTCTG ACAACGATCG GAGGACCGAA GGAGCTAACCGTCTTGC
ACAACATGGG GGATCATGTA ACTGCCCTTG ATCGTTGGGA ACCGGAGCTG ATGAGGCCA
TACCAACGA CGAGCGTGAC ACCACGATGC CTGTAGCAAT GCCAACAAACG TGGCAGAAC
TATTAACCTG CGAAACTACTT ACTCTAGCTT CCCGGCAACA ATTAAATAGAC TGGATGGAGG
CGGATAAAGT TGCAGGACCA CTTCCTGGCT CGGCCCTTC GGCTGGCTGG TTATTGCTG
ATAAATCTGG AGCCGGTAG CGTGGGTCTC GCGGTATCAT TGCAGGACTG GGGCCAGATG
GTAAGGCCCTC CGGTATCGTA GTTATCTACA CGACGGGGAG TCAGGCAACT ATGGATGAAC
GAAATAGACA GATCGCTGAG ATAGGTGCCT CACTGATTAA GCATTGGTAA CTGTCAGACC
AAGTTTACTC ATATATACTT TAGATTGATT TAAAACCTCA TTTTTAATT AAAAGGATCT
AGGTGAAGAT CCTTTTGAT AATCTCATGA CCAAAATCCC TTAACGTGAG TTTTCGTTCC
ACTGAGGGTC AGACCCCGTA GAAAAGATCA AAGGATCTC TTGAGATCCT TTTTTCTGCC
GCGTAATCTG CTGCTTGCAA ACAAAAAAAC CACCGCTAAC AGCGGGTTT TGTTTGCGG
ATCAAGAGCT ACCAAACTTT TTTCGGAGG TAACTGGCTT CAGCAGGG CAGATAACAA
ATACTGTTCT TCTAGTGTAG CCGTAGTTAG GCCACCACTT CAAGAACTCT GTAGCACCGC
CTACATACCT CGCTCTGCTA ATCCTGTTAC CAGTGGCTGC TGCCAGTGGC GATAAGTCGT
GTCCTACCGG GTGGACTCA AGACGATAGT TACCGGATAA GGGCAGCGG TCGGGCTGAA
CGGGGGTTTC GTGCACACAG CCCAGCTGG AGCGAACGAC CTACACCGAA CTGAGATAC
TACAGCGGTGA GCTATGAGAA AGGCCACGC TTCCCGAAGG GAGAAGGGG GACAGGGTATC

CGGTAAGCGG CAGGTCTGGA ACAGGAGAGC GCACGAGGG GCTTCAGGG GGAAACGCC
GGTATCTTA TAGCCTGTC GGGTTTCGCC ACCTCTGACT TGAGCGTGA TTTTTGTGAT
GCTCGTCAGG GGGGGAGC CTATGGAAA ACGCCAGCAA CGCGGCCRTT TTACGGTTCC
TGGCCTTTG CTGGCCTTT GCTCACATGT TCTTCCTGCTG GTTATCCCT GATTCTGTGG
ATAACCGTAT TACCGCCTT GAGTGAGCTG ATACCGCTCG CCAGCAGCGA ACGACCGAGC
GCAGGGAGTC AGTGAGGAG GAAGCGGAAG AGCGCCCAAT ACGCAAAACCG CCTCTCCCCG
CGCGTTGGCC GATTCAATAA TGCAGCTGGC ACGACAGGTT TCCCAGCTGG AAAGGGGCA
GTGAGGGCAA CGCAATTAAAT GTGAGTTAGC TCACTCATTA GGCAACCCAG ·GCCTTACACT
TTATGCTTCC GGCTCGTATG TTGTGTGGAA TTGTGAGGG ATAACAAATT CACACAGGAA
ACAGCTATGA CATGATTACG AATTAA

Figure 13.7

Figure 14. Plasmid SV40.IPD.Heterologous Polypeptide

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120 CAGTTAGGGT GTGGAAAGTC CCCAGGCTCC CCAGCAGGCA AAAGTATGCA AAGCATGCAT

180 CTCAAATTAGT CAGCAAACAG GTGTGAAAG TCCCCAGGCT CCCCAGCAGG CAGAAGTATG

240 CAAGGCATGC ATCTCAATT A GTCAAGCAACC ATAGTCCCGC CCCTAACTCC GCCCATCCCG

300 CCCCTAACTC CGCCCAAGTTC CGCCCATTTCT CGGCCCATTG GCTGACTAAAT TTTTTTTATT

360 TATGCCAGAGG CCGAGGGCGC CTCGGCCTCT GAGCTATTCC AGAAGTAGTG AGGAGGCTTT

420 TTGGAGGGCC TAGGCTTTG CAAAAGCTA .GCTTATCCGG CGGGAACGG TGCAATTGGAA

480 CGCGGATTCC CCGTGCCAAAG AGTGACGTAAG GTACCCGCCATA TAGAGGACT AGTCCACCAT

540 GACCGAGTAC AAGCCCACGG TGCCCTCGC CACCCGGAC GACGTCCCGC GGCGCGTACG

600 CACCTCGCC GCCGCGTTCG CGCACTACCC CGGCCACCGC CACACGTAG ACCCGGACCG

660 CCACATCGAG CGGGTCACCG AGTGTGAAAGA ACTCTTCCCTC ACGCGGTG GCCTCGACAT

720 CGGCAAGGTG TGGGTCCGG ACGAAGGGCGC CGGGGGGGCG GRCTGGACCA CGCCGGAGAG

780 CGTGAAGGC GGGGGGGGT TCGGCGAGAT CGGGCCGGCG ATGGCGAGT TGAGGGTTTC

840 CGGCTGGCC GCGCAGCAAC AGATGGAAAG CCTCCCTGGG CGGCACCGGC CAAAGGAGCC

900 CGCGTGGTTC CTGGCCACCG TCGGCGTCTC GCCCGACAC CAGGGCAAGG GTCTGGGCAG

960 CGCCCGTGTG CTCCCCGGAG TGGAGGGGG CGAGGGGCC GGGGTCCCC CCTTCCTGGGA
 1020 GACCTCCGGC CCCGCACC TCCCCTCTA CGAGGGOTC GGCTTCACCG TCACCGCCGA
 1080 CGTCGAGTGC CGAAGGACC GCGGGAACCTG GTGCATGACC CGCAAGCCCC GTGCCAACAT
 1140 GGTTCGACCA TTGAACTGCA TCGTCGCCGT GTCCCAAAAT ATGGGGATTG GCAAGAACGG
 1200 AGGACCTACCC TGCCCTCCGC TCAGGAACGC GTTCAAGTAC TTCCAAAAGAA TGACCACAAAC
 1260 CTCCTCAGTG GAAGGTAAAC AGAAATCTGGT GATTATGGGT AGGAAAACCT GTTCTCCAT
 1320 TCCTGAGAAG AATCGACCTT TAAAGGACAG AATTAAATAA GTTCAGTA GAGAACTCAA
 1380 AGAACCCACCA CGAGGAGCTC ATTTCCTGTC CAAAAGTTG GATGATGCC TAAGACTTAT
 1440 TGAACAACCG GAATTGGCAA GTAAAGTGA CATGGTTGG ATAGTGGAG GCAGTTCTGT
 1500 TTAACCGGAA GCCATGATC AACCAAGGCCA CCTTAGACTC TTGTGACAA GGATCATGCA
 1560 GGAATTGAA ATGTGACAGT TTTCAGCA AATTGATTG GGAATAATA AACCTCTCCC
 1620 AGAAATACCCA GGCCTCCCT CTGAGGTCCA GGAGGAAGAA GGCACTAAGT ATAAGTTGA
 1680 AGTCTACGGAG AGAAAGACT AACCTTAACG GCTCCCCCTCC TAAGCTATG CATTTTATA
 1740 AGACCATGGG ACTTTGCTG GCTTAGATC CCCTTGGCT CGTTAGAACG CAGCTACAAAT
 1800 TAATACATA CCTTATGTT CATACACATA CGATTAGGT GACACTATAG ATAACATCCA
 1860 CTTTGCCTTT CTCTCCACAG GTGTCCACTC CCAGGTCCAA CTGCACCTCG GTTCTATCGA
 1920 TTTGAATTCCA CC -Insert Sequence of Interest-
 CGATGGCC GCCATGGCCC AACTTGTITA TTGGCAGCTTA

Figure 14.2

TAATGGTTAC AAATAAAGCA ATAGCATCAC AAATTTCACA AATAAAGCAT TTTTTTCACT
 GCATTCTAGT TGTGGTTGT CCAAACATCAT CAATGTTATCT TATCATGTCT GTATGGGAA
 TTAATTGGC GCAGGCCAT GGCTGTAAAT AACCTCTGAA AGAGGAACTT GTTAGGTAC
 CTCTGAGGC GGAAAAGAACC AGCTGTGGAA TGTGTGTCAAG TTAGGGTGTG GAAAGTCCCC
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 GGCTCTGAG CTATTCCAGA AGTATGTAGG AGGCTTTTT GGAGGAGCTT TTGCAAAAG
 CTAGCTTATC CGGGCGGAA CGGTGCATTG GAACCGGGAT TCCCCGTGCC AAGAGTCAGG
 TAACTACAT AACCTTTGG ATCGACACTCTA CTGACACTGA CATCACATT TTCTTTTCT
 CCACAGGGTGT CCACTCCCCAG GTCCAACATGC ACCTCGGTTG GCGAAGCTAG CTTGGGCTGC
 ATCGATTGAA TTCCAC -Insert Sequence of Interest-
 CGATGGCCGC CATGGCCCAA CTTGGTTATT GCAGCTTATA ATGGTTACAA ATAAAGCAAT
 AGCATCACAA ATTTCACAAA TAAAGCATT TTTTCACTGC ATTCTAGTTG TGGTTGTCC
 AAACTCATCA ATGTATCTTA TCATGTCTGG ATCGGGAAATT AATTGGCGC AGCACCATGG
 CCTGAAATAA GTTTAAACCC TCTGAAAGAG GAACTTGTTT AGGTACCGAC TAGTCTTTTG

Figure 14.3

CAAAAGCTG TTACCTCGAG CGGCCGCTTA ATTAAGGGC GCCATTAAA TCCCTGCAGGT
AACAGCTGG CACTGGCGT CGTTTACAA CGTCGTGACT GGGAAACCC TGGCGTTAC
CAACTTAATC GCCTTGAGC ACATCCCCCT TTCGCCAGCT GGCATAATAG CGAAGAGGCC
CGCACCGATC GCCCTTCCCA ACAGTTGCGC AGCCTGAATG GCGAATGGCG CCTGATGCGG
TATTTTCTCC TTACGCATCT GTGCCGTATT TCACACCAGCA TAGTCAAAG CAACCATAGT
ACGGCCCGTG TAGGGCGCA TAAAGGGCGG CGGGTGTGGT GGTTACGCGC AGCGTGACCG
CTACACTTGC CAGGCCCTA GCGCCCGCTC CTTCGCTT CTTCCTTCC TTTCCTCGCCA
CGTTCGCCGG CTTTCCCGT CAAGCTCTAA ATCGGGGCT CCCTTAGGG TTCCGATTAA
GRCGTTAGC GCACCTGAC CCCAAAAAAC TTGATTGGG TGATGGTCA CGTAGTGGGC
CATGCCCTG ATAGACGGTT TTTCGCCCTT TGACGTTGGA GTCCACGTTT TTAATAGTG
GACTCTGTGTT CCAAACTGGA ACAACACTCA ACCCTATCTC GGCTATTCT TTGATTAT
AAGGGATTG GCCGATTG GCCTATTGGT TAAAAAATGA GCTGATTAA CAAAAATTAA
ACGGGAATT TAACAAATA TIAACGTTA CAATTATTG GTGCACTCTC AGTACAATCT
GCTCTGATGC CGCATAGTTA AGCCAGCCCC GACACCCGGC AACACCGCT GACGGGCCCT
GACGGGCTTG TCTGCTCCG GCATCCGCT ACAGACAAGC TGTGACCGTC TCCGGGAGCT
GCATGTGTCAGAGTTTCA CGTCATCAC CGAAACGCGC GACGAAGGG CCTCGTGATA
CCGCTATTIT TATAGGTAA TGTATGATA ATAATGGTT CTTAGACGTC AGGTGGCACT
TTTCGGGAA ATGTGCGGG AACCCATT ATTGTTTACCA TICAAATATG

Figure 14.4

TATCCGGCTCA TGAGACATA ACCCTGATAA ATGCTTCAAT AATATTGAAA AGGAAGAGT
ATGAGTATTG AACATTCCG TGTGCCCTT ATTCCCTTT TTGCCCATT TTGCCCTTCCT
GTTTTGGCTC ACCCAGAAC GCTGGTGAA GTAAAAGATG CTGAAGATCA GTGGGGTGC
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CGTATTGACG CCGGCAAGA GCAACTCGGT CGCCGCATAC ACTATTCTCA GAATGACTTG
GTTGAGTACT CACCAGTCAC AGAAAAGCAT CCTACGGATG GCATGACAGT AAGAGAATTAA
TGCCAGTGTG CCATAACCAT GAGTGATAAC ACTGCGGCCA ACTTACTTCT GACAACGATC
GGAGGACCGA AGGAGCTAAC CGCTTTTTTG CACAACATGG GGGATCATGT AACTCGCCTT
GATCGTTGGG AACCGGAGCT GAATGAAAGCC ATACCAAACG ACGAGCGTGA CACCCACGATG
CCGTAGCAA TGGCAACAAC GTTGGCAAA CTATTAACG GCGAACTACT TACTCTAGCT
TCCCGGCAAC AATTAATAGA CTGGATGGAG GCGGATAAAG TTGCAGGACC ACTTCTGC
TCGGCCCTC CGGCTGGCTG GTTATTGCTG GATAAATCTG GAGCCGGTGA GCGTGGGTCT
CGGGGTATCA TTGCAGOACT GGGGCCAGAT GGTAAGCCCT CCCGTATCGT AGTTATCTAC
ACGACGGGA GTCAGGOAAC TATGGATGAA CGAAATAGAC AGATCGCTGA GATAGGTGC
TCACTGATTA AGCATTGTA ACTGTAGAC CAAGTTTACT CATATATACT TTAGATTGAT
TTAAAACCTC ATTTTTTATT TAAAGGATC TAGGTGAAGA TCCTTTTGA TAATCTCATG
ACCAAAATCC CTTAACGTGA GTTTTCGTTC CACTGAGCGT CAGACCCCGT AGAAAAAGATC

Figure 14.5

AAAGGATCTT CTTGAGATCC TTTTTTTCG CGCGTAATCT GCTGCTTGCA AACAAAAAA
CCACCGCTAC CAGGGGGGT TTGTTGCCG GATCAAAGAGC TACCAACTCT TTTCCGAAAG
GTAACTGGCT TCAGGAGGC GCAGATACCA AATACTGTC CCTACTAGTGA GCCGTAGTAA
GGCCACCACT TCAAGAACTC TGAGGCCCG CCTACATACC TCGCTCTGCT ATCCTGTTA
CCAGTGGCTG CTGCCAGTGG CGATAAGTGTG TGCTTACCG GGTTGGACTC AGACGATAG
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TTCCTTCCTG CGTTATCCCC TGATCTGTG GATAACCGTA TTACCGCCTT TGAGTGAGCT
GATAACCGCTC GCCGCAGCCG AACGACCGAG CGCAGCGAGT CAGTGAAGCGA GGAAGGGAA
GAGCGCCAA TACGCAAACC GCCTCTCCCC GCGCGTTGGC CGATTCAATT ATGGAGCTGG
CAGCACAGGT TTCCCGACTG GAAAGCGGGC AGTGAAGCGCA ACGCAATTAA TGTTGAGTTAG
CTCACTCATT AGGCACCCCA GGCTTACAC TTTATGCTC CGGCTCGTAT GTGTGTGGCA
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Figure 14.6

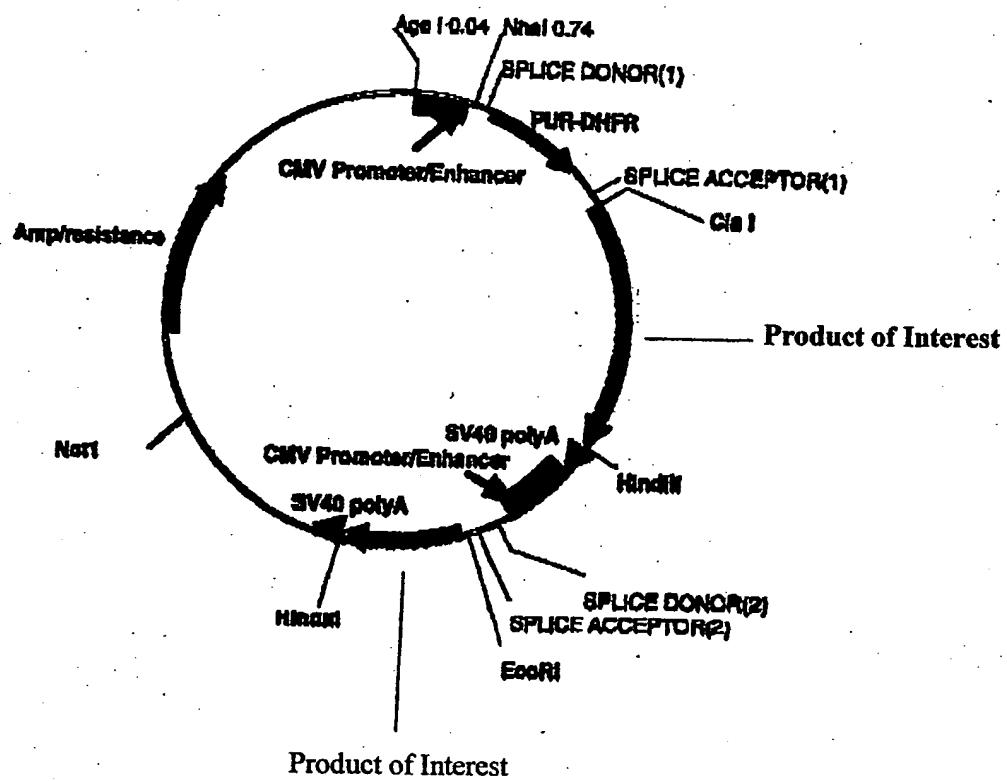


Figure 15. pCMV.IPD.HP

Timeline and Titer Comparison

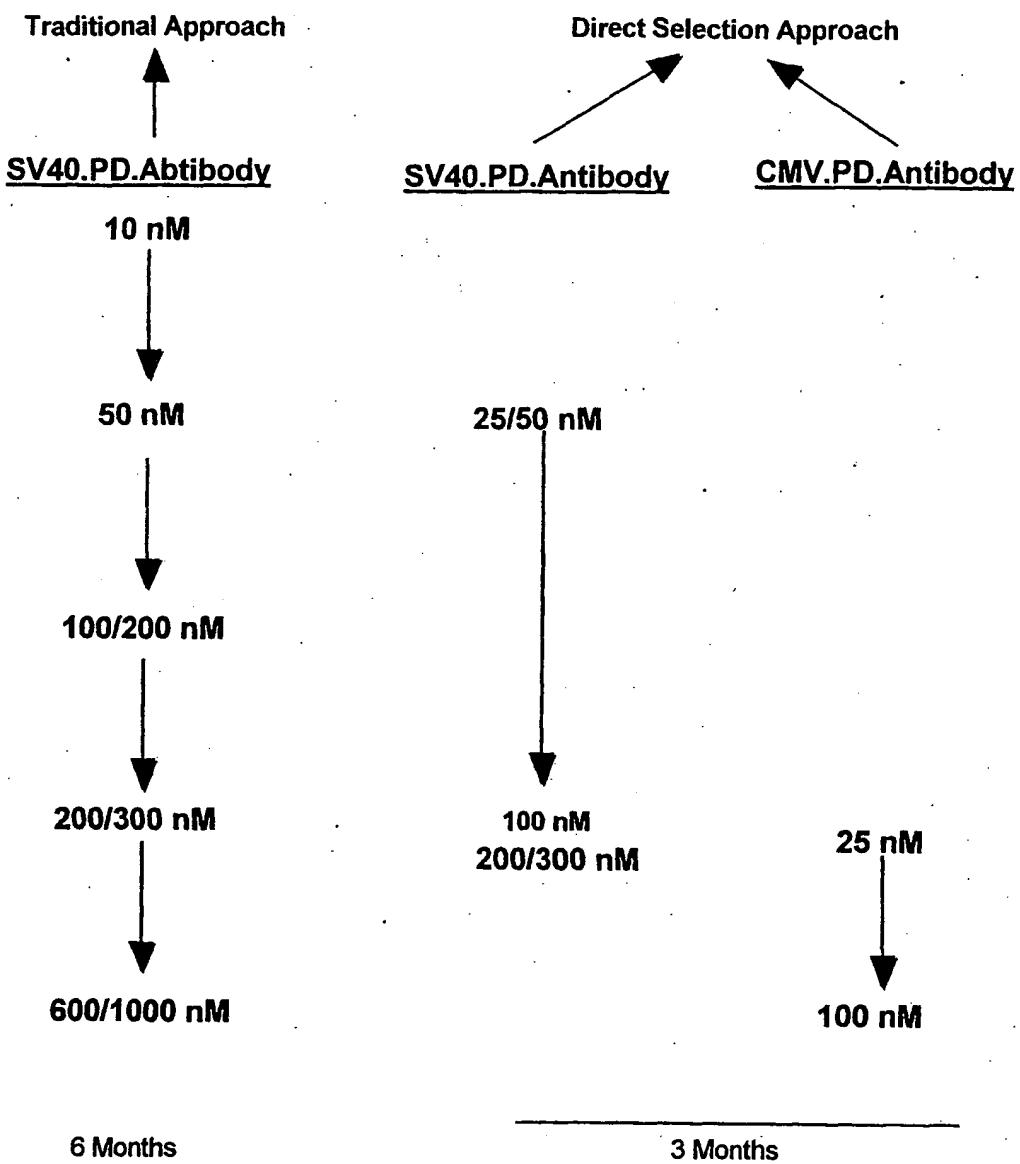


Figure 16. Timeline and Titer Comparison.

SEQUENCE LISTING

<110> Krummen, Lynne
Shen, Amy
Chisum, Venessa

<120> INTRON FUSION CONSTRUCT AND METHOD OF USING FOR SELECTING HIGH-
EXPRESSING
PRODUCTION CELL LINES

<130> 22338/00101

<150> US 60/426,095

<151> 2002-11-14

<160> 4

<170> PatentIn version 3.1

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<211> 5147

<212> DNA

<213> Artificial

<220>

<223> plasmid pSV.IPUR circular ds-DNA

<400> 1

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ctcaatttgt cagcaaccag gtgtggaaag tccccaggct ccccaggcagg cagaagtatg 180

caaagcatgc atctcaatta gtcagcaacc atagtccgc ccctaactcc gccccatcccg 240

ccctaactc cgcccaatttc cgccccatcg gctgactaat tttttttatt 300

tatgcagagg ccgaggccgc ctcggctct gagctattcc agaagtagtg aggaggcttt 360

tttggaggcc taggctttt caaaaagcta gcttatccgg ccgggaacgg tgcattggaa 420

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cggcaagggtg tgggtcgccg acgacggcgc cgccgtggcg gtctggacca cgccggaag 720

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